CloseHER2 Home: a community pharmacy-led pathway for the administration of trastuzumab for HER2-positive breast cancer patients

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
27/01/2022	No longer recruiting	[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
09/06/2022	Completed Condition category	Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
04/06/2025	Cancer	[X] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Improvements in treatment and an aging population mean there are more and more people living with cancer. The number of people diagnosed with cancer is expected to be around a million every 10 years. The NHS needs to adapt to treat the rising numbers of patients with cancer.

One way to do this is by using community pharmacists who are highly trained healthcare professionals and are based close to where a patient lives. In the North of Scotland region, patients are likely to live much closer to a pharmacy than their local cancer centre.

Some pharmacists already administer injectable medicines such as vaccines.

We want to see if pharmacists can also administer a breast cancer treatment called trastuzumab. Trastuzumab is an injection for the treatment of a type of breast cancer called HER2 positive breast cancer. It is given every 3 weeks for a year in early breast cancer, and until it stops being effective if patients have advanced disease.

We will check that it is safe to use community pharmacies to provide this service using the same criteria as NHS site and homecare providers are required to meet.

We will ask patients and staff what they think was good, and what needs to be improved. Finally, we will work out how long each pathway takes for patients and staff and compare the costs of a community pharmacy service to the hospital pathway.

Who can participate?

Patients from the North Cancer Alliance region of Scotland with a diagnosis of HER2-positive breast cancer who have been prescribed a course of trastuzumab.

What does the study involve?

We will ask patients to have four doses (over 12 weeks) in a community pharmacy close to their home or workplace. The injection will be administered by the pharmacist.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? None Where is the study run from? The study is run from NHS Tayside (Dundee)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2017 to May 20234

Who is funding the study?
The study is a joint working project funded by NHS Tayside (UK) and Roche (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Andrew Radley, andrew.radley@nhs.scot

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal investigator

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Dr Andrew Radley

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Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

269056

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

2019ON14, IRAS 269056, CPMS 46865

Study information

Scientific Title

CloseHER2 Home: A feasibility study of a community pharmacy-led pathway for the administration of subcutaneous trastuzumab for HER2-positive breast cancer patients.

Acronym

CloseHER2 Home

Study objectives

A community pharmacy-led pathway for the administration of subcutaneous trastuzumab is a feasible and acceptable alternative to the current service

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 03/02/2020, East of Scotland Ethics Services REC 2 (Tayside medical Science Centre, George Pirie Way, Ninewells Hospital and Medical School, Dundee, DD1 9SY, UK; +44 1382 383871; TAY.eosres@nhs.scot), ref: 19/ES/0143

Study design

Interventional non-randomized feasibility study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

HER2-positive breast cancer

Interventions

The intervention under study is a new model of care for the administration of subcutaneous trastuzumab via a community pharmacy-led pathway (CPP). Patients prescribed a course of subcutaneous trastuzumab can elect to have four of their prescribed doses of in a community pharmacy administered by a pharmacist. Eligible patients will be identified by their clinical team when they attend for treatment.

In the conventional pathway, patients prescribed trastuzumab attend for treatment at an oncology outpatient area in a hospital at 3-weekly intervals for the duration of treatment. Pretreatment assessment and administration of trastuzumab is undertaken by a chemotherapy nurse following a local protocol. Patient who elect for standard care may still consent to interview for the process evaluation.

Patients who consent to the CPP will attend the community pharmacy at 3-weekly intervals to receive their trastuzumab for 4 doses. Pre-treatment assessment and administration of trastuzumab will be undertaken by the pharmacist in their consultation room. They will follow the same protocol as the nurses in the conventional pathway. All participants will remain under the care of the acute oncology service regardless of pathway and will continue to have access to the 24-hour Cancer Treatment Helpline and their local oncology service.

The following data will be collected to compare pathways including:

- Time taken from referral to receiving prescriptions:
- Time taken from ordering to receiving stock
- Duration of appointment
- Distances/travel time to appointment
- Treatment/toxicity assessment (to compare if this was conducted equitably and with sufficient with ease in both settings)
- Population data to assess uptake of the CPP and identify possible barriers

A subset of participants who specifically consent to participation in process evaluation will be invited to participate in semi-structured interviews by telephone or face-to-face. Invitation to reconsent to interview will follow the completion of the fourth cycle of trastuzumab via the CPP and the proceeding cycle in hospital to ensure any matters arising in the transfer or care are collated in the evaluation process.

An economic assessment will compare the relative costs of both pathways; the methodology for this is to be confirmed.

A quality and safety audit will be conducted with an adapted Healthcare Improvement Scotland audit tool (based on the forthcoming update to CEL 30 guidance) to ensure CPP sites meet clinical governance standards.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Trastuzumab

Primary outcome(s)

1. Proportion of consenting patients completing 4 cycles of trastuzumab via the Community Pharmacy Pathway (CPP), compared to the eligible cohort of patients (from Chemocare booking system) and also the eligible patients who consented over a period of one year OR maximum recruitment of 50 patients is reached measured at the end of the study using patient records 2. Process evaluation of CPP by qualitative methods including semi-structured interviews with participants receiving the intervention and standard care and staff delivering the intervention and staff delivering standard care measured using interviews at the end of each individual's intervention period

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Assess compliance with professional and legal standards set out in the Scottish SACT governance framework audit tool using a patient and staff evaluation via semi-structured interviews at the end of the study
- 2. Evaluate the practicality of the CPP using patient and staff evaluation via semi-structured interviews at the end of the study
- 3. Economic assessment of the CPP and the conventional care pathway using NHS Reference costs to model both pathways at the end of the study

Completion date

31/05/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adult patients, ≥16 years of age
- 2. Able to provide informed consent
- 3. Prescribed a course of trastuzumab for the treatment of breast cancer
- 4. Tolerated at least one dose of subcutaneous trastuzumab administered by a chemotherapy nurse in the acute setting
- 5. Have a minimum of 4 cycles outstanding in the currently prescribed course

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

16 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Unable to provide informed consent
- 2. History of severe allergic or immunological reactions
- 3. Less than 4 cycles outstanding in the prescribed course of trastuzumab

Date of first enrolment 01/02/2022

Date of final enrolment 31/01/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment United Kingdom

Scotland

Study participating centre Ninewells Hospital Ninewells Avenue Dundee United Kingdom DD1 9SY

Study participating centre
Perth Royal Infirmary
Taymount Terrace
Perth
United Kingdom
PH1 1NX

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Dundee

ROR

https://ror.org/03h2bxq36

Organisation

NHS Tayside

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Roche

Alternative Name(s)

F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co, F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG, Roche Holding AG, Roche Holding Ltd, Roche Holding, Roche Holding A.G., Roche Holding, Limited, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co., Roche Holdings, Inc.

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

Switzerland

Funder Name

NHS Tayside

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available; patients have not specifically consented to the transcripts of their interviews being shared outwith the UK or NHS.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	version 2	13/09/2021	28/01/2022	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 2	13/09/2021	28/01/2022	No	No