

Pethidine versus Diamorphine Study

Submission date 12/05/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 12/05/2010	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 17/04/2014	Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
6895

Study information

Scientific Title
A two centre randomised controlled trial comparing intramuscular diamorphine and intramuscular pethidine for labour analgesia

Acronym
IDvIP

Study objectives

Study objectives:

To evaluate the maternal and neonatal efficacy and safety of intramuscular diamorphine 7.5 mg versus intramuscular pethidine 150 mg for labour pain.

Evaluation of study:

An intention to treat analysis will be used. Results will be presented with 95% confidence intervals whenever possible and will be reported using CONSORT guidelines.

Duration of study period: 3 years

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Southampton and SW Hampshire REC (B) approved on the 2nd March 2007 (ref: 07/Q1704/6)

Study design

Multicentre randomised process of care cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Reproductive Health and Childb, Generic Health Relevance and Cross Cutting Themes, Primary Care Research Network for England; Subtopic: Not Assigned, Reproductive Health and Childb (all Subtopics), Generic Health Relevance (all Subtopics); Disease:

Interventions

Study Medicinal Products: 7.5 mg diamorphine and 150 mg pethidine up to a maximum of two doses with a minimal interval of 2 hours between doses. Total duration of treatment and follow-up will be the duration of the womens labour plus 24 hours after birth.

As of 10/01/2011 this record was updated to include an extended anticipated end date; the initial anticipated end date was 01/05/2010.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Pethidine, diamorphine

Primary outcome(s)

1. Change in pain intensity over 3 hours (AUC)
2. Side effects:
 - 2.1. Need for neonatal resuscitation
 - 2.2. Apgar score less than 7 at 1 minute

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Pain relief
2. Maternal sedation
3. Nausea and vomiting
4. CTG
5. Patient satisfaction
6. % choosing analgesia for next pregnancy
7. Meconium staining
8. UApH
9. UVpH
10. Apgar scores
11. Naloxone
12. Neonatal SpO2
13. Feeding behaviour

Completion date

01/02/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Active labour with a singleton pregnancy
2. Regular uterine contractions of at least two in 10 minutes
3. Cervical dilatation of at least 3 cm
4. Foetal gestational age of 37 - 42 weeks
5. Minimum weight of 60 kg
6. Multiparous and nulliparous women
7. Spontaneously gone into labour or have had an amniotomy and intravenous oxytocin to induce labour
8. Aged 18 years and over

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

1. Allergy or previous severe reaction to opioid analgesia
2. Opioid dependency
3. History of foetal compromise
4. Maternal cardiorespiratory compromise
5. American Society of Anaesthesiologists (ASA) grade 3 and 4
6. Maternal weight greater than 120 kg

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2008

Date of final enrolment

01/02/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Poole Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Poole

United Kingdom

BH15 2JB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Poole Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03kdm3q80>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Research for Patient Benefit (RfPB) Programme

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2014		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	08/07/2011		Yes	No