

# Translating evidence for early intervention in psychosis (TRANSLATE) in low and lower-middle countries (LMIC): implementation and evaluation

<b>Submission date</b> 09/09/2025	<b>Recruitment status</b> Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 22/10/2025	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/10/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

This study is about helping young people in Pakistan and Sri Lanka who are experiencing psychosis for the first time. Psychosis is a mental health condition that affects how people think, feel, and behave. In many low- and middle-income countries, people often wait a long time before getting treatment—sometimes over two years. This delay can seriously affect their quality of life, education, and ability to work.

In countries like the UK, early intervention services help people get treatment quickly, which leads to better outcomes. This study aims to set up similar early intervention services in Pakistan and Sri Lanka. It also wants to understand why some people don't respond well to treatment (a condition called treatment resistant schizophrenia) and whether we can predict who might be at risk.

### Who can participate?

People in Pakistan and Sri Lanka who are experiencing psychosis for the first time may be invited to take part in the study. The research team will work with local mental health services to identify potential participants.

### What does the study involve?

Participants will receive care through the new early intervention services. The team will collect information about their health, treatment, and progress over time. Some participants may also be asked to provide additional information to help researchers understand why some people don't respond to treatment.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The main benefit is receiving care earlier than usual, which can lead to better recovery and

improved quality of life. There may be some risks, such as feeling uncomfortable when answering personal questions or sharing health information, but the research team will take steps to protect participants' privacy and wellbeing.

Where is the study run from?  
Keele University (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
April 2024 to February 2029

Who is funding the study?  
National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR) (UK).

Who is the main contact?  
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## Contact information

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## **Additional identifiers**

**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**  
Nil known

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**  
Nil known

**Protocol serial number**  
Nil known

## **Study information**

**Scientific Title**  
Translating evidence for Early Intervention in Psychosis (TRANSLATE) in Low and Lower-Middle Countries (LMIC): Implementation and Evaluation

**Acronym**  
TRANSLATE

**Study objectives**

1. To evaluate the implementation of Early Intervention in Psychosis (EIP) services in maintaining engagement with the services, achieving remission in First Episode of Psychosis, and other relevant implementation outcomes.
2. To assemble a cohort of FEP within the EIP service and identify potential predicting factors of Treatment Resistant Schizophrenia at one-year follow-up.
3. To develop a prognostic model for estimating an individual's risk of treatment resistance at one year and to undertake the validation of the model's predictive performance.

**Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

### **Ethics approval(s)**

1. approved 11/06/2025, Keele University's Research Ethics Committee (Keele University, Keele, Newcastle Under Lyme, ST5 5GB, United Kingdom; +44 1782 733937; health.ethics@keele.ac.uk), ref: 1028

2. approved 28/03/2025, Kyber Medical University - Institute of Public Health and Social Sciences (KMU, Phase-5, Hayatabad, -, Pakistan; +91-5892867; drshaista.iph@kmu.edu.pk), ref: KMU/IPHSS /Ethics/2025/TE/260

### **Study design**

Observational cross sectional cohort study

### **Primary study design**

Observational

### **Study type(s)**

Other

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

First episode psychosis and treatment resistant schizophrenia

### **Interventions**

Patients with a diagnosis of First episode Psychosis (FEP) will be recruited. The participants will be assessed at the baseline and follow up in 1, 3, 6, and 12-month period with pre identified tools. All participants will receive care following the clinical guidelines developed for the management of FEP in the study settings. The package of care will include evidence-based pharmacotherapy, cognitive behaviour therapy and other psychosocial interventions. The treatment will be provided by trained psychiatrists and psychologists. The supervising psychiatrist will decide the choice of medication, dosage and other interventions after involving patients and families in the treatment according to the clinical practice guidelines adopted for management of First Episode Psychosis in Pakistan and Sri Lanka. Each participant will be allocated a care coordinator to coordinate the services to ensure the receipt of services that prescribed to given for each patient. The patients will be followed up for one year to estimate the rates of remission, engagement with the service and other clinical outcomes during the study.

The duration of observation and total duration of follow-up will be 12 months for each participant. This study is not aimed at testing the efficacy related to the individual drugs or other interventions, these are well established. Our aim is to assess the implantation effectiveness of the Early Intervention in Psychosis services in resource poor settings.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Disengagement from service is measured using clinic records and care coordinator notes at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months
2. Remission is measured using PANSS (score  $\leq 3$ ) or YMRS (score  $\leq 12$ ) at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Change in occupational and social functioning is measured using WHODAS 2.0 at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months
2. Psychopathology symptom severity is measured using PANSS, YMRS, and HDRS at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months
3. Family burden is measured using the Family Burden Scale at 3 and 12 months
4. Perceived stigma is measured using the Modified Internalized Stigma of Mental Illness tool (ISMI) at 12 months
5. Blood pressure is measured using clinic records at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months
6. BMI is measured using clinic records at 1, 3, 6, and 12 months
7. Cardiovascular disease risk is measured using WHO-STEPPS at 12 months
8. Appropriateness is measured using the Intervention Appropriateness Measure tool (IAM) at 12 months
9. Feasibility is measured using the Feasibility Intervention Measure at 12 months
10. Acceptability is measured using the Applied Mental Health Research Group tool at 12 months
11. Fidelity of CBT delivery is measured using the Revised Cognitive Therapy Scale (CTS-R) at 12 months
12. Implementation cost is measured using administrative data logs collected over the one-year period

**Completion date**

01/02/2029

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Patients aged 18-35 years and
2. Residing within the study districts
3. Diagnosed with First-ever psychotic episode who have not received antipsychotic medication previously, or if they already have used antipsychotic medications, it was for no longer than six weeks

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

35 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Those with an overt learning disability
2. Those with severe substance abuse (except nicotine dependence)
3. Those with organic illness associated with psychotic symptoms

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2025

**Date of final enrolment**

31/01/2029

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Pakistan

Sri Lanka

**Study participating centre****Department of Psychiatry, Ayub Medical Teaching Institution**

Main Mansehra Road

Abbottabad

Pakistan

Kyber Pakhtunkhwa Province

**Study participating centre****Department of Psychiatry and Behavioural Sciences**

Faisalabad Medical University, Allied/ District Head Quarters Hospital -Faisalabad, Mall Road

Faisalabad

Pakistan

38000

**Study participating centre****Department of Psychiatry, Liaquat University of Medical and Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Hyderabad**

Administration Block, Deh Soun Valhar

Jamshoro, Hyderabad

Pakistan

76090

**Study participating centre****Department of Psychiatry, Balochistan Institute of Psychiatry and Behavioural Sciences (BIPBS) , Quetta**

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Quetta  
Pakistan  
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**Study participating centre**

**Department of Psychiatry, Medical Teaching Institute, Lady Reading Hospital, Peshawar**

Soekarno Rd, Pipal Mandi

Peshawar

Pakistan

25000

**Study participating centre**

**Institute of Public Mental Health and Behavioural Sciences, Khyber Medical University, Peshawar**

KMU Main Campus, Phase 5, Hayatabad

Peshawar

Pakistan

Kyber Pakhtunkhwa Province

**Study participating centre**

**National Hospital Galle**

Karapitiya

Galle

Sri Lanka

00

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Keele University

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/00340yn33>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

National Institute for Health and Care Research

**Alternative Name(s)**

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

National government

**Location**

United Kingdom

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon request from Professor Saeed Farooq - s.farooq@keele.ac.uk

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes