The use of Netcell and Rapid-Rhino nasal packing after routine nasal surgery. A randomised controlled trial.

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
30/09/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
12/02/2010	Surgerv			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N0203157782

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

In patients who have nasal surgery requiring nasal packing, which nose pack is the least uncomfortable to have removed: Netcell or Rapid-Rhino?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Nasal

Interventions

Patients meeting the inclusion criteria will be recruited into a randomised controlled trial, in which one nasal cavity is packed with Netcel, and the other with Rapid-Rhino.

Patients deemed suitable will be approached for their consent to participate in the trial. A record of all such patients will be kept, along with reasons for the decline to take part if this occurs, in line with the CONSORT recommendations. All patient-sensitive data stored will be anonymous.

Randomisation

This will occur at the end of the procedure, when the surgeon decides to definitely pack both sides of the nose. If this is desired, the pack chosen for the left nostril would be selected by telephone randomisation. The pack chosen for the right nostril would be, by default, the other type of pack.

Removal of packs

As per current departmental practice, the packs will be removed by the nursing staff at 7am the following morning. Five minutes prior to removal, and immediately following removal, patients will record their pain scores on a standard 10cm visual analogue scale (an unmarked line), with the 2 ends to signify no pain and the most severe pain imaginable. Patients will mark the same line for both the left and right sides of the nose, and label each mark accordingly. The scales for the pre- and post- removal scores will be on opposite sides of a piece of paper to avoid the scores influencing one another. The left pack will always be removed first. It is possible that the order in which the packs are removed could influence the level of pain felt when the two sides are compared. Always removing the left pack first will ensure that this source of bias is eliminated.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Difference in mean Visual analogue score (VAS) on removal of pack

Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

02/08/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients having septal surgery and trimming of inferior turbinates will be identified when they attend for pre-assessment clinic. They will be given the information about the trial at that point and given time to consider if they wish to take part before signing the consent form. Inclusion criteria will include:

- 1. Patients aged 16-65. Children and older adults excluded as pain responses are known to differ at extremes of age.
- 2. Patients undergoing septal surgery with bilateral inferior turbinate surgery. All consultants in the department routinely pack following this procedure, whereas preferences differ for other nasal operations.

This limited inclusion criterion also ensures that the same operation is carried out on each side of the nose.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Revision surgery
- 2. History of a bleeding tendency
- 3. Patients on anticoagulants or anti-platelet drugs
- 4. History of sino-nasal trauma
- 5. Underlying systemic/sino-nasal disease such as Wegner's disease, sarcoidosis, fungal sinusitis

Date of first enrolment

02/02/2005

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital (Wonford)
Exeter
United Kingdom
EX2 5DW

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Royal Devon & Exeter Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2009		Yes	No