Vitamin D supplementation and sarcopenia

Submission date 12/02/2018	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registeredProtocol
Registration date 20/02/2018	Overall study status Completed	[_] Statistical analysis plan[X] Results
Last Edited 21/12/2018	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	 Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The term sarcopenia means the loss of muscle mass and muscle function with age, especially among elderly people. Previous studies have shown that improving vitamin D status among the elderly may lead to an improvement in muscle mass and muscle strength. The aim of this study is to examine the effect of vitamin D supplementation on muscle mass and strength in sarcopenic older Lebanese people.

Who can participate? Adults aged 71-77 who are deficient in vitamin D.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group receive vitamin D supplments. Those in the second group receive a dummy supplement. Participants take the supplement for six months. Participants are followed up to assess strength and functional assessment and biochemical analysis after six months to see if they have improved.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants may benefit from vitamin D supplementation as it may improve muscle strength and sarcopenia. No risks are involved in the participants taking part in the study.

Where is the study run from? Hopital Saint Charles (Lebanon)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2014 to December 2015

Who is funding the study? Saint Charles Hospital (Lebanon)

Who is the main contact? Miss El Hajj Cynthia (Scientific) cynthiaeliashajj102@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Miss El Hajj Cynthia

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers SSCC012

Study information

Scientific Title Vitamin D supplementation and muscle strength in sarcopenic elderly Lebanese people: A randomised controlled trial

Study objectives Vitamin D supplementation has beneficial effects on muscle strength and muscle mass in elderly.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Ethics Committee Institutional Review Board Saint Charles Hospital, 11/02/2015, ref: SSCC012

Study design Randomided controlled double blind study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial **Study setting(s)** Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sarcopenia and Vitamin D Deficiency

Interventions

In this randomized, controlled, double blind study, participants are randomized (using the simple randomization method) to receive either a supplement of 10,000 IU of cholecalciferol (Euro-Pharm International, Canada) or a placebo tablet (containing microcrystalline cellulose: 66.3%, starch: 33.2%, magnesium stearate: 0.5%, per serving) to be taken three times per week for a period of six months.

The participants are seen after six months of supplementation with vitamin D or placebo, and followed up by phone calls at three months.

Intervention Type

Supplement

Primary outcome measure

1. Handgrip strength is measured using the Martin vigorimeter (Martin; Elmed, Addison, IL, USA), at baseline and 6 months.

 Appendicular skeletal muscle mass is measured using bioimpedance analysis measurements (Tanita BC-418 Segmental Body Composition Analyzer, Illinois, USA) at baseline and 6 months.
 25 (OH)D levels are measured using radioimmunoassay (DiaSorin, Stillwater, MN) at baseline and 6 months

Secondary outcome measures

1. Weight is measured using the body composition analyzer (Tanita BC-418 Segmental Body Composition Analyzer, Illinois, USA) at baseline and 6 months

2. BMI is calculated using the standard formula (body weight in kilograms divided by square of body height in meters). at baseline and 6 months

3. Waist circumference is measured at the iliac crest at baseline and 6 months

4. Fat Mass is measured using the body composition analyzer (Tanita BC-418 Segmental Body Composition Analyzer, Illinois, USA) at baseline and 6 months

5. PTH is measured using a two-site immunoradiometric assay with an NH2-terminal monoclonal antibody as capture (Fitzgerald Industries International Inc., USA), at baseline and 6 months 6. Serum creatinine is measured using the Jaffe kineticalkaline picrate reaction (Interpretation and Techniques, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia), at baseline and 6 months

Overall study start date

02/08/2014

Completion date

04/12/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Sarcopenic
 Deficient in vitamin D
 No medical history of type-2 diabetes
 Age range of participants: 71-77

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group Senior

Senio

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

115

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Sarcopenic subjects
- 2. Incidence of balance problems due to neurological disorders
- 3. Renal failure

4. Congestive heart failure and acute heart insufficiency as well as uncontrolled arterial

hypertension or hypotension

- 5. Use of sedative (that could affect balance)
- 6. Use of vitamin D supplementation
- 7. Primary hyperparathyroidism

Date of first enrolment

02/07/2015

Date of final enrolment 19/09/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment Lebanon

Study participating centre Hopital Saint Charles Fiyadiyeh- Baabda Beirut Lebanon 50

Sponsor information

Organisation Universite d'Auvergne

Sponsor details 49 Boulevard François Mitterrand Clermont-Ferrand France 63000

Sponsor type Other

Website https://www6.clermont.inra.fr/unh/Equipes-de-Recherche/ASMS/Composition-de-l-equipe/Dr-Stephane-WALRAND

ROR https://ror.org/01a8ajp46

Funder(s)

Funder type Not defined

Funder Name Saint Charles Hospital

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication. Study protocol, statistical analysis plan, and others are available.

Intention to publish date 02/04/2018

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Cynthia El Hajj Email address: cynthiaeliashajj102@gmail.com

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	19/12/2018		Yes	No