

Ibuprofen for menstrual cramps

Submission date 02/12/2024	Recruitment status Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 17/04/2025	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 04/02/2026	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Up to 94% of adolescent girls and young women suffer from menstrual cramps (cramps, also called primary dysmenorrhea [PD]), out of which over 30% report moderate to severe pain and 20-30% increased school/work absenteeism and the potential development of chronic pain. Current guidelines recommend nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) as the first-line treatment, with standard cramp therapy as 200-400 mg ibuprofen initially, then 200 mg every 4-8 hours. However, only half of women on ibuprofen for cramps report sufficient or effective pain relief. This may be explained by the current regimen failing to take into account Ibuprofen's short half-life of 1.6-2 hours and its need to work "upstream" (via blocking prostaglandin synthesis). Despite extensive clinical and instructional experience (<https://www.cemcor.ca/resources/painful-periods>), a more frequent dosing regimen that better aligns with drug characteristics has never previously been tested.

This study aims to test an intense (as-soon-as-cramps-start-to-return) ibuprofen dosing regimen vs a standard-of-care regimen for the treatment of menstrual cramps to answer whether women will perceive compared to their last 3-months' experience that intense ibuprofen dosing significantly decreases menstrual cramp intensity during 1 week of documented therapy compared with standard-of-care Ibuprofen dosing.

Who can participate?

Menstruating individuals 16-35 years of age in Metro Vancouver with regular menstrual cycles, about 1 month apart, who experience moderate to severe cramps interfering with daily life and activities.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups to receive intensive or standard ibuprofen dosing for the treatment of menstrual cramps (primary dysmenorrhea). The experimental and control groups will receive corresponding instructions on when and how to take ibuprofen, as well as to record parameters in their menstrual cycle diary and the ibuprofen use recording form. The study duration per participant will be up to 16 days, with 1 day of screening and enrolment, 7 premenstrual days and 7 menstrual cycle days for independent data collection, and 1-2 days for follow-up and completing a final questionnaire.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will benefit from receiving Ibuprofen tablets prescribed for the treatment of their

moderate to severe menstrual cramps (a total of 90 200 mg tablets), menstrual cups (if requested, with counseling on how to use one), and education and skills to improve personal health monitoring.

Risks include adverse effects from taking ibuprofen, which will be minimized through eligibility screening and appropriate patient counseling.

Where is the study run from?

Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research (Canada)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2024 to March 2026

Who is funding the study?

1. Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research (Canada)
2. Pure Integrative Pharmacy (Canada)
3. UBC Faculty of Medicine (Canada)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Jerilynn C. Prior, jerilynn.prior@ubc.ca or dhani.kalidasan@ubc.ca

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Treatment of menstrual cramps in young adult women— randomized controlled trial of standard versus experimental dosing of ibuprofen

Study objectives

It is hypothesized that the intense ibuprofen dosing (experimental arm) will decrease cramp intensity by 60% (Final Questionnaire recording of -3) versus 20% (-1) for the standard arm with both compared with cramps in the last three cycles.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

submitted 12/11/2024, Clinical Research Ethics Board (CREB), University of British Columbia (UBC CREB Office: Room 210 - Research Pavilion 828 West 10th Avenue, Vancouver, V5Z 1M9, Canada; +1 (0)604 827 5310; pia.ganz@ubc.ca), ref: H24-03415

Study design

Single-centre open-label semi-blinded (statistician-blinded) randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Efficacy, Quality of life, Safety, Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Primary dysmenorrhea (menstrual cramps)

Interventions

Participants are randomized to intensive or standard ibuprofen dosing for the treatment of menstrual cramps (primary dysmenorrhea).

Experimental (intense ibuprofen dosing) - Their prescription will read "Following the initial 400 mg dose with food/milk, take another 200 mg tablet with food/milk as soon as cramps start to return, even if this is only 1-2 hours since the last dose, to a maximum of 12 tabs every 24 hours."

Standard (recommended Ibuprofen for cramps dosing) – Their prescription will read "Following the initial 400 mg dose with food/milk, take another 200 mg tablet with food/milk every 4-6 hours to a maximum of 12 tabs every 24 hours."

The study duration per participant will be up to 16 days, with 1 day of screening and enrolment, 7 premenstrual days and 7 menstrual cycle days for independent data collection, and 1-2 days for follow-up and completing a final questionnaire.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ibuprofen

Primary outcome(s)

The perceived change (scored -5, 0, +5) in cramp intensity on intensive ibuprofen dosing (experimental) versus standard-of-care ibuprofen dosing both as compared with usual cramp experience in the last 3 months, as recorded in the Final Questionnaire at the end of each volunteer's participation

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Variables relevant to participants' cramp experience: changes in feeling of self-worth, feeling of energy and outside stresses recorded before and during flow, as scored on a scale from 1-5, as recorded by a daily Menstrual Cycle Diary© (Daily Diary) throughout the 14 days of this study
2. Amount of flow as recorded on the Daily Diary by number of soaked tampons +/- pads (normal size-soaked/day), or by volume scoring if they are using a menstrual cup
3. Gastrointestinal ibuprofen adverse effects: heartburn, stomach pain, nausea, vomiting, as recorded on the daily Ibuprofen Therapy Recording form during cramps
4. General menstrual flow or cramps adverse effects (headache, tiredness, diarrhea, sleep problems) recorded on the Daily Diary and the Ibuprofen Therapy Recording form throughout the trial and during cramps, respectively
5. Total mg of ibuprofen/day taken for menstrual cramps recorded using the daily Ibuprofen Therapy Recording form over each of the 1st to 7th menstrual cycle days
6. Remaining ibuprofen pill counts by random assignment (returning them to the participant) at the end of each volunteer's trial participation
7. Mean menstrual cramp intensity scored on a scale from 0-4, by the Daily Diary during the time of experiencing cramps
8. Mean menstrual cramp duration as recorded >0 in the Daily Diary during the time of experiencing cramps
9. Cramps Score = (total days with cramps X mean cramp intensity), by prospective daily Menstrual Cycle Diary© records during the time of experiencing cramps
10. Perceived change in the duration of cramps on the Final Questionnaire at each volunteer's end of participation
11. Perceived change in the impact of cramps on daily life as reported on the Final Questionnaire at each volunteer's end of participation

Completion date

31/03/2026

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Current inclusion criteria as of 04/02/2026:

Resident within Metro Vancouver with access to offices in the Diamond Centre near Vancouver General Hospital

1. Menstruating individuals 16-35 years of age
2. Regular menstrual cycles, approximately 1 month apart (range 21-35 days or 3-5 weeks)
3. Moderate to severe cramps (problematic cramps) interfering with daily life and activities (as defined by the screening questionnaire)
4. If sexually active with a man, may be using non-hormonal contraceptives (condoms, diaphragm either or both with vaginal spermicide, or the copper IUD)

Previous inclusion criteria:

Resident within Metro Vancouver with access to offices in the Diamond Centre near Vancouver General Hospital

1. Menstruating individuals 16-25 years of age
2. Regular menstrual cycles, approximately 1 month apart (range 21-35 days or 3-5 weeks)
3. Moderate to severe cramps (problematic cramps) interfering with daily life and activities (as defined by the screening questionnaire)
4. If sexually active with a man, may be using non-hormonal contraceptives (condoms, diaphragm either or both with vaginal spermicide, or the copper IUD)

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

16 years

Upper age limit

35 years

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

0

Key exclusion criteria

1. Hormonal contraceptives (including combined hormonal contraceptives, levonorgestrel-releasing IUDs*, hormonal implant, Depo-Provera, progestin-only pill) and emergency contraceptives within the last cycle, or any reproductive hormone use within the last 3 months.
2. Have inability to take or should not take Ibuprofen as described by the screening questionnaire. For example, a hypersensitivity to Ibuprofen or other NSAIDs or any ingredients in the formulation of the Ibuprofen tablets, which may include microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, colloidal silicon dioxide, hydroxypropyl cellulose, polyethylene glycol, titanium dioxide, D&C yellow #10 and FD&C yellow #6, carnauba wax.
3. Have complete or partial syndrome of acetylsalicylic acid (ASA) intolerance (rhinosinusitis, urticaria/angioedema, nasal polyps, asthma) in whom asthma, anaphylaxis, urticaria /angioedema, rhinitis or other allergic manifestations are precipitated by ASA or other NSAIDs, as per the contraindications section in the manufacturer product monograph.
4. Active gastric or duodenal ulcer, a history of recurrent ulceration, gastrointestinal bleeding, or active inflammatory disease of the gastrointestinal system. Patients with gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) are not excluded by these criteria.
5. Significant hepatic impairment or active liver disease.
6. History of severe kidney disease defined as eGFR <30ml/min.
7. Have suffered from an acute kidney injury (serum creatinine rise of 26 uM) in the past 6 weeks due to significant fluid loss.

8. Have systemic lupus erythematosus, as anaphylaxis-type reactions with fever have been documented to occur when Ibuprofen has been administered previously, as per the contraindication's sections in the manufacturer product monograph.

9. Endometriosis (by history, imaging or surgery).

10. Pregnant or postpartum for less than 6 weeks.

*Note: If we run into difficulty recruiting enough participants, we will consider including individuals with regular cycles (i.e., approximately 1 month apart) over the last 3 months, who have worn Kyleena for 60 days or Mirena for 5 years.

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2025

Date of final enrolment

01/03/2026

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre

Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research

The Gordon and Leslie Diamond Health Care Centre

Room 4111 - 4th Floor, 2775 Laurel Street

Vancouver

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research

Funder Name

University of British Columbia

Funder Name

Pure Integrative Pharmacy

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet		01/04/2025	16/04/2025	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 2	24/03/2025	16/04/2025	No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes