# Impact of neck rehabilitation on temporomandibular joints and muscle functioning in patients with chronic neck pain

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>			
27/08/2020		∐ Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan			
23/09/2020	Completed	[X] Results			
Last Edited	<b>Condition category</b> Musculoskeletal Diseases	[] Individual participant data			
19/10/2021	Musculoskeletal Diseases				

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Cervical spine dysfunction is a cause of neck pain. Cervical spine dysfunction occurs in about 70% of the population. Both diagnosis and treatment of these problems are difficult, and in many cases, the effects of therapy are not satisfactory. Existence of jaw (temporomandibular joint) discomfort along with cervical spine disorders is quite common and is associated with many limitations and adverse symptoms for the patient. The exact relationship between neck ailments and temporomandibular dysfunction (TMD) is still unclear. This study aims to verify the functional relationship between the cervical spine and TMJ as well as check whether the therapy focusing only on the cervical region has a real impact on the structures located in the facial area. These tests have practical applications because they can indicate new directions in the diagnosis and therapy of neck and TMD

Who can participate?

Adults aged over 18 years, with chronic neck pain, and also healthy subjects.

What does the study involve?

Participants undergo a three-week rehabilitation program involving manual therapy, massages, exercise and education.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits to those taking part are the chance to receive 3 weeks of rehabilitation, which may improve health and reduce chronic neck pain. The intervention is provided by qualified physiotherapists, so there is no risk for participants.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. Rzeszow University in Poland
- 2. University of Physical Education in Kraków (Poland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? April 2011 to December 2014

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Anna Mika, anna.mika@awf.krakow.pl

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Anna Mika

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4366-5091

#### Contact details

University of Physical Education in Krakow al. Jana Pawla II 78 Kraków Poland 31-571 +48 126831134 anna.mika@awf.krakow.pl

### Additional identifiers

#### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

#### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Impact of cervical spine rehabilitation on temporomandibular joints functioning, and bioelectrical activity of cervical and masticatory system muscles in patients with idiopathic neck pain

#### **Acronym**

**CRTMD** 

#### **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to assess the impact of a 3-week neck-only rehabilitation programme without direct intervention in the craniofacial area on the bioelectric activity of both the cervical spine and muscles in the craniofacial area among patients with idiopathic neck pain. Experimental group undergo three-weeks rehabilitation program, which is individual for each patient and comprise the following standard treatments for chronic pain of the musculoskeletal system.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 05/03/2012, Ethical Committee of Rzeszow University in Poland (al. Tadeusza Rejtana 16C, 35-310 Rzeszów, Poland; +48 17 872 19 20; komisjabioetur@gmail.com), ref: No 3/05/2012

#### Study design

Interventional non-randomized

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Idiopathic neck pain

#### **Interventions**

The experimental group undergo a 3-week rehabilitation program, which is individual for each patient and comprises the following standard treatments for chronic pain of the musculoskeletal system: manual therapy (soft tissue therapy of the neck and the shoulder girdle, trigger point therapy, manual cervical traction, classical massage, myofascial release); individual exercises with a therapist (weight free, respiratory, fit ball and body posture correction exercises); physical therapy (sollux lamp); education on the character of the dysfunction, body posture correction techniques, ergonomics and everyday mouth hygiene.

The rehabilitation was provided five times a week lasting each time for about 2 h.

Age-matched subjects (control group) who were cervical pain-free, had no cervical spine and TMJ dysfunctions or were not in the process of current orthodontic treatment did not undergo any therapy.

#### Intervention Type

Mixed

#### Primary outcome(s)

Measured at baseline and 3 weeks:

- 1. Pain intensity measured using 10-point visual analogue scale (VAS)
- 2. Temporomandibular joints functioning measured using the Helkimo clinical dysfunction index (Di)
- 3. Head posture and range of motion in the cervical spine measured with measuring tape

4. Cervical Spine and craniofacial muscles bioelectrical activity (sEMG) assessed by surface electromyography

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

There are no secondary outcome measures

#### Completion date

22/12/2014

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Patient:

1. Chronic idiopathic neck pain

Patient and control:

2. Aged 18 years or above

#### Participant type(s)

Mixed

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

60

#### Key exclusion criteria

Patient:

- 1. Cervical spine injury 3 months prior to the therapy
- 2. Regular use of painkillers or steroids, without possibility to withdraw it for the whole duration of the therapy
- 3. Radiographically diagnosed developmental and degenerative abnormalities of the cervical spine as; spinal stenosis, subluxations, spinal disc herniation
- 4. Orthodontic treatment (braces, aligners); removable dentures

#### Control:

- 5. Cervical pain
- 6. Cervical spine and TMJ dysfunction
- 7. In the process of current orthodontic treatment

#### Date of first enrolment

# Date of final enrolment 22/12/2014

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Poland

#### Study participating centre Rzeszow University in Poland

al. Tadeusza Rejtana 16C Rzeszów Poland 35-310

#### Study participating centre University of Physical Education in Kraków

al. Jana Pawla II 78 Kraków Poland 31-571

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Rzeszów University

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03pfsnq21

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Other

#### **Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		26/04/2021	27/04/2021	Yes	No
Results article		07/10/2021	19/10/2021	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes