

# A study to evaluate the efficacy, safety, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of crovalimab as an adjunct treatment in the prevention of vaso-occlusive episodes in sickle cell disease

<b>Submission date</b> 20/05/2022	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/08/2022	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 04/12/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Haematological Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Sickle cell disease (SCD) is a disorder of the structure of haemoglobin found in red blood cells and is a serious lifelong condition. Although treatment and survival of SCD have improved, there is still a need to improve treatments for people living with SCD, particularly in the chronic setting. Crovalimab is a new experimental drug which may help to decrease inflammation and destruction of red blood cells and may improve episodes of pain attack (crisis). The aim of this study is to compare the effects, good and bad, of crovalimab versus placebo (dummy drug).

### Who can participate?

Patients aged between 12- 55 years old with SCD experiencing a pain attack

### What does the study involve?

Participants will receive either crovalimab or placebo. A placebo looks like a drug but has no active ingredient. The treatment group is decided by chance using a computer program. Neither the participant nor the study staff can choose or know which treatment group is allocated.

The study has three stages:

1. Screening: to see if the patient is eligible for the study
  2. Treatment: with crovalimab or placebo, initially given as an infusion into the vein, then as an injection in the skin over a period of 48 weeks
  3. Follow-up period of 24 weeks to check on the participant's response and their health
- The total time in the study will be about 1 year and 6 months, which includes the screening, treatment and follow-up visits.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are risks, discomforts, and inconveniences associated with any research study. It is possible that these general risks could be increased by the addition of test medications. Some of

the general risks may be potentially life-threatening and may not have been previously reported. Some of these procedures take place more often than they would if patients were not taking part in this study. Taking blood samples may cause bruising and discomfort and a risk of infection or blood clots at the site of the blood collection. If patients have a central line, this may be used for blood samples. There is always a risk of infection at the site where the line is fitted. Crovalimab will be given in a clinic with emergency equipment and staff who are trained to monitor for and respond to any potential medical emergencies. Side effects can be referred to in the main PIS ICF due to the character count limit. Treatment with crovalimab may increase the risk of infection by the bacteria *Neisseria meningitidis* (also known as a meningococcal infection). Meningococcal infections can be life-threatening, especially if not treated early. To reduce the risk of meningococcal infections, all patients in the study need to be vaccinated against *Neisseria meningitidis*. There may be a risk of infusion-related reactions with intravenous crovalimab administration. This may occur during, shortly after, or within 24 hours of receiving crovalimab. To reduce any risk participants will be observed for 1 hour after the infusion is complete. During the study, crovalimab will also be given by an injection under the skin (called subcutaneous administration). There is a possible risk of injection-site reactions. To help reduce any risk participants will be observed for at least 1 hour after the first three injections under the skin. Participants may be required to receive antibiotics to prevent infections, depending on which antibiotic they receive, they may experience side effects associated with antibiotic therapy. There could be an allergic reaction, which can range from a mild rash to severe life-threatening anaphylaxis. There could be a risk of developing *Clostridium difficile* infection, which is a gastrointestinal infection characterised by abdominal pain, diarrhoea, and fever, which in some cases is difficult to treat and, in rare cases, could be fatal. The use of antibiotics could cause the development of resistant (unresponsive to treatment) bacteria in the body. This could lead to an infection, which may be difficult to treat and, in rare cases, could be fatal. It is possible that side effects of crovalimab which are unknown at this time may occur during the study. Any new information that may affect participants' health or which may make the participants want to stop taking part in the study will be shared with them as soon as it becomes available. There may be a risk in exposing an unborn child to crovalimab, and all risks are not known at this time. Patients cannot take part in the study if they are pregnant or become pregnant. Patients will be informed of all of the above risks in the Patient Information Sheet and will be asked to notify their study doctor or study staff should they experience any side effects during the study. Patients will be monitored throughout the study in order to minimise risks.

Where is the study run from?

F. Hoffmann-La Roche (Switzerland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

February 2021 to May 2025

Who is funding the study?

F. Hoffmann-La Roche (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Ramneet Jagdev, [welwyn.uk\\_ethics@roche.com](mailto:welwyn.uk_ethics@roche.com)

### **Study website**

<https://forpatients.roche.com/en/trials/blood-disorder/sickle-cell-disease/a-study-evaluating-the-efficacy--safety--pharmacokinetics-50959.html>

## **Contact information**

**Type(s)**

Scientific

**Contact name**

Dr Reference Study ID Number: BO42451 <https://forpatients.roche.com/>

**Contact details**

None available

None available

United States of America

None available

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global-roche-genentech-trials@gene.com

**Additional identifiers****EudraCT/CTIS number**

2020-004839-25

**IRAS number**

1005491

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

**Secondary identifying numbers**

BO42451, IRAS 1005491, CPMS 52468

**Study information****Scientific Title**

A randomized double-blind Phase IIa study evaluating the efficacy, safety, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of crovalimab as an adjunct treatment in the prevention of vaso-occlusive episodes in sickle cell disease

**Acronym**

BO42451

**Study objectives**

1. To evaluate the efficacy of crovalimab compared with placebo
2. To evaluate the efficacy of crovalimab compared with placebo
3. To evaluate the safety and tolerability of crovalimab compared with placebo
4. To evaluate the pharmacokinetics of crovalimab
5. To evaluate the immune response to crovalimab

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 23/05/2022, East of England - Cambridgeshire and Hertfordshire Research Ethics Committee (Equinox House, City link, Nottingham, NG2 4LA, UK; +44 (0)2071048096, +44 (0)207 104 8102, +44 (0)207 104 8265; cambsandherts.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 22/EE/0139

## **Study design**

Double-blind randomized placebo-controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Sickle cell disease (SCD); vaso-occlusive episodes in SCD

## **Interventions**

Eligible patients will be randomized 1:1 to receive either crovalimab or placebo in addition to their current SCD therapy. Randomisation is via the IXRS system. Patients in both treatment arms will receive standard treatment for SCD as guided by the treating physician and/or institutional guidelines, including but not limited to treatments currently approved for SCD within each country participating in this study (e.g., hydroxyurea, L-glutamine, crizanlizumab, or voxelotor), pain management treatment (e.g., opioid analgesics, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs]), hydration, oxygen, and other BSC.

Stratification factors at randomization are:

1. Number of vasoocclusive pain events (VOEs) in the 12 months prior to enrollment (4 vs 4 VOEs)
2. Use of concurrent SCD-directed therapy in any combination (e.g., hydroxyurea, L-glutamine, crizanlizumab, or voxelotor) (yes vs no)

An initial crovalimab (or matching placebo) intravenous (IV) loading dose will be administered on Week 1 Day 1 followed by 4 once-weekly subcutaneous (SC) doses of the study treatment (refers to crovalimab or placebo) on Week 1 Day 2, then on Weeks 2, 3, and 4. Maintenance dosing will begin at Week 5 and will continue Q4W thereafter, for a total of 48 weeks of treatment. All patients will receive the study treatment according to a weight-based tiered dosing schedule. Study treatment dosing will continue per protocol schedule during any medical facility or home VOE occurring on treatment.

For patients who discontinue the study treatment, a safety follow-up visit will be conducted at 24 weeks after the last dose of the study treatment.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Pharmaceutical study type(s)**

Not Applicable

**Phase**

Phase II

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Crovalimab

**Primary outcome measure**

Current primary outcome measures as of 07/03/2023:

Annualized rate of medical facility VOs (AVR) measured using data recorded in the electronic case report forms (eCRFs) from Baseline to Week 49

Previous primary outcome measures:

Annualized rate of medical facility VOs (AVR) up to 48 weeks. A medical facility VO is defined as:

1. An uncomplicated medical facility VO (defined as an acute episode of pain lasting at least 2 hours and occurring at least 3 days after return to the patient's chronic baseline pain levels, with no other medically determined cause other than a VO that requires a medical facility visit and treatment with oral or parenteral opioids, parenteral nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs], or ketamine), OR
2. Acute chest syndrome (ACS), hepatic or splenic sequestration, or priapism requiring a visit to a medical facility.

Patients complete an e-diary and an HVQ sickle cell pain crisis questionnaire which will be reviewed and analysed by clinical scientists

**Secondary outcome measures**

Current secondary outcome measures as of 07/03/2023:

All outcomes will be measured from data recorded in the electronic case report forms (eCRFs) unless otherwise stated:

1. Annualized rate of home VOs from Baseline to Week 49
2. Annualized rate of uncomplicated medical facility VOs from Baseline up to Week 49
3. Annualized rate of acute chest syndrome (ACS) from Baseline up to Week 49
4. Annualized rate of days hospitalized for medical facility VO from Baseline up to Week 49
5. Annualized rate of days hospitalized for treatment of Non-VO complications of SCD from Baseline up to Week 49
6. Time to first medical facility VO from randomization from Baseline up to Week 49
7. Change in urinary albumin-creatinine ratio from Baseline up to Week 49
8. Change in tricuspid regurgitant jet velocity (TRV) from Baseline to Week 49
9. Percentage of participants with TRV >2.5 m/s at Week 49
10. Change in Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS)-Fatigue Score in adults from Baseline to Week 49
11. Percentage of participants with adverse events (AEs) up to 91 weeks
12. Serum concentrations of crovalimab over time from Baseline up to Week 49
13. Percentage of participants with anti-drug antibodies to crovalimab in serum from Baseline up to Week 49

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Annualized rate of home VOE captured on the patient's handheld device provided and questionnaires at baseline to Week 49
2. Annualized rate of uncomplicated medical facility VOE captured in the patients notes at baseline to Week 49
3. Annualized rate of acute chest syndrome (ACS) captured in the patients notes at baseline to Week 49
4. Annualized rate of days hospitalized for medical facility VOE captured in the patients notes at baseline to Week 49
5. Annualized rate of days hospitalized for treatment of non-VOE complications of SCD captured in the patients notes at baseline to Week 49
6. Hematologic measures measured using routine safety bloods from baseline to Week 49
7. Time to first medical facility VOE captured in the patients notes from randomization up to Week 49
8. Urinary albumin-creatinine ratio measured using review of routine safety bloods from baseline to Week 49
9. Tricuspid regurgitant jet velocity (TRV) measured using echocardiogram at baseline to Week 49
10. Proportion of patients with TRV >2.5 m/s measured using echocardiogram at Week 49
11. Fatigue measured using the Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS)-Fatigue score in adults at baseline to Week 49

**Overall study start date**

12/02/2021

**Completion date**

31/05/2025

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Signed ICF or Assent Form (as determined by patient's age and individual site and country standards)
2. Age  $\geq 12$  to  $\leq 55$  years
3. Body weight  $\geq 40$  kg
4. Male or female with confirmed diagnosis of HbSS (SCD genotype of sickle cell anemia) or HbS $\beta$ 0 (SCD genotype of sickle cell beta zero thalassemia)
5. Two or more ( $\geq 2$ ) to  $\leq 10$  documented VOE's in the 12 months prior to randomization
6. If receiving concurrent SCD-directed therapy, the patient must have been on a stable dose for a minimum of 3 months prior to study enrollment. There should be no plans to modify the patients' dosing throughout the study duration, other than for safety reasons.
7. If receiving erythropoietin, the patient must have been prescribed this medication for the preceding 3 months and be dose-stabilized for at least 3 months prior to study enrollment
8. Vaccination against N. meningitides, vaccinations against H. influenza type B and S. pneumonia
9. Patients who have been vaccinated (partially or in full) against SARS-CoV-2 with a locally approved vaccine are eligible to be enrolled in the study, 3 days or longer after inoculation
10. Adequate hepatic and renal function
11. For women of childbearing potential, agreement to remain abstinent or use contraception during the treatment period and for 6 months after the final dose of study treatment

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Mixed

**Lower age limit**

12 Years

**Upper age limit**

55 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

90

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. History of hematopoietic stem cell transplant
2. Participating in a chronic transfusion program and/or planning on undergoing an exchange transfusion during the duration of the study
3. History of hypersensitivity, allergic, or anaphylactic reactions to any ingredient contained in the study treatment
4. Received active treatment on another investigational trial within 28 days (or within five half-lives of that agent, whichever is greater) prior to screening visit, or plans to participate in another investigational drug trial
5. Hemoglobin <6 g/dl
6. Known or suspected hereditary complement deficiency
7. Active systemic bacterial, viral, or fungal infection within 14 days before first drug administration
8. Presence of fever ( $\geq 38$  degrees Celsius) within 7 days before the first drug administration
9. Immunized with a live attenuated vaccine within 1 month before first drug administration
10. Pregnant or breastfeeding, or intending to become pregnant during the study or within 6 months after the final dose of study treatment
11. Known HIV infection with documented CD4 count <200 cells/microliter within 24 weeks prior to screening
- 12 History of N. meningitidis infection within the prior 6 months

**Date of first enrolment**

08/12/2021

**Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2023

**Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Brazil

England

France

Italy

Spain

Türkiye

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**Northwick Park Hospital**

Watford Road

Harrow

United Kingdom

HA1 3UJ

**Study participating centre**

**UCLH**

250 Euston Road

London

United Kingdom

NW1 2PQ

**Study participating centre**

**Hammersmith Hospital**

Du Cane Road

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London

United Kingdom

W12 0HS

**Study participating centre**

**Hospital das Clinicas - UFRGS**

Porto Alegre, RS

Porto Alegre

Brazil

90035-903

**Study participating centre**



**UNESP - Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade Estadual Paulista - Campus Botucatu**  
Botucatu, SP  
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18618-970

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital Sao Rafael - HSR**  
Salvador, BA  
Salvador  
Brazil  
41253-190

**Study participating centre**  
**HEMORIO**  
Rio de Janeiro, RJ  
Rio de Janeiro  
Brazil  
20211-030

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital Samaritano**  
São Paulo  
São Paulo  
Brazil  
01232-010

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital de Base de Sao Jose do Rio Preto**  
Sao Jose do Rio Preto, SP  
Sao Jose do Rio Preto  
Brazil  
15090-000

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital das Clínicas Faculdades Médicas de Ribeirão Preto**  
Ribeirao Preto, SP  
Ribeirao Preto  
Brazil  
14051-140

**Study participating centre**  
**Beneficencia Portuguesa de Sao Paulo**  
São Paulo, SP  
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**Study participating centre**  
**CHU Henri Mondor; Service de médecine interne**  
Créteil  
Créteil  
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94010

**Study participating centre**  
**Hôpital Saint Eloi; Service de Médecine interne**  
Montpellier  
Montpellier  
France  
34295

**Study participating centre**  
**Azienda Ospedaliera di Verona-Policlinico G.B. Rossi; Medicina Interna**  
Verona, Veneto  
Verona  
Italy  
37134

**Study participating centre**  
**Ospedale Galliera; S.S.D. Ematologia**  
Genova, Liguria  
Genova  
Italy  
16128

**Study participating centre**  
**Università degli Studi della Campania Luigi Vanvitelli; UOC Ematologia ed oncologia pediatrica**  
Napoli, Campania  
Napoli

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80138

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital General Univ. Gregorio Maranon**  
Madrid  
Madrid  
Spain  
28007

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital Universitario Virgen del Rocio; Servicio de Hematologia**  
Sevilla  
Sevilla  
Spain  
41013

**Study participating centre**  
**Hospital Universitario Miguel Servet; Servicio Hematologia**  
Zaragoza  
Zaragoza  
Spain  
50009

**Study participating centre**  
**Adana Acibadem Hospital; Pediatric Hematology**  
Adana  
Adana  
Türkiye  
01130

**Study participating centre**  
**Cukurova University Medical Faculty Balcali Hospital**  
Adana  
Adana  
Türkiye  
1330

**Study participating centre**

**Mustafa Kemal University Medical Faculty; Infection**

Hatay

Hatay

Türkiye

31040

**Study participating centre**

**Mersin Universitesi Tip Fakultesi Hastanesi; Tibbi Onkoloji Birimi**

Mersin

Mersin

Türkiye

33110

**Study participating centre**

**East Carolina University; Brody School of Medicine**

Greenville

North Carolina

United States of America

27834

**Study participating centre**

**Icahn School of Medicine**

Mount Sinai

New York

United States of America

10029

**Study participating centre**

**Mississippi Center for Advanced Medicine**

Madison

Mississippi

United States of America

39110

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd

**Sponsor details**

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Basel  
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global.roche-genentech-trials@roche.com

**Sponsor type**

Industry

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

F. Hoffmann-La Roche

**Alternative Name(s)**

Hoffman-La Roche, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd.

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

For-profit companies (industry)

**Location**

Switzerland

**Results and Publications****Publication and dissemination plan**

1. Peer-reviewed scientific journals
2. Internal report
3. Conference presentation
4. Publication on website

Roche has a Data Sharing Policy, which allows participants to request and receive global clinical study reports (CSRs) and other summary reports. Roche provides details of all its clinical trials on public websites: <http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov> and <https://www.clinicaltrialsregister.eu>. These websites can also be found via <https://www.roche-trials.com>. Links to these websites are provided to participants in the Participant Information Sheets.

## Intention to publish date

31/05/2026

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

## IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No