

# Tianeptine for the treatment of fibromyalgia: a prospective double-blind, randomised, single-centre, placebo-controlled, parallel group study

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| <b>Submission date</b><br>21/09/2006   | <b>Recruitment status</b><br>No longer recruiting     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered |
| <b>Registration date</b><br>05/10/2006 | <b>Overall study status</b><br>Completed              | <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol                            |
| <b>Last Edited</b><br>05/10/2006       | <b>Condition category</b><br>Musculoskeletal Diseases | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan           |
|  |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Results                             |
|  |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data         |
|  |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year         |

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
BP12/2006

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

## **Study objectives**

Fibromyalgia (FM) is a common illness that affects approximately 2.5 to 13% of the general population, of which the majority (10/1) are female. FM is characterised by chronic widespread pain and sleeping problems. Patients with FM frequently have other symptoms such as headaches, nocturnal jaw tightness, morning stiffness, tingling and numbness of arms and legs, irritable bowel, urinary urgency, dryness in the mouth and eyes, cold swollen hands, anxiety and /or depression. Another characteristic of FM is tenderness at palpation in defined points at the neck and lower back areas.

Tianeptine is an antidepressant agent with a novel neurochemical profile. It increases serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine [5-HT]) uptake in the brain (in contrast with most antidepressant agents), promotes neuroplasticity and reduces stress-induced atrophy of neuronal dendrites. Like the Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs) and in contrast with most tricyclic antidepressant agents, tianeptine does not appear to be associated with adverse cognitive, psychomotor, sleep, cardiovascular or bodyweight effects and has a low propensity for abuse. This study assesses the efficacy and safety of tianeptine in patients with FM.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Comité Ético de Investigación Clínica de Clínica, International Centre of Advanced Medicine (Centro Internacional de Medicina Avanzada [CIMA]) (Barcelona, Spain) (reference number: 0036 /2006CIMA), date of approval is 10th August 2006.

## **Study design**

A prospective double-blind, randomised, single-center, placebo-controlled, parallel group study

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Fibromyalgia (FM)

## **Interventions**

Group one - intervention group: Three month supply of oral Tianeptine (tablets) 12.5 mg every eight hours.

Group two - control group: Identical placebo every eight hours.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Tianeptine (moxonidine)

**Primary outcome(s)**

The primary outcome was improvement in the pain score (10 cm Visual Analog Scale [VAS]) at 24 weeks and Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire (FIQ) score.

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. The tender point score
2. The Hamilton Depression Anxiety inventory (HAD)
3. Short Form (SF-36) health survey.

**Completion date**

01/09/2007

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged from 40 to 50 years, both genders
2. Diagnosis of fibromyalgia defined by 1990 American College of Rheumatology (ACR) criteria

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Psychiatric illness
2. Major depression
3. Suicidal risk
4. Substance abuse
5. Pulmonary dysfunction
6. Renal impairment
7. Active cardiac disease
8. Liver disease
9. Autoimmune disease
10. Cancer
11. Sleep apnea
12. Chronic fatigue syndrome
13. Inflammatory bowel disease
14. Contraindications to tianeptine

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

01/09/2007

## Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Spain

### Study participating centre

Paseo Manuel Girona, 33

Barcelona

Spain

08034

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Fundacion para la Fibromialgia y el Síndrome de Fatiga Crónica (Spain)

### ROR

<https://ror.org/03p4nrj93>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Research organisation

### Funder Name

Foundation for Fibromialgia and Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (Fundacion para la Fibromialgia y el Síndrome de Fatiga Crónica) (Spain)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
|-------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|

[Study website](#)

Study website

11/11/2025

11/11/2025

No

Yes