An open, randomised phase I/II dose escalation study evaluating the safety and tolerability, pharmacokinetics, antigenicity and efficacy of Iodine-131-Kab201 when given intra-arterially or intravenously in patients with surgically unresectable pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma

| Submission date   | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered    |  |  |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 12/09/2005        |   | ☐ Protocol                  |  |  |
| Registration date | Overall study status                    | Statistical analysis plan   |  |  |
| 19/10/2005        | Completed                               | [X] Results                 |  |  |
| Last Edited       | Condition category                      | Individual participant data |  |  |
| 10/05/2012        | Cancer                                  |                             |  |  |

# Plain English summary of protocol

http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/monoclonal-antibody-and-iodine-treatment-for-advanced-cancer-of-the-pancreas

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

### Acronym

KaBI

### **Study objectives**

To assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of targeted radiotherapy to pancreas using anticarcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) monoclonal antibody labelled with Iodine-131.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pancreatic adenocarcinoma unsuitable for curative resection.

#### Interventions

Iodine-131-Kab201 given intra-arterially or intravenously

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

Phase I/II

### Primary outcome(s)

To evaluate the safety, tolerability and maximum tolerated dose of Iodine-131-Kab201 when administered either intra-arterially or intravenously in patients with unresectable pancreatic cancer.

### Key secondary outcome(s))

To assess the pharmacokinetics, antigenicity and evaluate efficacy of Iodine-131-Kab201 when administered either intra-arterially or intravenously in patients with unresectable pancreatic cancer.

### Completion date

31/10/2005

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male or female; aged 18 or over
- 2. Histologically proven diagnosis of ductal adenocarcinoma in the head of the pancreas
- 3. Advanced pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma involving the head of the pancreas and thus unsuitable for potentially curative resection
- 4. At least one confirmed and measurable tumour site on computed tomography (CT) documented within 4 weeks of randomisation
- 5. Karnofsky Score of 70 or more
- 6. Life expectancy of greater than or equal to 3 months
- 7. Women of childbearing potential must have a negative pregnancy test at the time of screening and must be willing to practice appropriate contraceptive methods for the duration of the study. Men with partners of childbearing potential must also be willing to practice appropriate barrier contraceptive methods for the duration of the study.
- 8. Written informed consent to participate in the study

### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Leucopenia and/or granulocytopenia
- 2. Thrombocytopenia
- 3. Significant and worsening hepatic impairment (aspartate aminotransferase/alanine aminotransferase [AST/ALT] >3 x the upper limit of normal [ULN]; bilirubin >5 x ULN) in the absence of obstructive jaundice. Liver function tests must be stable or improving at time of investigational drug administration.
- 4. Significant renal impairment (serum creatinine >ULN)
- 5. Known immunological reactions to previously administered antibodies, proteins or iodine
- 6. Pregnant or lactating women
- 7. Radiotherapy or chemotherapy within the preceding 1 month at the scheduled time of dosimetric dosing (preceding 6 weeks for nitrosoureas)
- 8. Previous external beam radiotherapy to maximal tolerable levels to any critical organ (3000 cGy for liver, 2000 cGY for lungs/kidneys)
- 9. Treatment with any other clinical trial medication within the 3 months prior to dosimetric

### dosing

10. Presence of concomitant condition or circumstances which, in the opinion of the investigator, would render the patient unsuitable for the study, such as ongoing alcohol or drug abuse or being unable to tolerate any of the study procedures (e.g. unable to lie flat for nuclear imaging scans)

**Date of first enrolment** 01/09/2002

Date of final enrolment 31/10/2005

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment**United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre Royal Liverpool University Hospital Liverpool United Kingdom L7 8XP

# Sponsor information

**Organisation**Xenova Ltd (UK)

# Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

**Funder Name** Xenova Ltd

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration

# Study outputs

| Output type                   | Details                       | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article               | results:                      | 21/07/2006   |            | Yes            | No              |
| Participant information sheet | Participant information sheet | 11/11/2025   | 11/11/2025 | No             | Yes             |
| Study website                 | Study website                 | 11/11/2025   | 11/11/2025 | No             | Yes             |