

A study to determine the rate of infection of wounds from abdominal operations across Nigeria

Submission date 05/07/2024	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 25/07/2024	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 29/07/2024	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Infection occurring on the wound following operations on the abdomen of patients can be associated with increased costs, prolonged stay in the hospital, and other harm to the patient. It increases healthcare costs for society, which is unbearable in poorer countries such as Nigeria. For this and many other reasons, many interventions are carried out for prevention. In Nigeria, we do not have reliable national data about these infections, making it difficult to plan on how to reduce them. This study is being carried out by a collaborative group of surgeons spanning 54 hospitals in 32 states of Nigeria.

Who can participate?

All children and adult patients undergoing emergency or elective abdominal operations

What does the study involve?

After any abdominal operation on children and adults, surgeons will purposefully inspect the wound when discharging patients from the hospital and on day 30 after the operation. They will record cases that have infections and identify conditions associated with their infections

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

None

Where is the study run from?

Association of Surgeons of Nigeria

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

December 2023 to October 2024

Who is funding the study?

Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Adewale Adisa, ao.adisa@oauife.edu.ng

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

Contact name

Prof Adewale Adisa

ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1927-3992>

Contact details

Department of Surgery
Obafemi Awolowo University
Ile-Ife
Nigeria
220005
+234 8033889425
ao.adisa@oauife.edu.ng

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Surgical site infection following abdominal operations: a prospective, multicenter cohort study across Nigeria

Acronym

Nigeria SSI study

Study objectives

Surgical site infection is high following abdominal operations across Nigeria

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 21/12/2023, National Health Research Ethics Committee of Nigeria (Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, 900211, Nigeria; +234 095238367; deskofficer@nhrec.net), ref: NHREC/01/01/2007-21/12/2023

Study design

Prospective observational multicenter study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Abdominal operations

Interventions

Eligible patients will be consented for recruitment. Their demographic data and operation details will be recorded immediately after operation. Wounds will be observed for evidence of infection on the day of discharge and on day 30 after the operation. Bacteria cultured from any infected wounds will be recorded. Follow up and observations ends on day 30.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Surgical site infection (SSI) 30 days post operation, defined according to Centre for Disease Control criteria

Secondary outcome measures

Measured using patient records:

1. Profile of organisms detected from wound swab
2. Patient-reported time taken to return to normal activities
3. Patient-reported time taken to return to work.
- 4.. Mortality at day 30 after operation and its relationship to SSIs

Overall study start date

21/12/2023

Completion date

31/10/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patient able and willing to provide written informed consent (signature or a fingerprint) or assent from parent or guardian
2. All children and adult patients undergoing emergency or elective abdominal operations
3. Benign, malignant and trauma cases can all be included
4. Abdominal incision with an anticipated clean-contaminated, contaminated or dirty surgical wound
5. Anticipated abdominal incision of 3cm in children or 5cm or more in adults
6. Both open surgery and laparoscopic surgery can be included
7. All secondary, tertiary, public, and privately funded hospitals that perform abdominal surgeries will be eligible

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

All

Lower age limit

1 Months

Upper age limit

90 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

2000

Total final enrolment

2400

Key exclusion criteria

1. Abdominal operations with clean surgical wound, such as simple hernia repair
2. Patients undergoing caesarean section will be excluded
3. Patients who are unable to complete follow-up at post-operative day 30
4. Patient already enrolled in another trial assessing surgical site infection

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2024

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Nigeria

Study participating centre

Obafemi Awolowo University Teaching Hospitals Complex

OAUTHC

Ile-Ife

Nigeria

220005

Study participating centre

Lagos State University Teaching Hospital

Ikeja

Lagos

Nigeria

2000

Study participating centre

Nnamdi Azikiwe university Teaching Hospital

NNAUTH

Nnnewi

Nigeria

888000

Study participating centre

University of Ilorin Teaching Hospital

Ilorin

Ilorin

Nigeria

111000

Study participating centre

Aminu Kano Teaching Hospital

AKTH

Kano

Nigeria

30245

Sponsor information

Organisation

Association of Surgeons of Nigeria

Sponsor details

Department of Surgery, LUTH

Lagos

Nigeria

100254

+234 08095482418

adesojiademuyiwa@yahoo.co.uk

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<http://www.ason-ngr.org/>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

We would publish the result in an international, peer-reviewed, scientific journal. The Nigerian Federal Ministry of Health will have the results presented. We will also present this at Nigeria surgical meetings

Intention to publish date

01/03/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The dataset generated and or analyzed during this study will be available upon request from ao. adisa@oauife.edu.ng

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol file			11/07/2024	No	No