A study of the effectiveness of individual components of a pulmonary rehabilitation programme when compared with the combined programme

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited 18/01/2010	Condition category Respiratory	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

RRCC148LG PROCTER

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Two questions are being asked in this study. They are: What is the absolute and relative contribution to the reported outcomes of pulmonary rehabilitation of two of it's components: physical training and group cognitive behavioural therapy? Is the combined programme of pulmonary rehabilitation more clinically and cost effective than either of its two components delivered independently?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Interventions

- 1. Pulmonary Rehabilitation (combined intervention): The rehabilitation programme in this study will consist of a combination of a physical training programme, cognitive-behavioural programme and standard care. These components are described.
- 2. Physical training component: This approach involves a six week programme of twice weekly 2 hour sessions of aerobic exercise individually based on 80% of the participants' peak oxygen uptake as determined by the shuttle-walking test. The physical training will be carried out by a single trainer following standardised methods and using the same equipment in order to ensure that an equal level of training is provided to the whole sample. Additionally, participants will be

provided with an individualised home exercise routine with a diary card to indicate completion.

- 3. Group cognitive behavioural therapy: the cognitive-behavioural approach aims to address issues relating to the impact of COPD on the individual and their life; facilitate adjustment to it and develop a range of appropriate physiological coping mechanisms. It requires active client participation, learning, discussion and practice of technique both within and between sessions. The sessions will be held once a week for 1.5 hours for six weeks. SD will lead the group. The maximum number of people recommended to attend would be 8-10 and partners and carers would be welcome.
- 4. Standard care control group: COPD management would be provided according to British Thoracic Society guidelines and would be comparable to the care participants would receive were this study not being carried out.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Outcome variables:

- 1. Physical Assessment Details: height and weight will be recorded and BMI will be calculated. A shuttle-walk test will be carried out. Forced expiratory volume and Forced vital capacity will be carried out.
- 2. Health status: The Chronic Respiratory Disease Questionnaire will be used.
- 3. Anxiety and Depression: HADS will be used.
- 4. Self-efficacy: The COPD Self-Efficacy Scale.
- 5. Resource Utilisation: Direct, indirect, personal and transfer resource utilisation will be assessed using the Health Service Utilisation and expenditure measurement. Control variables: Demographic details: household composition specifically to include number of dependent children, number of habitable rooms per household, current or most recent occupation of head of household, marital status (where possible questions will match those used by the Office of National Statistics) collected on admission to the study only. Disease characteristics: age at diagnosis, duration of disease, medication taken, use of domicillary oxygen and concurrent medical condition collected on admission to the study only.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/01/2001

Completion date

01/01/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) recruited from general practice with diagnosis confirmed by spirometry

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Does not match inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2001

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

University of Northumbria at Newcastle

Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE7 7XA

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2004		Yes	No