# Secondary prevention for inpatients with coronary artery disease in rehabilitation and conceptual aftercare

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
13/02/2006		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
10/03/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 30/09/2014	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study website

http://www.refonet.de

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Wolfgang Mayer-Berger

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

# Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### **Acronym**

Sekona

#### Study objectives

Structured aftercare leads to:

- 1. Reduction in the long-term risk of the occurrence of any cardiac event
- 2. Slowing down of atherosclerosis
- 3. Quality of life improvement
- 4. Reduction in the direct and indirect costs involved, including delayed pension claims

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the Physicians Chamber, North Rhein, Dusseldorf, Germany 22/07/2004, reference number 2004093

#### Study design

Prospective randomized controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

#### Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Coronary heart disease

#### **Interventions**

Secondary cardiac prevention program with reminders and follow-up education after remission for up to 18 months versus usual care

#### Intervention Type

#### Other

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Primary outcome measure

Reduction of the 10-year risk of the occurrence of any cardiac event

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Regression or slower progression of atherosclerosis as measured by the carotidal intimamedia-thickness
- 2. Quality of life improvement
- 3. Reduction in the direct and indirect costs involved, including delayed pension claims

#### Overall study start date

01/09/2004

#### Completion date

01/03/2007

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Membership of the German Pension Insurance Fund, Rhineland
- 2. Younger than 58 years old
- 3. Overt coronary heart disease
- 4. Participants must sign an informed consent form

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

600

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Heart failure according to the New York Hearth Association (NYHA) classification III or IV
- 2. Any prognostic limiting illness
- 3. Limiting pulmonary disease (forced expiratory volume in one second [FEV 1] lower than 35%)
- 4. Cognitive problems or problems with understanding
- 5. Low mobility

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2004

# Date of final enrolment

01/03/2007

# Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Germany

# Study participating centre Roderbirken 1 Leichlingen Germany

42799

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Refonet (Germany)

# Sponsor details

Burgweg 3 Bad Neuenahr-Ahrweiler Germany 53445 +49 (0)264 190620 service@refonet.de

## Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### Website

http://www.refonet.de

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04yeh2x21

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Research organisation

## **Funder Name**

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs** 

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2014		Yes	No