# Effects of the implementation of a specific Safety Checklist in cardiac surgery

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
12/06/2018	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
14/06/2018	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
14/06/2018	Surgery	[] Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Cardiac (heart) surgery has become a routine procedure with acceptable risks. However, there is still room for improvement, especially in elderly patients with multiple comorbidities (illnesses). Each of these conditions may require special measures during or shortly after the operation. In these complex situations checklists may help to structure and improve communication between different caregivers. A specific cardiac surgery safety checklist was developed in one hospital (Isala) and then implemented in six other Dutch cardiac centers. This safety checklist focuses on pre-operative known risk factors in combination with a trans-esophageal echo (an ultrasound scan of the heart) that is performed just after induction of anesthesia.

Who can participate?
Adult cardiac surgery patients

#### What does the study involve?

Participating cardiac centers introduce the safety checklist. The use of the checklist is strongly encouraged but not obligatory. Patients who are operated with the use of the safety checklist are compared with those who are operated without. 30-day and 120-day mortality (death rates), surgical re-exploration, 72-hour stroke and deep sternal wound infections are compared between the groups.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit of participating is that patient safety may be improved by systematically checking all the possible risk factors for preoperative complications. There is a small risk that the initial operation plan will be adapted. However, these adaptations are meant to increase patient safety and to prevent possible harmful situations.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. Isala Hospital, Zwolle (Netherlands)
- 2. Medisch Spectrum Twente (Netherlands)
- 3. Antonius Hospital Nieuwegein (Netherlands)
- 4. OLVG (Netherlands)
- 5. Catharina Hospital (Netherlands)

6. HAGA teaching hospitals (Netherlands)

7. Amphia (Netherlands)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? May 2014 to December 2015

Who is funding the study?
Achmea Healthcare (Netherlands)

Who is the main contact?
Mr Alexander Spanjersberg

# Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Alexander Spanjersberg

#### Contact details

Dr van Heesweg 2 Zwolle Netherlands 8025AB

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Z528-2

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Effects of the implementation of a specific cardiac surgery checklist on mortality in 7 Dutch cardiac centers

#### Study objectives

Implementing a specific cardiac surgery safety checklist in multiple cardiac surgery centers results in lower mortality and major complications.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Committee on Research Ethics of Isala Hospital in Zwolle the Netherlands considered that no further approval was necessary as this is a retrospective study on routine data, 14/08/2014, METC nr 14.08113

#### Study design

Multicenter observational cohort study during a one-year implementation phase

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Cohort study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Adult cardiac surgery patients

#### **Interventions**

Participating centers started to implement the safety checklist from 01/01/2015 and all adult patients undergoing cardiac surgery in one of the participating hospitals were eligible. The use of the checklist was strongly encouraged, but not obligatory. The studied patient population was limited to coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG), surgical aortic valve replacement (AVR), combination of both, and mitral valve surgery (MVS). Patients who were operated on with the use of the safety checklist were compared with those who were operated without.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

120-day mortality; data retrieved from electronic database of the regional municipal administration

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. 30-day mortality; data retrieved from electronic database of the regional municipal administration
- 2. 72-hour stroke; data retrieved from active reporting of participating hospital; stroke is defined as a stroke diagnosed by a neurologist (not TIA), within 72 hours after primary surgery.
- 3. Surgical re-exploration: data from active reporting; surgical re-exploration is defined as every opening of the thorax after primary closure within 30 days after primary surgery. Causes may be

bleeding, tamponade or other, but not mediastinitis

4. Deep sternal wound infection (DSWI); data from active reporting; DSWI is defined as deep sternal wound infection within 30 days after primary surgery

#### Overall study start date

27/05/2014

#### Completion date

31/12/2015

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adult cardiac surgery patients
- 2. Undergoing coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG), surgical aortic valve replacement (AVR), AVR combined with CABG, and mitral valve surgery (MVS)

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

The one year study period in 7 Dutch centers will render about 6000 patients undergoing CABG, AVR, AVR+CABG and MVS

#### Key exclusion criteria

Data not available on:

- 1. Type of surgery
- 2. Use of safety checklist

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

31/12/2015

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

#### Study participating centre

#### Isala Hospital, Zwolle

Dr van Heesweg 2 Zwolle Netherlands 8025AB

### Study participating centre Medisch Spectrum Twente

Koningsplein 1 Enschede Netherlands 7512 KZ

# Study participating centre Antonius Hospital Nieuwegein

Koekoekslaan 1 Nieuwegein Netherlands 3435 CM

# Study participating centre OLVG

Oosterpark 9 Amsterdam Netherlands 1091 AC

# Study participating centre Catharina Hospital

Michelangelolaan 2 Eindhoven Netherlands 5623 EJ

# Study participating centre HAGA teaching hospitals

Els Borst-Eilersplein 275 The Hague Netherlands 2545 AA

### Study participating centre Amphia

Molengracht 21 Breda Netherlands 4818 CK

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

Achmea Healthcare

#### Sponsor details

Burgemeester Roelenweg 13 Zwolle Netherlands 8021 EV

#### Sponsor type

Other

#### Website

achmea.nl

#### Organisation

Isala Academy

#### Sponsor details

Dr Van Heesweg 2 Zwolle Netherlands 8025 AB

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

www.isala.nl/academie

#### Organisation

Achmea (Netherlands)

#### Sponsor details

#### Sponsor type

Not defined

#### Website

https://www.achmea.nl/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00gqmky69

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Other

#### **Funder Name**

Achmea Healthcare

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Main article will be submitted summer 2018. Presentation on ESC congress 2018 Munich.

# Intention to publish date

01/08/2018

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The dataset will not be directly available, as data ownership is at the participating centers. In the agreement with the participating centers it is stated that data may only be analyzed for the purpose of this study. If there is a request, the participating centers have to be asked for permission to use the data for a new purpose. In the meantime data are held at the national institution: Netherlands Heart Registry.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available