Pilot randomized-controlled trial on the efficacy of acupuncture in people with an increased stress level

Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
	∐ Protocol		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	[X] Results		
Condition category	[X] Individual participant data		
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

It is well known that chronic (long-term) stress is a risk factor or intensifier for a variety of physical disorders or illnesses. Chronic stress has been demonstrated to increase cardiovascular (heart disease) risks, musculoskeletal disorders, and mental disorders such as depression. In Traditional Chinese Medicine acupuncture has been used to treat stress-related disorders. First studies have shown that acupuncture may serve as an adequate treatment for people with increased stress. However, well-designed studies demonstrating the effectiveness of acupuncture in chronic stress are still lacking. This study aims to assess the feasibility and acceptability of acupuncture in people with an increased stress level.

Who can participate?

Healthy adults aged 18 and over with an increased stress level

What does the study involve?

At the beginning of the study a diagnostic assessment is carried out for all participants. Afterwards participants are randomly allocated to one of three groups. One group receives verum (true) acupuncture treatment, one group sham acupuncture, and one group is put on a waiting list. Stress is measured at the start of the study, at the end of treatment and at three months after the end of treatment.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All participants are assessed closely by a professional team at the start of the study. Participants of all groups may benefit from the acupuncture treatment. Participation in this study involves no risks of physical injury or harm.

Where is the study run from?
University Hospital Heidelberg (Germany)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2017 to August 2018 Who is funding the study?

- 1. University Hospital Heidelberg (Germany)
- 2. Ministerium für Wissenschaft, Forschung und Kunst Baden-Württemberg (Germany)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Beate Wild

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Beate Wild

Contact details

Im Neuenheimer Feld 410 Heidelberg Germany 69120

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Pilot randomized-controlled trial on the efficacy of acupuncture in people with an increased stress level

Acronym

AkuRest

Study objectives

This pilot study aims to assess the feasibility and acceptability of the study design and treatment.

Study hypotheses:

- 1. The study design is well accepted by those persons meeting the inclusion criteria. The rate of persons consenting to participation is over 50%, and more than 70% of the included persons complete the study.
- 2. Explorative: The acupuncture intervention leads to a reduction of the stress level measured by using the Perceived Stress Questionnaire (PSQ-20) and the Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ stress module).
- 3. Explorative: Acupuncture leads to alterations in psychoneuroimmunologic and psychophysiologic parameters.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the University of Heidelberg, 12/05/2017, ref: S-011/2017

Study design

Randomized controlled three-armed pilot study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Adults with high self-reported stress levels

Interventions

At the beginning of the study a diagnostic assessment is done for all participants. Afterwards participants are randomized to one out of three groups. The randomization will conducted by using the randomization software "RANDI 2". Randomization will be stratified by center. The randomization program will be applied by an independent assistant at the University Hospital Heidelberg.

- 1. Verum acupuncture group. The indicated points of the verum acupuncture are predefined according to literature research and the expertise of the acupuncturist and will be maintained throughout the 10 sessions. Eliciting a De Qi sensation is the aim of the treatment. The individual points may be chosen and altered during the course of treatment by the acupuncturist according to the leading clinical symptoms.
- 2. Sham acupuncture group. 4-6 standardized points of acupuncture are chosen that are not on acupuncture meridians. These will only be placed superficially without eliciting a so-called De Qi sensation. The control acupuncture points may analogous to the verum acupuncture be changed individually during the course of treatment.
- 3. Waiting list control group: a group that will, to begin with, not be treated for 3 months.

The intervention consists of 10 sessions (each between 20-30 minutes). Acupuncture will be carried out by a licensed acupuncturist. Intervals between treatments are dependent on the participant and according to plan and feasibility between 3 and 7 days. The total duration of treatment will be up to three months. There will be a follow-up measurement at about three months after the end of treatment.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Feasibility and acceptability: defined as the study design is well accepted by those persons meeting the inclusion criteria, the rate of persons consenting to participation is over 50% and more than 70% of these complete the study. Measured at the end of treatment.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Stress level, measured by the PSQ-20, the PSS, and the PHQ stress module
- 2. Heart rate variability, measured at all three centers with the same device using a standardized protocol
- 3. Psychoneuroimmunologic parameters, analysed using blood samples

Measured at baseline (at the beginning of the study), end of treatment, and at three months follow-up

Completion date

31/12/2018

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. PSQ-20 score ≥ 60
- 2. Age ≥ 18
- 3. Written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Αll

Total final enrolment

70

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Suicidal ideation
- 2. Psychiatric disorder
- 3. Needle phobia
- 4. Insufficient knowledge of the German language

Date of first enrolment

31/08/2017

Date of final enrolment

15/06/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre

Department of General Internal Medicine and Psychosomatics, University Hospital

Im Neuenheimer Feld 410 Heidelberg Germany 69120

Study participating centre

Institute of General Practice and Interprofessional Care, University Hospital Tübingen

Tübingen Germany 72076

Study participating centre

Centre for Complimentary Medicine, University Hospital Freiburg

Freiburg Germany 79106

Study participating centre

The Institute of Immunology, University Hospital Heidelberg

Heidelberg Germany 69120

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospital Heidelberg

ROR

https://ror.org/013czdx64

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

University Hospital Heidelberg (preparation, design planning, data management, organization, treatment)

Funder Name

Ministerium für Wissenschaft, Forschung und Kunst Baden-Württemberg (cooperation centers)

Alternative Name(s)

Ministry of Science, Research and Art Baden-Württemberg, MWK

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Local government

Location

Germany

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/07/2020	22/09/2020	Yes	No
<u>Dataset</u>			11/10/2023	No	No