# Quality of life among syrian medical students

Submission date 21/06/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li><li>Protocol</li></ul>
Registration date 23/06/2025	Overall study status Completed	<ul><li>Statistical analysis plan</li><li>Results</li></ul>
<b>Last Edited</b> 23/06/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Other	<ul><li>Individual participant data</li><li>[X] Record updated in last year</li></ul>
Plain English summary of protocol Background and study aims This study explored the quality of life (QoL) of medical students in Syria, where war and academic stress may impact well-being. We used a validated survey (SF-36) to measure physical and mental health and identified factors like smoking and long commutes that affect QoL.		
Who can participate? Medical students at Aleppo University who attended a workshop in March 2024.		
What does the study involve? Participants completed an online survey about their health, lifestyle, and well-being.		
What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Benefits: Identifies areas for improving student support. Risks: Minimal (anonymous survey)		
Where is the study run from? Aleppo University (Syria)		
When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2024 to November 2024		
Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded		

## Who is the main contact?

Mawadda Chukr (mawadaug1@gmail.com)

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

## EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Multivariable analysis of health-related quality of life (HRQoL) factors using the SF-36 questionnaire among medical students at Aleppo university: a cross-sectional study

## Acronym

Syria-QoL

## **Study objectives**

The Arabic version of the SF-36 questionnaire is a reliable tool for measuring HRQoL among Syrian medical students.

Factors such as smoking, chronic diseases, and prolonged transportation time negatively impact HRQoL, while religious beliefs and lower BMI are associated with better HRQoL

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 10/08/2024, Research Ethics Committee of Aleppo University (Faculty of Medicine, Aleppo University, Aleppo, -, Syria; -; cmoffice@alepuniv.edu.sy), ref: 2403

## Study design

Single-center cross-sectional observational study

## Primary study design

Observational

## Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

## Study setting(s)

University/medical school/dental school

## Study type(s)

Quality of life

### Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Health-Related Quality of Life (HRQoL) in medical students

#### **Interventions**

This is a single-center, cross-sectional observational study conducted among medical students at Aleppo University. Participants are enrolled during a Continuing Medical Education (CME) workshop in March 2024.

### **Enrollment:**

Eligible students receive an electronic survey via Telegram and email. Informed consent is obtained digitally before participation.

### Participation:

Participants complete a one-time, self-administered online questionnaire comprising: Section 1: Sociodemographic data (age, gender, academic year, BMI, smoking status, chronic diseases, etc.).

Section 2: The validated Arabic SF-36 questionnaire to assess HRQoL across 8 domains. Surveys are mandatory to complete in one sitting; partial responses are excluded.

#### Duration:

Observation: Single time point (March 2024).

Follow-up: None (cross-sectional design).

#### Data Handling:

Responses are anonymized and analyzed using Jamovi and SmartPLS for reliability (Cronbach's a) and multivariable regression.

### Intervention Type

Behavioural

### Primary outcome measure

HRQoL scores measured using the Arabic SF-36 questionnaire at a single time point (March 2024). Domains include Physical Component Summary (PCS) and Mental Component Summary (MCS).

## Secondary outcome measures

Sociodemographic factors (BMI, smoking status, chronic diseases) at a single time point (March 2024)

## Overall study start date

01/03/2024

## Completion date

30/11/2024

## Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Undergraduate medical students at Aleppo University
- 2. Attended the CME workshop in March 2024
- 3. Willing to provide electronic informed consent

### Participant type(s)

Learner/student

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 Years

### Upper age limit

30 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

300

### Total final enrolment

181

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Incomplete survey responses
- 2. Non-medical students

### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2024

## Date of final enrolment

30/11/2024

## Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Syria

Study participating centre Aleppo University Faculty of Medicine

Aleppo Syria

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

University of Aleppo

## Sponsor details

Aleppo University School of Medicine University Square Aleppo Syria

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cmoffice@alepuniv.edu.sy

## Sponsor type

University/education

### Website

https://alepuniv.edu.sy/

### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03mzvxz96

## Funder(s)

## Funder type

Other

### **Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

## Intention to publish date

01/09/2025

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD not available for sharing

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available