# A pragmatic randomised controlled trial to evaluate physical activity as a treatment for depression

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
15/02/2007		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
16/02/2007	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
07/06/2016	Mental and Behavioural Disorders			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

There is some evidence that exercise can improve outcome in depression but the current evidence is rather limited and the studies have been too small to provide accurate estimates of any possible benefit. Exercise on prescription is used to describe arrangements whereby a doctor will recommend to a patient that they carry out a systematic programme of exercise. They have mostly been provided for people with cardiovascular (heart) disease. The aim of this study is to investigate whether exercise on prescription affects outcome in depression when used in addition to the usual care of depression that is usually treated with antidepressants.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18-69 with mild/moderate depression

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. One group receives exercise on prescription in addition to usual care. The other group receives usual care. We measure depression over 24 months and also measure antidepressant use, quality of life and costs.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from? University of Bristol (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2006 to January 2011

Who is funding the study? Health Technology Assessment Programme (UK) Who is the main contact? Prof. Glyn Lewis glyn.lewis@bristol.ac.uk

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

**Prof Glyn Lewis** 

#### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

HTA 03/45/07

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A pragmatic randomised controlled TRial to Evaluate physical Activity as a treatment for Depression

#### **Acronym**

**TREAD** 

#### Study objectives

Current study hypothesis as of 10/04/2012

Does facilitated physical activity, in addition to usual care in primary health care, change the outcome in depression and alter the subsequent use of antidepressant medication?

#### Previous study hypothesis

Does physical activity, in addition to usual care in primary health care, change the outcome in depression and alter the subsequent use of antidepressant medication?

More details can be found at: http://www.nets.nihr.ac.uk/projects/hta/034507 Protocol can be found at: http://www.nets.nihr.ac.uk/\_\_data/assets/pdf\_file/0013/51007/PRO-03-45-07.pdf

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

West Midlands Multi-centre Research Ethics Committee, 20/10/2005, ref: 05/MRE07/42

#### Study design

Two-arm multi-centre pragmatic randomised controlled trial with randomisation at the level of the individual participant

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Mild/moderate depression

#### **Interventions**

Current interventions as of 10/04/2012

The TREAD intervention aims to increase self-esteem, confidence and social interaction as well as the take-up of physical activity, through the use of motivational techniques and drawing upon the theories of social cognition and self-determination. It comprises a series of face-to-face meetings and telephone contacts, negotiated between participants and a designated Physical Activity Facilitator (PAF) over a 8-month period.

#### Previous interventions

The TREAD intervention aims to increase self-esteem, confidence and social interaction as well as the take-up of physical activity, through the use of motivational techniques and drawing upon the theories of social cognition and self-determination. It comprises a series of face-to-face meetings and telephone contacts, negotiated between participants and a designated Physical Activity Facilitator (PAF) over a 12-month period.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measures as of 10/04/2012:

Change in clinical symptoms of depression assessed using Beck Depression Inventory at 4-months post-randomisation.

#### Previous primary outcome measures:

Change in clinical symptoms of depression assessed using Beck Depression Inventory at 3-months post-randomisation.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Current secondary outcome measures as of 10/04/2012:

A number of secondary outcomes will be measured at various points throughout the trial (4-months, 8-months, 12-months post-randomisation) including change in use of anti-depressants, uptake of physical activity, exercise efficacy and quality of life.

#### Previous secondary outcome measures:

A number of secondary outcomes will be measured at various points throughout the trial (3-months, 12-months, 24-months post-randomisation) including change in use of anti-depressants, uptake of physical activity, physical self-perceptions, exercise efficacy, psychiatric co-morbidity, quality of life and social support.

#### Completion date

31/01/2011

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Patients aged 18-69 diagnosed by GPs as having a new episode of mild/moderate depression (ICD-10 diagnosis and a score of 14 or more on Beck Depression Inventory)

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Upper age limit

69 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Physical contraindications to exercise
- 2. Inability to complete self-administered questionnaires
- 3. Psychosis
- 4. Serious drug or alcohol abuse
- 5. Pregnancy at time of randomisation

#### Date of first enrolment

01/08/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre University of Bristol

Bristol United Kingdom BS8 2BN

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of Bristol (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0524sp257

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

Health Technology Assessment Programme

#### Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme, Health Technology Assessment (HTA), HTA

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2011	Yes	No
Results article	cost-effectiveness results	01/06/2012	Yes	No
Results article	results	06/06/2012	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	12/11/2010	Yes	No
Other publications	rationale and development	01/12/2010	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes