# Augmented visual feedback in upper limb stroke rehabilitation

Submission date 10/08/2011	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered
		Protocol
Registration date 21/09/2011	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan
		Results
Last Edited	Condition category Circulatory System	Individual participant data
02/10/2017		Record updated in last year

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A stroke is a serious, life-threatening medical condition that occurs when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off. Many stroke survivors have limited arm function, decreasing their independence and quality of life. Rehabilitation to encourage functional arm recovery is based on practice of everyday tasks and feedback. Visual feedback is known to support relearning and is already used by therapists with the aid of mirrors or video. However, neither method is optimal as both rely on subjective observation rather than an accurate analysis of the patient's movement. Stroke survivors can also be distracted or distressed by their appearance. In this study we propose to provide improved visual feedback by recording a patient's arm movements using motion capture technology to create a stick-like figure that will mimic the patient's movements on a computer screen. The simple feedback will highlight the success and quality of those movements. The aim of this study is to assess the effectiveness of this additional visual feedback as part of stroke rehabilitation.

### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 or over up to 3 months from time of onset of stroke and with limited arm function

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into one of three groups. The first group receive the usual therapy that would be provided from the Early Supported Discharge (ESD) team. The second group receive arm therapy focusing on reach and grasp, the same exercises as for the third group but without visual feedback. This takes place at a community-based clinic, one hour twice a week for six weeks, in addition to standard care. The third group receive one hour of enhanced arm therapy with improved visual feedback twice a week at a community-based clinic for 6 weeks, in addition to any standard care. All participants are followed up for 6 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration Where is the study run from?

University of Strathclyde (UK). Participants are recruited at discharge from acute stroke wards across NHS Lanarkshire

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2011 to April 2013

Who is funding the study?

Lifelong Health and Wellbeing (LLHW): a cross-research council initiative in partnership with the UK health departments and led by the Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Who is the main contact? Lucy Jones lucy.jones@strath.ac.uk

### Study website

http://www.envisagerehab.co.uk/content/wp4a-envisage-stroke-rehabilitation-upper-limb

### Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Miss Lucy Jones

#### Contact details

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### Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** G0900583

### Study information

### Scientific Title

The impact of augmented visual feedback in upper limb rehabilitation in sub-acute stroke: a pilot randomised controlled trial

### **Study objectives**

Does the use of augmented visual feedback of biomechanical movement performance in upper limb rehabilitation improve functional outcomes after stroke?

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

NHS West of Scotland Research Ethics Committee 2, 15/06/2011, REC ref: 11/AL/0260

### Study design

Interventional single-blind single-centre randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

GP practice

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke

#### **Interventions**

Stroke patients with upper limb impairments who meet inclusion criteria will be randomised into one of three groups:

- 1. Control group: This is standard care (SC) only and is usual therapy that would be provided, i.e. from the Early Supported Discharge (ESD) team.
- 2. Placebo group: Upper limb therapy focusing on reach and grasp, the same exercises as for the intervention group but without visual feedback. This will take place at a community-based clinic, one hour twice a week for six weeks, in addition to any received SC.
- 3. Intervention Group: One hour of enhanced upper limb therapy twice a week at a community-based clinic for 6 weeks, in addition to any SC. During the sessions patients will receive augmented visual feedback during upper limb exercises.

### Intervention Type

Behavioural

### Primary outcome measure

Arm function assessed by the Action Research Arm Test (ARAT) at baseline, six weeks and six months

### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Kinematic (temporal and spatial parameters) assessment measured using sensors worn during a section of the ARAT
- 2. Hand function measured by the 9 Hole Peg Test
- 3. Stroke Impact Scale to evaluate quality of life and disability changes Measured at baseline, six weeks and six months

### Additional outcome measures:

- 1. A patient and therapist questionnaire at 6 weeks to assess the acceptance of the visualisation system from their perspective
- 2. The safety of intervention assessed by number and nature of adverse events at end of intervention period and at follow up
- 3. Acceptance of the visualisation system will be assessed by withdrawal or dropout rates from study

### Overall study start date

01/10/2011

### Completion date

01/04/2013

### Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged more than or equal to 18 years
- 2. Clinical diagnosis of stroke
- 3. Sub-acute stage of stroke (up to three months from time of onset of stroke)
- 4. Some movement in affected arm and/or hand Action Research Arm Test (ARAT) score of 4-56 (57 max score)
- 5. Medically stable hence suitable for physical rehabilitation
- 6. Ability to understand and follow simple instructions
- 7. Able to give informed consent when assisted to do so with suitable communication aids

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

45

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pre-existing upper limb deficits
- 2. Bilateral arm impairments
- 3. Severe visual or cognitive problems precluding participation in study protocol
- 4. Involved in any other intervention study

### Date of first enrolment

01/10/2011

### Date of final enrolment

01/04/2013

### Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Scotland

**United Kingdom** 

## Study participating centre University of Strathclyde

Glasgow United Kingdom G4 0NW

### Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of Strathclyde (UK)

### Sponsor details

Contracts Manager c/o Louise McKean Research & Knowledge Exchange Services 50 George Street Glasgow Scotland United Kingdom G1 1QE

### Sponsor type

University/education

### Website

http://www.strath.ac.uk/

### ROR

https://ror.org/00n3w3b69

### Funder(s)

### Funder type

Research council

### **Funder Name**

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK) - Lifelong Health and Wellbeing (Phase 2), Ref number: G0900583, Grant ID: 91021

### **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration