

Efficacy and safety of skin care approach in the treatment of keratosis pilaris

Submission date 30/03/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 06/04/2025	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 02/04/2025	Condition category Skin and Connective Tissue Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

ackground and study aims

Keratosis pilaris is a chronic skin condition that causes small, rough bumps on the skin. This study aims to test different treatments to see how effective they are in improving this condition.

Who can participate?

Men and women aged 18 to 55 who meet the study's criteria can participate.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be divided into two groups, both receiving topical treatments. The effects will be measured using non-invasive skin tests and questionnaires. Participants will get free treatment for keratosis pilaris. Some may experience mild itching and redness during treatment.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants may benefit from free treatment and potential improvement in their skin condition. Risks include mild itching and redness.

Where is the study run from?

The study is conducted by the Cosmetic Research Center of Beijing Technology and Business University.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2024 to September 2025.

Who is funding the study?

The study is funded by Shandong Huawutang Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (China)

Who is the main contact?

The main contact is Professor Meng Hong, Deputy Dean of the International School of Cosmetics at Beijing Technology and Business University. Her email is menghong2000@163.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

Contact name

Prof Hong Meng

ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5863-5864>

Contact details

No.11 Fucheng Road, Haidian District

Beijing

China

102488

+86 13691589617

menghong2000@163.com

Additional identifiers**EudraCT/CTIS number**

Nil known

IRAS number**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information**Scientific Title**

Efficacy and safety of skin care approach in the treatment of keratosis pilaris: a randomized controlled clinical trial study protocol

Study objectives

A scheme combining body scrub and moisturizing milk has a better effect more than tretinoin in the treatment of keratosis pilaris.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 15/04/2024, Ethics Committee of Scientific Research of Beijing Technology and Business University (No.11 Fucheng Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 102488, China; +86 15652701818; fantasyee8991@163.com), ref: 2024131

Study design

Randomized controlled clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Community, Home, Laboratory, School, University/medical school/dental school, Workplace

Study type(s)

Efficacy

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Keratosis pilaris

Interventions

In this experiment, the randomization method of drawing lots was employed. After all patients were numbered, group numbers were randomly drawn to assign them to different groups for therapeutic research.

The treatment group underwent a comprehensive skin care intervention. Specifically, the upper arms were massaged with moderate pressure. Each arm was then treated with an almond acid scrub for 20-30 seconds, followed by thorough rinsing. Subsequently, a ceramide-based compound body lotion was applied. After rinsing and drying the body, a matching body lotion was applied to the same upper arm, with at least one pump used per arm and massaged thoroughly until fully absorbed.

The control group was treated with 0.1% tretinoin cream. First, the local skin was cleaned using a gentle soap and then gently patted dry. A waiting period of 20-30 minutes was observed to ensure the skin was completely dry. After washing hands, gloves or finger cots were worn to prevent direct contact between the medication and the skin of the hands. An appropriate amount of cream (depending on the size of the affected area) was taken with the fingertip or a cotton swab and applied from the center of the affected area, spreading outward in a clockwise or counterclockwise circular motion. The application site was gently massaged to facilitate full absorption of the medication until the cream completely disappeared.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

The number of follicular papules was recorded by dermatoscope, and the improvement index of follicular papules was calculated at baseline, 7,14,21,and 28 day.

Secondary outcome measures

The skin roughness (SEr), smoothness (SEsm), and scaling index (SEsc) were measured using the skin microscope Visioscan® VC98 at baseline, 7,14,21,and 28 day.

Overall study start date

01/04/2024

Completion date

30/09/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Chinese participants aged 18 to 55 years, who meet the diagnostic criteria for keratosis pilaris.
2. Willing to undergo treatment and complete the course, attend follow-up visits on schedule for photography, and sign an informed consent form.

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer, Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

55 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

72

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients with severe organic diseases of important organs such as cardiovascular and cerebrovascular diseases, diabetes, liver and kidney diseases, bleeding disorders, and severe primary hematologic diseases, as well as patients with mental illness.
2. Patients allergic to mandelic acid or other test drugs.
3. Patients with active viral diseases such as herpes simplex or warts at the treatment site, or those who have undergone cryotherapy, radiotherapy, phototherapy, or surgery in the past six months.
4. Patients who have taken oral corticosteroids within the past three months.
5. Patients with immunodeficiency diseases or a history of keloid formation.
6. Patients who are currently participating in or have participated in other clinical studies /treatments within the past three months.
7. Women who are planning to conceive, pregnant, or breastfeeding.
8. Patients whose medical history, physical examination, and laboratory tests can rule out keratosis pilaris secondary to other diseases.

Date of first enrolment

15/04/2024

Date of final enrolment

15/04/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre

Beijing Technology and Business University

No.11 Fucheng Road, Haidian District

Beijing

China

100000

Sponsor information

Organisation

Beijing Technology & Business University

Sponsor details

No. 11 Fucheng Road, Haidian District

beijing

China

100000

+86 15726685786

ymdong2008@163.com

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<https://www.btbu.edu.cn/>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Shandong Huawutang Biotechnology Co., Ltd

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

31/12/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request

Dr. Meng, menghong2000@163.com

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request