Spectacles for correcting irregular astigmatism in patients with keratoconus

Submission date 13/03/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
28/03/2023	Completed	[_] Results		
Last Edited 03/04/2023	Condition category Eye Diseases	[_] Individual participant data		
		[] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Keratoconus occurs when the cornea (front surface of the eye) thins and bulges outward into a cone shape, causing blurred vision. This study aims to create spectacle lenses that correct irregular astigmatism for keratoconic patients. As advanced keratoconic patients find difficulty in their daily life when they cannot wear their contact lenses, this study will be a step towards developing spectacles that can maintain a reasonable visual acuity. The study addresses the visual side effects of the resultant distortion with the development of spectacle lenses that can correct non-orthogonal astigmatism. This is not possible with current spectacle lens manufacturing techniques, leaving patients with this condition entirely dependent on contact lenses, or in severe cases, corneal transplants, to achieve reasonable visual acuity.

Who can participate? Keratoconus patients aged 18 years and over

What does the study involve?

Visual acuity is measured at a single visit with no follow-up.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participation has no direct benefit, and risks are minimal as it is like trying a pair of glasses.

Where is the study run from? Royal Liverpool University Hospital

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2021 to December 2022

Who is funding the study? 1. Fight for Sight (UK) 2. Keratoconus Group (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Ahmed Abass, amfabass@liverpool.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s) Principal Investigator

Contact name Dr Ahmed Abass

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 282471

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers UoL001582, IRAS 282471, CPMS 49194

Study information

Scientific Title Spectacles for correcting irregular astigmatism in keratoconic patients

Study objectives

An earlier analytical study indicated that the higher the degree of non-orthogonal astigmatism the larger the benefit to the patient's visual acuity (Abass, Lopes et al. 2019). This study will assess this prediction and identify those candidates who stand to benefit most from using nonorthogonal lenses. Those candidates will be identified based on their topography power maps. As conventional topographers' software packages are measuring orthogonal astigmatism only, a special custom-built MATLAB code will be developed to locate the non-orthogonal astigmatism axes and determine if the patient is a good candidate for this treatment.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/07/2021, London - Bromley Research Ethics Committee (Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN, UK; +44 (0)2071048118, +44 (0)2071048140, +44 (0) 2071048016; bromley.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 21/PR/0561

Study design Prospective controlled observational study

Primary study design Observational

Secondary study design Cross sectional study

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Keratoconus

Interventions Visual acuity is measured at a single visit with no follow-up.

Intervention Type Device

Phase Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Visual acuity in LOGMAR at refraction (using both letters and lines) measured at a single visit

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Keratometry measured using a keratometer at a single visit
- 2. Corneal thickness measured using a Pentacam tomographer at a single visit
- 3. Corneal profile measured using a Pentacam tomographer at a single visit
- 4. Aberrometry measured using an aberrometer at a single visit

Overall study start date

08/07/2021

Completion date 31/12/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria Keratoconus patients aged 18 years and over

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants 15

Total final enrolment

15

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients unable to fixate on a target
- 2. Patients under 18 years old
- 3. Patients with other ocular diseases
- 4. Pregnant patients
- 5. Patients with a corneal scar or fibrosis

Date of first enrolment 15/02/2022

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Royal Liverpool University Hospital W Derby Street Liverpool United Kingdom L7 8YA

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Liverpool

Sponsor details Research Support Office 2nd Floor Block D Waterhouse Building 3 Brownlow Street Liverpool England United Kingdom L69 3GL +44 (0)151 794 8739 sponsor@liverpool.ac.uk

Sponsor type University/education

Website https://www.liverpool.ac.uk/

ROR https://ror.org/04xs57h96

Funder(s)

Funder type Charity

Funder Name Fight for Sight UK

Alternative Name(s) Fight for Sight

Funding Body Type Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location United Kingdom

Funder Name Keratoconus Group

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The results of this study will be published in a research paper

Intention to publish date

31/12/2023

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication.

IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

Study outputs					
Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No