Can taking amitriptyline tablets stop long-term pain from shingles?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
17/01/2022		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 27/01/2022	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		Results		
Last Edited	Condition category Infections and Infestations	Individual participant data		
15/07/2025		[X] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Shingles is a viral infection that causes a painful rash. This study aims to find out whether taking a low dose of amitriptyline soon after getting shingles can prevent the long-term pain associated with shingles

Who can participate?

Patients aged over 50 years who have been diagnosed by their GP with shingles.

What does the study involve?

Participants take tablets nightly for 10 weeks: half will be given low-dose amitriptyline and the other half will get placebo (dummy) tablets. Pain is assessed at 90 days after rash onset.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

If starting amitriptyline early on does help, it is a cheap medicine that would prevent prolonged, difficult-to-treat pain for thousands of people. However, amitriptyline commonly causes side effects such as dizziness, dry mouth and constipation. It can also cause problems when used together with some other tablets. This study is needed so doctors can be sure that any benefits outweigh any harm.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. University of Bristol (UK)
- 2. Southampton University (UK)
- 3. Oxford University (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2021 to July 2025

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact? athena-study@bristol.ac.uk

Study website

https://athena-study.bristol.ac.uk/

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Type(s)

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

2021-001101-78

IRAS number

1003967

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 50893, IRAS 1003967

Study information

Scientific Title

Amitriptyline for the prevention of post-herpetic neuralgia

Acronym

ATHENA

Study objectives

Prophylactic low-dose amitriptyline will reduce post-herpetic neuralgia in patients diagnosed with herpes zoster (shingles).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 18/10/2021, South West- Central Bristol Research Ethics Committee (Ground Floor, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Bristol, BS1 6PN, UK; +44 (0)207 104 8029, +44 (0)207 104 8068, +44 (0)207 104 8375; centralbristol.rec@hra.nhs.uk), REC ref: 21/SW/0130

Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Drug

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

https://athena-study.blogs.bristol.ac.uk/files/2022/01/ATHENA-PIL.pdf

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Shingles

Interventions

Amitriptyline 10 mg tablets (or matched placebo tablet), increasing in 10 mg steps over 2 weeks as tolerated, to 30 mg maximum per day, for 70 days.

Total follow-up is 12 months, with participant surveys at baseline and 30, 60, 90, 120, 180 and 360 days after rash onset.

Randomisation:

Trial participants will be allocated in a 1:1 ratio to receive amitriptyline or placebo. Randomisation will be stratified by centre and minimised on age deciles, gender at birth, pain in the last 24 hours and shingles vaccination history. The randomisation sequence will be generated by the company Sealed Envelope™ using their online randomisation system, which will allocate the participant to a treatment arm. The person undertaking the randomisation and the participant will remain masked as to which treatment group this code refers.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Amitriptyline

Primary outcome measure

Presence/absence of postherpetic neuralgia measured using a cut-off of $\geq 3/10$ on numerical rating scale average pain in last 24 hours; Timepoint(s): 90 days after rash onset

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The safety, tolerability and acceptability of amitriptyline assessed using patient-completed medication use, problems and hospitalisation sections of questionnaire at 30, 60 and 90 days, and by direct report by participant or clinician
- 2. Masking of participants assessed using the bang binding index in patient questionnaires at 30, 60 and 90 days post rash onset
- 3. Shorter and longer-term outcomes of pain, quality of life, mental well-being and frailty, assessed using the Zoster Brief Pain Inventory (ZBPI), 9-item patient health questionnaire (PHQ-9), 7-item general anxiety disorder questionnaire (GAD-7) and Tilburg Frailty Indicator, at 0, 90, 180 and 360 days post rash onset
- 4. The cost-effectiveness of low dose amitriptyline to placebo for the prevention of PHN using EQ-5D-5L and patient-completed healthcare resource use questions at 0, 90, 180 and 360 days post rash onset, and GP electronic medical records for the 12-month study period 5. Use of healthcare resources and analgesics assessed using patient-completed medication and healthcare resource use questions at 90, 180 and 360 days post rash onset, and GP electronic medical records for the 12-month study period

Overall study start date

01/07/2021

Completion date

31/07/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults aged ≥50 years
- 2. Clinical diagnosis of herpes zoster (HZ)
- 3. Rash onset <144 hours

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

50 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 846; UK Sample Size: 846

Total final enrolment

878

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Inability to give informed consent
- 2. Third or more episode of herpes zoster
- 3. Known adverse reaction to amitriptyline or contraindications (monoamine oxidase inhibitors)
- 4. Current/recent (within previous two weeks) use of a tricyclic antidepressant
- 5. Prolonged QT interval or concomitant drugs that prolong the QT interval
- 6. Suicidal ideation
- 7. Heart block
- 8. Recent myocardial infarction (<4 weeks)
- 9. Immunosuppression
- 10. Significant bradycardia
- 11. Uncompensated heart failure
- 12. Hyperthyroidism
- 13. Severe liver disease
- 14. Phaeochromocytoma
- 15. Urinary retention
- 16. If female; current or planned (in next 3 months) pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 17. Currently (or recently, within the previous 4 months) enrolled in another CTIMP

Date of first enrolment

30/03/2022

Date of final enrolment

30/04/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre University of Bristol

Senate House Tyndall Avenue Bristol United Kingdom BS8 1TH

Study participating centre University of Oxford

University Offices Oxford United Kingdom OX1 2JD

Study participating centre University of Southampton

University Road Southampton United Kingdom SO17 1BJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Bristol

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://bristol.ac.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/0524sp257

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NIHR Evaluation, Trials and Studies Co-ordinating Centre (NETSCC); Grant Codes: NIHR129720

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal in approximately 2025. The researchers will publish a protocol in due course.

Intention to publish date

30/04/2027

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The final anonymised trial data set will be stored as restricted data on the data.bris research data repository for at least 5 years after the end of the study. Data will be made available after the end of the study to approved bona fide researchers only after their host institution has signed a data access agreement. Details of how to request access are available at the University of Bristol's data repository website.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Other publications	Qualitative interviews	31/07/2024	01/08/2024	Yes	No