# Evaluating the potential benefit of adjuvant chemotherapy for small bowel adenocarcinoma

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
04/12/2014		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed Condition category	Statistical analysis plan		
16/12/2014		Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
11/04/2024	Cancer	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-at-chemotherapy-after-surgery-for-small-bowel-cancer-ballad

# Contact information

# Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Mrs Sarah Bradley

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2013-003047-29

#### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT04257461

#### Protocol serial number

**BALLAD 2013** 

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A trial to evaluate the potential benefit of adjuvant chemotherapy for small bowel adenocarcinoma

#### **Acronym**

**BALLAD** 

## **Study objectives**

Current study hypothesis as of 12/07/2019:

Adjuvant fluoropyrimidine chemotherapy results in an improved outcome (DFS and OS) over observation alone after potentially curative surgery for stage I, II, III and IV SBA2. Adjuvant fluoropyrimidine and oxaliplatin chemotherapy results in an improved outcome (DFS and OS) over fluropyrimidine alone after potentially curative surgery for stage I, II, III and IV small bowel adenocarcinoma

#### Previous study hypothesis:

Adjuvant fluoropyrimidine chemotherapy results in an improved outcome (DFS and OS) over observation alone after potentially curative surgery for stage I, II and III SBA2. Adjuvant fluoropyrimidine and oxaliplatin chemotherapy results in an improved outcome (DFS and OS) over fluropyrimidine alone after potentially curative surgery for stage I, II and III small bowel adenocarcinoma.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

West of Scotland Research Ethics Service 1, 05/03/2015, ref: 15/WS/0011

# Study design

Open-label randomised controlled multi-centre global trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Small bowel adenocarcinoma

#### **Interventions**

Group 1: Patients will be randomised between observation and chemotherapy. Those patients who draw the chemotherapy arm and who have consented to this can go on to be randomised into the group 2 question. This is to be encouraged as it will add significant value and improve efficiency of the trial.

Group 2: Patients will be randomised to receive therapy with a fluoropyrimidine regimen or combination therapy of fluoropyrimidine plus oxaliplatin. Investigators must specify the fluoropyrimidine regimen at the time of randomisation for each individual patient. Any accepted

institutional standard IV 5-FU/Folinic Acid regimen or oral capecitabine regimen may be used. The combination regimen is specified as oxaliplatin delivered as part of a standard institutional fluoropyrimidine combination regimen. Treatment will continue for up to 24 weeks

#### **Intervention Type**

Drug

#### Phase

Phase III

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

1. Capecitabine 2. 5-FU 3. Oxaliplatin

## Primary outcome(s)

Disease free survival is the primary end point for the trial. This is defined at time from randomisation to the first occurrence of the following events:

- 1. Disease relapse (confirmed by imaging)
- 2. Incidence of a new primary (confirmed by imaging and histology/cytology)
- 3. Death from any cause

Patients who experience none of these events are censored at the last date known to be alive.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Overall survival: The patient's survival status is determined at each follow-up visit. After the mandated clinic visits survival status data will come from responsible cancer centres, cancer registries and national databases and include long-term passive follow-up data such as that collected through collaboration with the National Cancer Intelligence Network in the U.K.
- 2. Toxicity of chemotherapy: Toxicity will be assessed using CTCAE version 4.0. Only toxicities that are at least grade 2 will be recorded on the CRF
- 3. Quality of life: This is assessed using the EORTC QLQ-C30, EORTC QLQ-CR29 v2.1 and EQ-5D scales

Health Economics: Assess the cost-effectiveness of 24 weeks adjuvant chemotherapy in comparison to observation alone; and assess the cost-effectiveness of 24 weeks adjuvant 5FU /Capecitabine monotherapy compared to 5FU/Capecitabine plus Oxaliplatin. Outcomes will be reported as incremental cost per DFS and incremental cost per QALY. 4. Establishment of a central tissue bank for patients with SBA

## Completion date

28/02/2025

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

Current participant inclusion criteria as of 12/07/2019:

- 1. R0 resected stage I, II, III or IV SBA
- 2. No evidence of residual or metastatic disease at laparotomy or on CT/MRI imaging of chest, abdomen and pelvis
- 3. Patients must be registered and randomised within 14 weeks of surgery and commence chemotherapy within 16 weeks of surgery
- 4. ECOG Performance Status of 0 or 1
- 5. Absolute neutrophil account  $\geq 1.5 \times 109/l$
- 6. Platelet count  $\geq 100 \times 109/l$

- 7. Haemoglobin ≥90 g/l (previous transfusion is allowed)
- 8. AST and ALT  $\leq$  2.5 x upper limit of normal (ULN). (At least one of ALT or AST MUST be performed)
- 9. Creatinine clearance > 50 ml/min (calculated by Cockcroft Gault or Wright equation) or measured by EDTA
- 10. Serum bilirubin ≤ 1.5 x ULN
- 11. Signed and dated informed consent indicating that the patient has been informed of all the pertinent aspects of the trial prior to enrolment
- 12. Age ≥ 16 years
- 13. Willingness and ability to comply with scheduled visits, treatment plans and laboratory tests and other trial procedures

Previous participant inclusion criteria:

- 1. R0 resected stage I, II or III SBA
- 2. No evidence of residual or metastatic disease at laparotomy or on CT/MRI imaging of chest, abdomen and pelvis
- 3. Patients must be registered and randomised within 12 weeks of surgery and commence chemotherapy within 14 weeks of surgery
- 4. ECOG Performance Status of 0 or 1
- 5. Absolute neutrophil account  $\geq 1.5 \times 109/l$
- 6. Platelet count  $\geq$  100 x 109/l
- 7. Haemoglobin ≥90 g/l (previous transfusion is allowed)
- 8. AST and ALT  $\leq$  2.5 x upper limit of normal (ULN). (At least one of ALT or AST MUST be performed)
- 9. Creatinine clearance > 50 ml/min (calculated by Cockcroft Gault or Wright equation) or measured by EDTA
- 10. Serum bilirubin ≤ 1.5 x ULN
- 11. Signed and dated informed consent indicating that the patient has been informed of all the pertinent aspects of the trial prior to enrolment
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- 13. Willingness and ability to comply with scheduled visits, treatment plans and laboratory tests and other trial procedures

## Participant type(s)

Patient

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Αll

#### Total final enrolment

69

#### Key exclusion criteria

Current participant exclusion criteria as of 12/07/2019:

1. Non-adenocarcinoma histology of small bowel tumour which includes but is not confined to

lymphoma, GIST, carcinoid or other neuroendocrine tumour, squamous carcinoma, melanoma or sarcoma.

- 2. Adenocarcinoma arising in the appendix or colorectum
- 3. Previous neo-adjuvant chemo(radio)therapy for SBA
- 4. Clinically significant cardiovascular disease (i.e. active or < 12 months since cerebrovascular accident, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, New York Heart Association [NYHA] grade II or greater congestive heart failure, serious cardiac arrhythmia requiring medication, uncontrolled hypertension)
- 5. Pregnancy/lactation or of child bearing potential and not using medically approved contraception. (Postmenopausal women must have been amenorrhoeic for at least 12 months to be considered of non-childbearing potential)
- 6. Previous invasive or non-invasive malignancy except:
- (i) Ductal Carcinoma in Situ (DCIS) of the breast where treatment consisted of resection alone,
- (ii) cervical carcinoma in situ where treatment consisted of resection alone, (iii) basal cell or squamous cell carcinoma where treatment consisted of resection alone or radiotherapy, (iv) superficial bladder carcinoma where treatments consisted of resection alone or with a single installation of intracescical chemotherapy or with BCG treatment, (v) other cancers where the patient has been disease-free for at least 3 years and treatment was with curative intent and (vi) other cancers wih very low potential for recurrence can be discussed with the CI or his approved representative through the Glasgow CRUK Clinical Trials Unit where eligibility will be considered on an individual basis
- 7. Known or suspected dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD) deficiency
- 8. Known untreated coeliac disease (may be enrolled if diet controlled), untreated chronic inflammatory bowel disease or other cause of malabsorption or intestinal obstruction
- 9. Grade  $\geq$  2 peripheral neuropathy
- 10. Administration of any investigational drug within 28 days or 5 half-lives, whichever is longer, prior to receiving the first dose of trial treatment.
- 11. Previous hypersensitivity to platinum salts
- 12. Patients with clinically significant, active infections, or any other serious medical condition in which chemotherapy is contraindicated will be excluded
- 13. Patients with untreated vitamin B12 deficiency are excluded from receiving folinic acid as part of their chemotherapy regimen. However, these patients may be eligible for treatment with capecitabine fluoropyrimidine therapy, where no folinic acid is administered as part of the treatment regimen
- 14. Patients with clinically significant sensorineural hearing impairment are excluded from receiving oxaliplatin but will be eligible for the fluoropyrimidine monotherapy provided as a clinician's choice for patients in group 1 randomised to either observation or chemotherapy 15. Any patient receiving treatment with brivudine, sorivudine and analogues

#### Previous participant exclusion criteria:

- 1. Non-adenocarcinoma histology of small bowel tumour which includes but is not confined to lymphoma, GIST, carcinoid or other neuroendocrine tumour, squamous carcinoma, melanoma or sarcoma
- 2. Previous neo-adjuvant chemo(radio)therapy for SBA
- 3. Clinically significant cardiovascular disease (i.e. active or < 12 months since cerebrovascular accident, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, New York Heart Association [NYHA] grade II or greater congestive heart failure, serious cardiac arrhythmia requiring medication, uncontrolled hypertension)
- 4. Pregnancy/lactation or of child bearing potential and not using medically approved contraception. (Postmenopausal women must have been amenorrhoeic for at least 12 months to be considered of non-childbearing potential)

- 5. Previous malignancy other than adequately treated in situ carcinoma of the uterine cervix or basal or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin, unless there has been a disease free interval of at least 3 years and treatment was with curative intent
- 6. Known or suspected dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD) deficiency
- 7. Known untreated coeliac disease (may be enrolled if diet controlled), untreated chronic inflammatory bowel disease or other cause of malabsorption or intestinal obstruction
- 8. Grade ≥ 2 peripheral neuropathy
- 9. Administration of any investigational drug within 28 days or 5 half-lives, whichever is longer, prior to receiving the first dose of trial treatment
- 10. Previous hypersensitivity to platinum salts

# Date of first enrolment

25/08/2015

Date of final enrolment 31/08/2022

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Belgium

France

Japan

**Study participating centre Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre**United Kingdom

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Greater Glasgow and Clyde Healthboard and University of Glasgow

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05kdz4d87

# Funder(s)

Funder type

#### **Funder Name**

Cancer Research UK

# Alternative Name(s)

CR\_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

## **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

Other non-profit organizations

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 6	16/07/2021	26/11/2021	No	No