A programme to develop a skin patch containing two medicines (physostigmine and hyoscine), Study 6: Assessment of blood levels of the two medicines and any associated symptoms in healthy female participants.

Submission date 13/01/2020	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
20/01/2020 Last Edited	Completed Condition category	☐ Results
		Individual participant data
14/01/2020	Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A skin patch containing two medicines (physostigmine and hyoscine) has been developed. The skin patch releases these medicines enabling them to cross the skin into the bloodstream. The aim of this study was to measure the amount of physostigmine and hyoscine in the blood at different times and assess any associated symptoms with two different patch sizes (21cm² and 25cm²). The participants in the study are healthy female participants. All the previously conducted studies on the skin patch involved healthy men.

Who can participate?

Study participants are females aged between 18 and 45 years.

What does the study involve?

Each participant in period 1 of the study will wear an active F11 transdermal patch (21 cm²) for 72 hours. Each participant in period 2 will wear a larger size F11 transdermal patch (25 cm²) for 72 hours. Each participant in period 3 will wear three consecutive active or placebo F11 transdermal patches (21 cm²) for 9 days. Each patch will be applied for a period of 72 hours. Blood samples are taken before and after patch application to measure the amounts of the two medicines (physostigmine and hyoscine). In addition the activity of the enzyme acetylcholinesterase (AchE) is measured in these blood samples. The condition of the skin under the patch is recorded at set times and any symptoms experienced while it is worn are noted. Heart rate, blood pressure, electrical activity of the heart (ECG), tests of vison and cognitive function are also recorded at set times.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no direct benefits for the individuals participating in this study. However, the information collected from the study will add to the scientific knowledge about the

physostigmine and hyoscine patch. All medicinal products may cause side effects. The most common side effects known about the medicines in the patch are nausea and vomiting due to physostigmine and blurred vision and dry mouth due to hyoscine. Single and multiple applications of the F-11/21 patch are considered to be well-tolerated.

Where is the study run from? The study was conducted at Simbec Research Limited, UK.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2006 to November 2008.

Who is funding the study? UK Ministry of Defence

Who is the main contact? centralenquiries@dstl.gov.uk

Contact information

Type(s)Scientific

Contact name

Dr Medical Advisor

Contact details

Porton Down Salisbury United Kingdom SP4 OJQ

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centralenquiries@dstl.gov.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2006-006809-90

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers RD 209/24426

Study information

Scientific Title

A study to investigate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of a single

application (one or two dose levels) and multiple applications (one dose level) of the transdermal patch formulations of physostigmine and hyoscine in healthy female subjects

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to investigate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of single (two dose levels) and repeat application (one dose level) of a transdermal patch containing physostigmine and hyoscine, in healthy female participants.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/03/2007, South East Wales Local Research Ethics Committees (LREC) (Churchill House, 17 Churchill Way, Cardiff, CF10 2TW, UK; +44 (0)2920402402; no email address provided), ref: 07/WSE04/24

Study design

Single centre 3-part randomized double-blind placebo-controlled study of 2 dose levels

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Potential risk of poisoning by nerve agent

Interventions

Generic drug name-physostigmine and hyoscine (transdermal patch)

Dosage - period 1: a single 72 hour application of active 21 cm² patch formulation F-11 (F11/21)

Dosage - period 2: a single 72 hour application of active 25 cm² patch formulation F-11 (F11/25)

Dosage- period 3: three consecutive 72 hour applications of active or placebo 21cm² patch

formulation F-11 (F11/21)

Randomisation:

A sequential three-digit subject (randomisation) number was assigned once subjects were enrolled in the study. In the randomised, placebo-controlled, part of the trial (Period 3) active or placebo patches were allocated according to the randomisation schedule produced by the CRO.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Physostigmine and hyoscine

Primary outcome measure

The safety and tolerability of physostigmine/hyoscine transdermal patches assessed by monitoring vital signs, ECG, ocular function (near point), patch application site assessment, using digital photography. Tests performed at intervals for up to 96 hours after patch application and at follow up after periods 1 and 2. In period 3 these safety measures are conducted at up to 240 hours after first patch application and at follow up.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The pharmacokinetic (PK) and pharmacodynamic (PD) profiles of physostigmine and hyoscine measured in periods 1 and 2 at pre-dose and regular intervals up to 96 hours after patch application. In period 3 the blood levels of these medicines was measured at pre-dose and up to 240 hours after first patch application. Assay by liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS-MS) method. Acetylcholinesterase levels measured at baseline, pre-dose, and intervals up to 240 hours after patch application. Method was validated spectrophotometric method
- 2. The cognitive and ocular effects of physostigmine and hyoscine measured by a set of attention tests and light responsiveness/ vision accommodation tests respectively

Overall study start date

12/09/2006

Completion date

12/11/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Screening (all periods):

- 1. Ability to give written informed consent prior to study participation
- 2. Healthy Caucasian female subjects aged between 18 and 45 years (inclusive)
- 3. A female with a documented record of surgical sterilisation, or of child-bearing potential could be enrolled provided she:
- 3.1. Had a negative pregnancy test prior to entry into the study and agreed not to attempt to become pregnant during the study.
- 3.2. Is routinely using adequate hormonal contraception (including hormonal implants, depot injections, and hormone-impregnated IUDs when supplemented by a barrier method) which had not been changed in the three months before the study; agreed to continue to do so during the study, and agreed to use an additional barrier method for the duration of the study and for 28 days after study completion
- 3.3. Is not breastfeeding

- 4. Body Mass Index (BMI) within the range of \geq 21 and \leq 30 kg/m²
- 5. Individual vital signs must be within the following ranges:
- 5.1. Pulse rate 50-90 bpm
- 5.2. Systolic blood pressure 100-140 mmHg
- 5.3. Diastolic blood pressure 50-90 mmHg
- 6. Ability to communicate well with the investigator and comply with the requirements of the study
- 7. Subjects intending to take part in two study periods must agree not to take part in another clinical study involving blood sampling for a further 4 months (due to the relatively high amount of blood required for this study)

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Male

Target number of participants

36 subjects

Key exclusion criteria

Screening (all periods):

- 1. Presence of any clinically significant medical condition as determined by the Investigator
- 2. Any surgical or medical condition which might significantly alter the absorption, distribution, metabolism or excretion of any drug (e.g. renal or liver disease, respiratory, immunological, endocrine or neurological disorders).
- 3. Any clinically-significant ECG abnormality other than sinus bradycardia or respiratory sinus arrhythmia
- 4. Evidence of postural hypotension (BP measurement after 5 minutes supine and again after 2 minutes standing, defined as a decrease between the two measurements of more than 20 mmHg (systolic)
- 5. Known or suspected hypersensitivity or idiosyncratic reaction related to any of the study products
- 6. Any history of contact dermatitis
- 7. A dibucaine number of less than 70
- 8. Any skin disorder, broken skin, scars, tattoos at the sites of patch application (i.e. on both arms, if volunteer planned to take part in more than one patch administration)
- 9. Glaucoma or a history of glaucoma in first-degree relatives (i.e. parents, siblings or offspring)
- 10. Presence of Anterior Chamber Narrow Angle (Van Herrick Grade 1 and 2)
- 11. Intra-ocular pressure exceeding 20 mmHg
- 12. Uncorrected vision in either eye of worse than 6/9 on the Snellen Scale
- 13. Corrected vision of 6/9 or better on the Snellen Scale when wearing +2.25 dioptre reading glasses.
- 14. Require glasses or contact lenses for distance vision
- 15. History of asthma (within the previous 10 years), exercise induced bronchospasm or relevant

seasonal bronchospasm

- 16. Lung function of less than 80% of predicted FEV1 and FVC values
- 17. History or evidence of drug abuse (opiates, methadone, cocaine, amphetamines, cannabinoids, barbiturates)
- 18. Positive test for HIV, Hepatitis B surface antigen or Hepatitis C antibody
- 19. History or evidence of alcohol abuse defined as an intake of more than 21 units per week (where 1 unit corresponds to 250 ml beer, 20 ml spirits/liqueur or one glass (100 ml) of wine)
- 20. Positive urine test for alcohol
- 21. Participation in another clinical study within the last three months
- 22. Use of any prescription medication within the last 14 days (with the exception of hormonal contraception)
- 23. Use of non-prescription medication that may have impacted the safety aspects and objectives of the study, within the last 7 days (apart from paracetamol)
- 24. Donation of blood or blood products within the last 3 months, or the intention to donate blood or blood products within 3 months after completion of the study if taking part in one study period or donated blood or blood products within 4 months after completion of the study if taking part in two study periods

Baseline (all periods):

- 1. Evidence of postural hypotension (BP measurement after 5 minutes supine and again after 2 minutes standing, defined as a decrease between the two measurements of more than 20 mmHg (systolic)
- 2. Development of any exclusion criteria since last visit
- 3. Positive urine test for alcohol
- 4. Positive drugs of abuse test
- 5. Negative pregnancy test (if appropriate)
- 6. Use of any prescription medication since last visit (with the exception of hormonal contraception)
- 7. Use of non-prescription medication that may impact the safety aspects and objectives of the study, within the last 7 days (apart from paracetamol)

Date of first enrolment

19/03/2007

Date of final enrolment

20/07/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre Simbec Research Limited

Merthyr Tydfil

Sponsor information

Organisation

Dstl

Sponsor details

Porton Down Salisbury United Kingdom SP4 OJQ

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centralenquiries@dstl.gov.uk

Sponsor type

Government

ROR

https://ror.org/04jswqb94

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Ministry of Defence

Alternative Name(s)

MOD

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Our intention is to submit the results of this study for publication in an academic journal later in the development programme.

Intention to publish date

15/01/2021

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available due to confidentiality.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available