# Psychosocial support for partners of patients with haemato-oncological disease - a group-based intervention to empower psychosocial health

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered	
13/02/2019		[X] Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
20/03/2019 <b>Last Edited</b>	Completed  Condition category	Results	
		Individual participant data	
10/04/2024	Cancer	Record updated in last year	

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Suffering from cancer confronts both the patient and their partner with a number of psychosocial challenges in various aspects of their life. These challenges may differentially impact on quality of life, coping ability and compliance to treatment. This especially holds true for haemato-oncological diseases (blood cancer). To date, psychological interventions have predominantly been developed for oncological (cancer) patients but specific interventions for partners of haemato-oncological patients are rare. In this study the aim is to conduct a psychoncological group intervention for partners of patients with haemato-oncological diseases. The aim of the intervention is to significantly reduce symptoms of depression and anxiety in the partners and the patient, as well as enhancing dyadic coping.

## Who can participate?

Patients with haemato-oncological diseases and their partners, both aged 18 to 70

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to the intervention group or to the control group. The intervention group attend the INPART program created specifically for this study. It is a mixed intervention consisting of psychoeducational, cognitive-behavioural and imaginative elements. At the end of the group phase each participant gets the chance for one or two individual psychotherapy sessions in order to face specific problems. Planned topics are: the individual handling of depression and anxiety, stress management, conflict training and managing difficult situations within the dyad (sexuality, communication problems). The program comprises of 5 weekly sessions lasting 1.5 hours and additional home practice assignments. Groups consist of 6 to 8 participants. A presentation via Microsoft PowerPoint supports the structure of the course. In each session the participants receive material supporting the actual topic, a folder containing further information and home practice instructions for the forthcoming week.

The control group receives one structured psycho-oncological consultation (control condition /care as usual), which is regularly conducted by trained psycho-oncologists. The duration of the

consultation is about 30 minutes. Example issues discussed consist of the role of partner within the course of the illness including their own specific burdens and possibility of support. In addition they receive a freely accessible booklet from the German Cancer Aid associated to their specific oncological disease. Depression and anxiety are assessed at the start of the study (before the intervention), and 3 months and 6 months later.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Depressive and anxiety symptoms may be reduced and dyadic coping (for partner and patients) may improve. No risks of such types of study are known.

Where is the study run from?

It will be conducted at three study centres in Germany: the university medical centres in Leipzig, Hannover and Ulm.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2019 to July 2022

Who is funding the study?
José Carreras Leukemia Foundation (Germany)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Jochen Ernst
jochen.ernst@medizin.uni-leipzig.de

# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Jochen Ernst

#### **ORCID ID**

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

# Secondary identifying numbers

DJCLS 23R/

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Psycho-oncological intervention for partners of patients with haemato-oncological disease

#### Acronym

**INPART** 

## **Study objectives**

Principal hypothesis: A manualized group psychotherapy to treat clinically significant depressive and anxiety symptoms in partners of cancer patients with haemato-oncological disease will result in a greater reduction of depression and anxiety symptoms than in a control treatment of usual intervention (expected effect size  $\geq 0,30$ ) at three (t1) and six months (t2) after commencing intervention. In addition, the INPART program will lead to significant better DC. Secondary hypotheses: The INPART intervention will result in better quality of life, better quality of the relationship and more self-efficacy than the control intervention.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Local ethics committee of the University of Leipzig, Geschaftstelle der Ethik-Kommission an der Medizinischen Fakultat der Universitat Leipzig, Karl-Sudoff-Institut fur Geschichte der Medizin und der Naturwissenschaften, Kathe-Kollwitz-Str. 82, 04109 Leipzig, Tel: +49 (0)341 97 15490, Email: ethik@medizin.uni-leipzig.de, 22/11/2016, ref: NR. 373/16ek

# Study design

Randomized controlled multi-centre trial with two parallel groups

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Other

# Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact datails to request a participant information sheet.

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Haemato-oncological diseases

#### **Interventions**

Participants will be either assigned to the intervention group (IG) or to the control group (CG). T1 is 3 months after the start of the intervention. Directly after the intervention, before t1, subjects of the intervention group will have the possibility of one additional single session in order to talk about individual topics/problems (i.e. hope, death and loss). Subjects of the control group will be treated as usual (optional unspecific contacts with a psycho-oncologist). At all assessments partners and patients are asked to fill out the questionnaires.

Intervention: The INPART program was created specifically for this study. It is a mixed intervention consisting of psychoeducational, cognitive-behavioural and imaginative elements. The decision, on which contents were to be included in the program, were based on research on the supportive care needs questionnaire for informal caregivers of cancer patients and cancer survivors. At the end of the group phase each participant will get the chance for one or two individual psychotherapy sessions in order to face specific problems. Planned topics are: the individual handling of depression and anxiety, stress management, conflict training and managing difficult situations within the dyad (sexuality, communication problems). The program comprises of 5 weekly sessions lasting 1.5 hours and additional home practice assignments. Groups consist of 6 to 8 participants. A presentation via Microsoft Powerpoint supports the structure of the course. In each session the participants receive material supporting the actual topic, a folder containing further information and home practice instructions for the forthcoming week.

The control group receives one structured psycho-oncological consultation (control condition /care as usual), which is regularly conducted by trained psycho-oncologists. The duration of the consultation is approximately 30 minutes. Example issues discussed consist of the role of partner within the course of the illness including their own specific burdens and possibility of support. In addition they will receive a freely accessible booklet from the German Cancer Aid associated to their specific oncological disease.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Depression measured using the PHQ-9 (Patient Health Questionnaire) at Screening, Baseline (prior to intervention), 3 months and 6 months later
- 2. Anxiety measured using the GAD-7 (Generalization Anxiety Disorder Scale) at Baseline (prior to intervention), 3 months and 6 months later

#### Secondary outcome measures

Measured prior to intervention, 3 months and 6 months later:

- 1. Quality of life, measured using Health Survey 12 (SF-12)
- 2. Fatigue, measured using Brief Fatigue Inventory (BFI)
- 3. Dyadic coping, measured using Dyadic Coping Inventory (DCI)
- 4. Attachment in close relationship, measured using Experience in close Relationships-Revised (ECR-RD)
- 5. Locus of control, measured using Internal, Powerful Others, and Chance Scale (IPC)

# Overall study start date

01/08/2019

# Completion date

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients who are diagnosed with a confirmed haematological neoplasia: incidences up to one year after diagnose or relapse, ICD-10 diagnoses: C81-C96 and D46, which are: Hodgkin's lymphoma, Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, multiple myeloma, myelodysplastic syndrome, acute or chronic leukaemia
- 2. Patients who have a partner
- 3. Patients and partners need to be aged between 18 and 70 years
- 4. Partners must be mentally and physically able to attend the program
- 5. Treatment modality and phase of illness is negligible for participation
- 6. Partners will be assigned to one of two study groups, given that PHQ-9 > 9 (depression) and GAD-7 > 9 (anxiety)

#### Participant type(s)

Mixed

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

n = 72 (interventions group) and n = 72 (control group)

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Severe psychiatric disorders
- 2. Profound cognitive and physical impairment
- 3. An age limitation of 70 years aimed to minimise possible age-related comorbidities or mobility limitations

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2019

#### Date of final enrolment

31/12/2021

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Germany

#### Study participating centre

Department of Medical Psychology and Medical Sociology, University Medical Center Leipzig

Philipp-Rosenthal-Straße 55 Leipzig

04103

Germany

# Study participating centre Comprehensive Cancer Center Ulm

Albert-Einstein-Allee 23 Ulm Germany 89081

# Study participating centre

Department of Psychosomatic Medicine and Psychotherapy, Hannover University Medical School

Carl-Neuberg-Straße 1 Hannover Germany 30625

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

José Carreras Leukemia Foundation

## Sponsor details

Elisabethenstraße 23 München Germany 80796 +49 (0)892729040 info@carreras-stiftung.de

#### Sponsor type

Charity

#### Website

https://www.carreras-stiftung.de

#### ROR

https://ror.org/00826gz80

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

José Carreras Leukemia Foundation

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal around 6 months after the overall trial end date.

# Intention to publish date

31/01/2023

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Other

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>		05/09/2019	10/04/2024	Yes	No