

# Testing a non-invasive smartphone application to predict sugar levels in the blood

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		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 27/06/2022	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/06/2022	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The key to managing and living well with diabetes involves early diagnosis and monitoring of glucose (blood sugar) control. Traditional self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) via finger-prick testing can help patients to maintain their glucose levels within the appropriate range. However, we know each SMBG test requires a single-use test strip and lancet, conferring a significant economic burden on healthcare systems and patients. Additionally, the discomfort of SMBG can result in reduced compliance with monitoring. A non-invasive glucose monitoring device (NIGMD) has the potential to achieve efficiency savings and can reduce physical and psychological barriers to testing. The Bioepic Glucose Monitoring System is a NIGDM that utilises a video trace of blood flow in the user's fingertip (recorded by a smartphone camera) to quantify certain aspects of the user's pulse and uses artificial intelligence (AI) to predict the blood glucose level. This AI has been trained using SMBG measurements from individuals with and without diabetes.

### Who can participate?

Adults with type 2 diabetes

### What does the study involve?

The purpose of this study is to test the AI-predicted blood glucose level derived from the Bioepic system in individuals with non-insulin-treated Type 2 Diabetes and compare the readings with those from SMBG. The Bioepic system glucose reading is recorded via a pre-downloaded App on a smartphone, by placing a fingertip over the smartphone camera lens for 30 seconds. An SMBG reading is also recorded to create a 'matched pair'. Participants will not have access to the glucose value recorded by the App. The study would be undertaken in two parts. One part would involve participants recording matched pairs at home over a 30-day period. The other part of the study would involve participants taking matched pair samples at a study site before and after a set carbohydrate meal. These matched pairs will be compared to assess the accuracy of the Bioepic system against accepted standards.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study benefits are that this is a non-invasive method to measure glucose levels

There are no known risks to participants

Where is the study run from?  
Southern Diabetes Medical Services

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
August 2020 to December 2022

Who is funding the study?  
Bioepic Ltd (UK)

Who is the main contact?  
Dr Richard Wood (scientific)  
richard@ennehealth.com

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Richard Wood

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**  
Nil known

**IRAS number**  
296787

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**  
Nil known

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
BIOAPP1010, IRAS 296787

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Intermediate type 2 diabetes trial

## **Acronym**

IT2DT

## **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to compare the predicted blood glucose levels derived from the Bioepic non-invasive Smartphone application compared with the glucose values measured using a blood glucometer from the blood drawn from a finger prick test. This aim will test the hypothesis that the percentage of individual glucose values measured by the Bioepic Smartphone Application compared with capillary glucometer readings falling within zones A and B of the Consensus error grid will meet the minimum criteria for acceptable system accuracy

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 23/07/2021, South West - Frenchay Research Ethics Committee (Ground Floor, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Bristol, BS1 6PN, United Kingdom; +44 (0)207 104 8379; frenchay.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 1/SW/0030

## **Study design**

Observational methodological comparison study

## **Primary study design**

Observational

## **Secondary study design**

Observational methodological comparison study

## **Study setting(s)**

Other

## **Study type(s)**

Diagnostic

## **Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Type 2 diabetes

## **Interventions**

The Bioepic system is a non-invasive technology that is designed to predict blood glucose levels, using artificial intelligence, from a 30-second fingertip video recorded by the camera of a smartphone with Bioepic's proprietary App. The aim of this study is to compare the blood glucose levels derived from the Bioepic App with the glucose values measured by a standard blood glucometer via a finger-prick test to demonstrate the accuracy of the Bioepic system.

## **Intervention Type**

Device

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Primary outcome measure**

Estimated blood glucose levels measured using the Bioepic System, a pre-loaded smartphone App (Enne Health) that characterises an approximation of blood glucose by taking a Photoplethysmography (PPG) video of the fingertip, falling within zones A and B of the Consensus error grid and therefore meeting the minimum criteria for acceptable system accuracy in 100 paired glucose readings taken at home over a 30 day period (3-6 readings per day) plus 6 readings on the active study day, 15 minutes apart.

To compare the blood glucose levels derived from the Bioepic App with the glucose values measured by a standard blood glucometer via a finger-prick test the simultaneous App glucose and the glucometer result are paired to facilitate analysis. The accuracy of the App values will be assessed against the internationally agreed standard according to the Consensus error grid, aiming to demonstrate that at least 99% of App values will lie within zones A and B of the Consensus error grid, which would be in line with requirements for all blood glucose monitors for patient use.

**Secondary outcome measures**

The percentage of predicted glucose levels from the Bioepic App System meeting the minimum criteria for acceptable system accuracy when grouped by certain criteria:

1. Glucose level, as measured by 100 paired blood glucose readings taken at home over a 30 day period (3-6 readings per day) plus 6 readings on the active study day, 15 minutes apart
2. Glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c) level, as measured in mmol/mol by laboratory immunoassay within the previous 3 months of commencing the study
3. Demographics – including weight, age, as measured in Kg by standard scales at the beginning of the study
4. Daily activity and other participant daily log conditions, as measured by patient recall (light, medium or heavy exercise) at the beginning of the study

**Overall study start date**

04/08/2020

**Completion date**

31/12/2022

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Type 2 diabetes

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

## **Target number of participants**

72 minimum

## **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Body mass index < 18.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
2. Pregnancy or lactating
3. Participation in any clinical study during the previous 2 months
4. Any other condition that in the opinion of the investigator would interfere with the evaluation of the study results or constitute a health risk for the participant
5. Any medication that in the opinion of the investigator would interfere with the evaluation of the study results
6. Recreational or illicit drug intake
7. Individuals who fail to utilise the Smartphone App appropriately
8. Aversion to the sight of blood
9. Severe coronary heart disease
10. Participants with known uncontrolled hypertension (i.e. >160mmHg systolic or >95 mmHg diastolic)
11. Severe renal impairment (eGFR<15ml/min)

## **Date of first enrolment**

20/04/2022

## **Date of final enrolment**

20/10/2022

## **Locations**

### **Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

### **Study participating centre**

**Southern Diabetes Medical Services**

Carnac Place

Cams Hall Estate

Fareham

United Kingdom

PO16 8UY

## **Sponsor information**

### **Organisation**

Bioepic Ltd

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

Industry

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

Bioepic Ltd

**Results and Publications****Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in journal

**Intention to publish date**

01/12/2023

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

Stored in a non-publicly available repository, which is a cloud-based storage platform. The repository stores the neural network-based glucose estimates from pulse plethysmography that are incorporated directly into a diabetes log with paired glucometer readings and also allows the individual to record activities, meals etc., and all other collated data that are stored anonymously.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Stored in non-publicly available repository