# Tooth wear detection aid

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
04/06/2024	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
14/06/2024	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
12/11/2024	Oral Health	[] Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Tooth wear is a non-reversible loss of dental tissue and the prevalence has increased. Early diagnosis and prevention are important, however, clinical assessment of tooth wear sustains challenges. These challenges involve relying on a qualitative assessment of tooth wear, including heavily relying on visual assessment and difficulty in comparing tooth wear in a patient over time. Being able to assess tooth wear on scans directly, rather than only in the patient's mouth, may assist the dentist in making a reliable assessment of tooth wear. On a 3D scan, the dentist can have a better view of the teeth, zoom in, save measurements for later on, and show the patient the problem.

Who can participate?

Any adult with tooth wear ranging from none to severe on any tooth can participate.

What does the study involve?

The participant will get a 3D scan of their teeth and the clinician will perform the standard clinical examination for tooth wear (Basic Erosive Wear Examination).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefit of participating is that participants may discover conditions of their teeth they were otherwise unaware of – this can be related to the trial's subject (tooth wear) or unrelated (for example, caries that need treatment). The risks of participating are that some participants may feel minimal discomfort from having their teeth scanned.

Where is the study run from? 3Shape (Denmark)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2024 to March 2025

Who is funding the study? 3Shape (Denmark)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Saoirse O'Toole, saoirse.otoole@kcl.ac.uk

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Saoirse O'Toole

#### **ORCID ID**

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# Additional identifiers

## Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

## Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

334050

# ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

IRAS 334050

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Investigating the utility of 3D intraoral scan imaging to score tooth wear compared to visual clinical assessment

## **Study objectives**

To assess the diagnostic accuracy of intraoral 3D scanner-derived detection by dichotomous outcome (yes/no) of tooth wear compared to the standard clinical visually-derived direct scoring of tooth wear.

# Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 08/04/2024, Leicester South REC (2 Redman Place, Stratford, London, E20 1JQ, United Kingdom; +44 207 104 8079; leicestersouth.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 24/EM/0064

## Study design

Non-randomized and non-interventional single-center cohort study

## Primary study design

Observational

## Study type(s)

Diagnostic

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Tooth wear in a variety of severity from none to severe

#### **Interventions**

The patient will be screened according to the inclusion and exclusion criteria - they may have varying degrees of tooth wear. The clinician will then perform the 3D intraoral scan (using CE-marked equipment within its intended purpose), and the clinician will then perform the standard clinical examination for tooth wear (the Basic Erosive Wear Examination). This is a visual examination.

Without involving the patient, the clinician will also perform the tooth wear examination directly on the scan. Two weeks later, the clinician will score the tooth wear directly on the scan once more. Another clinician, blinded to the clinical truth, will also perform the tooth wear assessment on the scan.

## Intervention Type

Device

#### Phase

Not Applicable

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Trios 5 intraoral scanner

## Primary outcome(s)

Tooth wear measured using intraoral 3D scanner and standard clinical visually-derived direct scoring at baseline and 2 weeks

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. To assess diagnostic accuracy of an algorithm on tooth wear detection on patient-level by dichotomous outcome (tooth wear: yes/no) compared to the clinical reference standard scoring of tooth wear (BEWE sum score cut-off 0-2 vs. 3-18)
- 2. To assess diagnostic accuracy of an algorithm on tooth wear detection on tooth-level by dichotomous outcome (tooth wear: yes/no) compared to the clinical reference standard scoring of tooth wear (BEWE score 0-1 vs. 2-3)
- 3. To assess diagnostic accuracy of an algorithm on dentin exposure detection on tooth-level by dichotomous outcome (dentin exposure: yes/no) compared to the clinical reference standard scoring of dentine exposure (dentine exposure: yes/no)
- 4. To determine the inter- (reproducibility) and intra-examiner (repeatability) of the reference standard on-scan assessment by 2 different examiners

- 5. To determine the reproducibility of an algorithm's detection of tooth wear on-scan compared to on-scan assessment performed by examiners
- 6. To determine the repeatability of an algorithm's detection of tooth wear

## Completion date

03/03/2025

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Participant is willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
- 2. Male or Female, adults aged 18 years or above
- 3. A minimum of 20 natural teeth present (10 teeth in each jaw)
- 4. Able (in the Investigators opinion) and willing to comply with all study requirements

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer, Patient

### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

### Upper age limit

100 years

#### Sex

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## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with extensive restorative or prosthodontic treatment (greater than 4 crowned teeth)
- 2. Extensive active dental decay
- 3. Periodontally mobile teeth
- 4. Trismus (i.e., inability to open the mouth wide)
- 5. Presence of orthodontic brackets or clear aligner attachments

#### Date of first enrolment

07/06/2024

#### Date of final enrolment

11/11/2024

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Study participating centre King's College London

16th Floor, Tower Wing, Guy's Hospital London United Kingdom SE1 9RT

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

3Shape (Denmark)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/042cmjn68

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

3Shape A/S

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

## **Study outputs**

Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing? Output type **Details** Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No

Participant information sheet