

'AQURO', a new, potentially automatable approach for quantifying mitral regurgitation: technology development and validation through collaboration between cardiovascular science and bioengineering

Submission date 18/06/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/06/2010	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 27/08/2014	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

7355

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

DRN 373 (AQURO)

Study objectives

Stable subjects with mitral regurgitation previously diagnosed on echocardiography will be recruited from the outpatient service of Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust. We will follow the standard British Society of Echocardiography protocol, and then add additional views. The standard protocol involves ultrasound recordings in different positions around the heart. Each complete echocardiography appointment will take approximately 40 minutes. All calculations made from the recorded images will occur later, after the patient has left.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

MREC approved (ref: 08/H0707/71)

Study design

Single-centre non-randomised interventional diagnosis trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Diabetes Research Network; Subtopic: Type 2; Disease: Cardiovascular disease

Interventions

Patients are recruited and ultrasound scans are performed for about 40 minutes to be analysed and compared with the standard technique.

Study entry: registration only

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Effective regurgitant orifice area (EROA), measured during 40 minutes of acquisition

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

23/03/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Stable subjects with mitral regurgitation previously diagnosed on echocardiography

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

1. Atrial fibrillation
2. Moderate or severe disease of tricuspid or pulmonary valves
3. Any aortic valve disease graded mild or higher
4. Prosthetic aortic valve and body habitus or coexistent disease that precludes satisfactory imaging quality

Date of first enrolment

23/03/2009

Date of final enrolment

23/03/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

St Mary's Hospital

London

United Kingdom

W2 1NY

Sponsor information

Organisation

Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/056ffv270>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

British Heart Foundation (BHF) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

The British Heart Foundation, the_bhf, BHF

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2013		Yes	No