

Evaluating the effectiveness of a digital health and financial incentive scheme intervention to promote physical activity in patients living with type 2 diabetes

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Registration date 30/10/2023	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 09/01/2025	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Currently, 3.7 million people are living with type 2 diabetes in the UK and there are a further 12 million people at high risk of developing it. There is strong evidence that being active helps people to manage type 2 diabetes as well as being good for their overall health.

Current guidance states that adults should, over the week, complete at least 150 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity, however, few manage to achieve this target.

Given a large number of people with type 2 diabetes are inactive, new interventions are needed to help these people become more active. One potential solution is the use of wearable technology, health apps and financial incentives to encourage people to be more active.

We are proposing to test the effectiveness of one such scheme: the Exi App (a mobile phone-based app that encourages and supports people to achieve a personalised prescription of physical activity), a wearable device that monitors physical activity, and a set of financial incentives (vouchers).

We will use a randomised controlled trial to test its impact on clinical outcomes (e.g. HbA1c) and patient-reported outcomes (quality of life).

Who can participate?

We will aim to recruit people aged 18 years or older living with type 2 diabetes via primary care, during their annual diabetes review with their GP or diabetes nurse.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomised to receive standard advice about physical activity (national guidance) or provided with a wearable (apple watch), health app (EXi) and financial rewards on goal achievement.

The trial will run for 24 months and we will measure health outcomes and patient-reported outcomes at baseline, 12 months and 24 months. The usual care group will be a waitlist control group and will receive the intervention at 12 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Possible benefits.

We hope the study will help those living with type 2 diabetes to be more physically active and it may improve their health and diabetes.

Disadvantages and risks

We do not expect any risks or disadvantages from taking part in this study. Participants will need to give up some of their time to fill out the study documents and take part in the study. The intervention is aimed at encouraging those living with type 2 diabetes to be more active and to do this in a gradual way. However, sometimes there are risks when increasing physical activity too quickly, such as feeling tired or developing muscle or joint stiffness or pain; these symptoms are normally minor and should not last long.

Where is the study run from?

Milton Keynes Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

August 2023 to September 2026

Who is funding the study?

Apple (USA)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Joanne Turner, Joanne.Turner@mkuh.nhs.uk

Trial team, DiabetesTrial@mkuh.nhs.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific

Contact name

Dr Trial team -

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

326885

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

CPMS 57291, IRAS 326885

Study information

Scientific Title

ACTIVATE Study - Digital Incentive Scheme to optimise movement in T2DM

Acronym

ACTIVATE

Study objectives

To test the effectiveness and cost effectiveness of a digital health incentive scheme (physical activity behaviour change smartphone app paired with a physical activity tracker and financial incentives) designed to increase physical activity on HbA1c and quality of life amongst people living with type 2 diabetes in Milton Keynes (MK), UK

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 30/08/2023, West Midlands- Black Country REC (2 Redman Place, Stratford, London, E20 1JQ, United Kingdom; +44 207 104 8388; blackcountry.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 23/WM/0167

Study design

Interventional randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetes

Interventions

Randomisation

Once participants have provided informed consent, they will be randomised at the level of the individual in a 1:1 ratio to receive either the intervention or be in the usual care waitlist control arm. A variable block randomisation (block size of 6) algorithm will be used on the secure trial management system.

Intervention: After participants have been randomised to either the intervention or usual care group, they will attend their NHS annual diabetes review. HCPs may be reminded of the patient's involvement in the intervention in one of three ways. Participants may be asked to remind their HCP that they are taking part in the study at the start of their consultation either verbally or by presenting the HCP with a study prompt card at the beginning of the consultation.

Secondly, the administration team at the participating health service may add an electronic prompt to the participant's notes ahead of the consultation. Lastly, the research team may email the HCP to inform them of their patient's involvement. In some instances, one method may be preferred over the other or it may be that all three methods are used.

During the annual diabetes review, the GP or HCP will:

- Describe the importance of physical activity in the management of type 2 diabetes through NHS consultations with an NHS health professional.

- Discuss the EXi app and how it can help them to increase their physical activity.

The purpose of the EXi app and the Apple watch for facilitating self-monitoring and feedback on physical activity will be discussed and the use of the technology will be specifically encouraged.

- HCPs will be asked to highlight to participants that increases in physical activity may be helped if they develop habits or routines and 'what needs to change' to achieve this.

EXi Intervention

The EXi app is evidence-based and analyses patient health, fitness, and disease status to prescribe a personalised physical activity programme which is calibrated at the right frequency, intensity, and duration for each participant. As a participant progresses, the algorithm adapts to encourage each person in an effective, measurable, and safe manner in line with international physical activity guidelines.

The EXi app can specifically tailor the participant's physical activity programme according to several variables including age, gender, current physical activity levels, fitness and disease status.

The EXi platform also consists of the EXi Rewards Programme (ERP). The ERP is built on the Vitality incentive scheme data and evidence, and is integrated with wearable technology to measure activity duration and intensity, so validating that the physical activity prescription has been achieved. The ERP has been designed for a population who are sedentary, at risk of developing a long-term condition or already have a diagnosis of a chronic disease such as type 2 diabetes. The ERP 'starts where you're at', creating an ability for everyone to achieve rewards, regardless of current fitness level. For example, participants' prescriptions can start with as little as 10 minutes of low-intensity activity three times per week and build up gradually over time. The EXi app is built for iOS. The app connects to wearable technology (Apple watch). The ERP is driven by the data captured from the wearable technology such as heart rate, steps, distance covered, and active minutes (including low, moderate, and vigorous activity). Participants can also receive up to £350 in financial incentives for completing their goals.

Usual care: All those randomised to usual care waitlist control group will receive the current guidance for physical activity within their annual diabetes review and at 12 months will be provided with the intervention.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

%HbA1c measured by blood test at 12 months post-randomisation

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Quality of Life as measured by EQ-5D-5L at 12 months.
2. Composite endpoint of HbA1c reduction $>0.5\%$ + weight loss $>3\%$ and SBP reduction $>3\text{mmHg}$ at 12 months measured during the participants NHS Annual Diabetes Check
3. Composite endpoint of HbA1c reduction $>0.5\%$ + weight loss $>3\%$ and SBP reduction $>3\text{mmHg}$ measured during the participants NHS Annual Diabetes Check pre and post-intervention delivery in the waitlist usual care group.
4. Other blood biomarkers including blood lipid panel, blood glucose, and kidney function tests at 12 months.
5. Healthcare utilisation (visits to primary or secondary healthcare) measured using a modified version of the Client Services Receipt Inventory as well as linkage to NHS healthcare records via systmone at 12 months.
6. Diabetes medication used measured using a modified version of the Client Services Receipt Inventory as well as linkage to NHS healthcare records via systmone at 12 months.
7. Problem Areas in Diabetes Score / EQ-5D-5L scores at 12 months.
8. Changes in physical activity (Total physical activity, MVPA, Light physical activity, minutes sedentary) over the intervention period as measured by the Apple watch

Completion date

04/09/2026

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged ≥ 18 years.
2. Diagnosis of type 2 diabetes (based on WHO criteria e.g., HbA1c $\geq 48\text{ mmol/mol}$ or 6.5%)
3. Time since their last HbA1c measure: less than three months
4. Able to provide informed consent.
5. Own and use a mobile phone capable of hosting the EXi app (i.e., Apple iOS 14.3 or above)
6. Agreement that the study team can notify their healthcare practitioner of their involvement in the study (if applicable).
7. Physically mobile/able to be physically active
8. MK resident and registered with an MK GP or the MK Integrated Diabetes Services

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Unable to understand English sufficiently to complete the trial assessments.
2. Women known to be pregnant or breastfeeding
3. Do not own/ cannot operate a smartphone.
4. Life-limiting condition.
5. Chronic health conditions significantly affecting mobility.
6. Meeting physical activity guidelines of 150 minutes of moderate-to-vigorous physical activity as measured by the physical activity vital signs questionnaire.

Date of first enrolment

31/10/2023

Date of final enrolment

30/04/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Milton Keynes University Hospital

Standing Way

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Milton Keynes Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

ROR

<https://ror.org/03r1qk590>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Apple

Alternative Name(s)

Apple Inc., Apple Computer Company, Apple Computer, Inc.

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

United States of America

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for this study are unknown and will be available at a later date

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article		12/11/2024	15/11/2024	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes