

# Efficacy of a combination hearing aid and sound generator

<b>Submission date</b> 16/04/2015	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 27/04/2015	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 12/02/2016	<b>Condition category</b> Ear, Nose and Throat	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Tinnitus is a term used to describe a 'ringing in the ears' that comes from inside a person's body rather than from an outside source. There are various causes of tinnitus, and sometimes there is no identifiable cause. However, tinnitus is often triggered by hearing loss. Using a hearing aid can sometimes help people with tinnitus as it stops their ears straining to hear and helps with their hearing loss. There are also combination hearing aids which provide sound therapy, meaning they can make sounds in the environment louder to distract people from their tinnitus. Some of these combination hearing aids can produce natural sounds, such as rainfall or the ocean, to distract from tinnitus symptoms. In this study, a sound therapy hearing aid will be tested to see whether it works better at providing relief from tinnitus than a standard hearing aid in people with some degree of hearing loss.

### Who can participate?

Adults with hearing loss and tinnitus.

### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into one of two groups. Those in group 1 (intervention group) receive a sound therapy hearing aid alongside their usual care. Those in group 2 (control group) receive a standard hearing aid alongside their usual care. Participants use their devices for 6 months. Participants are asked to complete various questionnaires and have interviews with the clinician during the study. Follow up interviews take place 1 week after treatment, and again 1, 3 and 6 months later.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no specific risks associated with participating in this study.

### Where is the study run from?

1. Cleveland Clinic (USA)
2. Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2015 to October 2015

Who is funding the study?  
Oticon A/S (Denmark)

Who is the main contact?  
Dr D Baguley

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Public

**Contact name**  
Dr David Baguley

**Contact details**  
Hills Rd  
Cambridge  
United Kingdom  
CB2 2QQ

## Additional identifiers

**Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)**  
167794

**Protocol serial number**  
IRAS ID: 167794

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Efficacy of a combination hearing aid and sound generator: a randomised trial

**Study objectives**  
The benefits of a device with combined hearing aid/sound generator functions are above that of a hearing aid alone, for adults with troublesome tinnitus. Furthermore, the device has good clinical efficacy and is easy for patients and clinicians to use.

**Ethics approval required**  
Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**  
Not provided at time of registration.

**Study design**  
Interventional randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design**  
Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Tinnitus

## **Interventions**

Participants are randomised to one of two groups.

Intervention group: participants will trial a hearing device with built-in tinnitus sound generator feature activated for six months at home, alongside standard care. Participants also receive guidance on use of the device.

Control group: participants will trial a conventional hearing device for six months at home, alongside standard care.

## **Intervention Type**

Device

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Tinnitus Functional Index (TFI) to measure tinnitus severity
2. Tinnitus Acceptance Questionnaire (TAQ)

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. My Tinnitus document (self-report of symptoms)
2. Hearing Handicap Inventory (HHIA/HHIE) self-report measure of hearing-related disability
3. Patient interviews at each visit

## **Completion date**

31/12/2016

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Hearing impaired with flat or mild to moderate-severe sloping sensorineural hearing loss (SNHL). Hearing loss can be asymmetrical provided participant has been medically cleared for red flag conditions by a physician or otolaryngologist.
2. No limitation on type of fitting that can be worn (e.g. open fitting, closed dome, ear mold allowed, depending on HL).
3. New hearing instrument users preferred to eliminate pre-user bias.
4. GAD-7 anxiety screening: score from 0-9, indicating no anxiety or minimal to mild anxiety only.
5. PHQ-9 depression screening: score from 0-9, indicating no depression or minimal to mild depression only.
6. TFI questionnaire: tinnitus symptoms ranging in severity rating from  $\geq 32$  to  $\leq 71$  points.
7. Age 18 and over
8. Only mild hyperacusis symptoms

## **Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Clinical diagnosis of moderate to severe depression (score  $\geq 10$  in PHQ-9 screening)
2. Clinical diagnosis of moderate to severe anxiety disorder (score  $\geq 10$  in GAD-7 screening)
3. Patients with severe to profound hearing loss
4. Normal hearing tinnitus patients
5. Patients with very mild or severe to profound tinnitus symptoms
6. Patient where main symptom is hyperacusis
7. Patient cannot hear the sound generator signal at 82 dB(A)SPL

**Date of first enrolment**

01/04/2015

**Date of final enrolment**

01/07/2016

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

United States of America

**Study participating centre****Cleveland Clinic**

Head & Neck Institute

9500 Euclid Avenue, A71

Cleveland, Ohio

United States of America

44195

**Study participating centre**

Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Hills Road

Cambridge  
United Kingdom  
CB2 0QQ

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Oticon A/S

### ROR

<https://ror.org/05mwsq745>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Industry

### Funder Name

Oticon A/S (Denmark)

## Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration