Evaluation of a pharmaceutical service for managing minor ailments

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered			
15/04/2021		[X] Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan			
07/05/2021		[X] Results			
Last Edited	Condition category	[X] Individual participant data			
24/06/2024	Other				

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The World Health Organization (WHO) defines the pharmacy practice mission as "contributing to health improvement and helping patients with health problems to make the best use of their medicines". Minor ailments are "self-limiting conditions which may be diagnosed and managed without a medical intervention". Traditionally, patients present in community pharmacy for these conditions or alternatively self-select a non-prescription medication. The aim of this study is to evaluate the outcomes of a Minor Ailment Service (MAS) in community pharmacy compared with usual care.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 16 and over (or between 2 and 16 years of age if accompanied by a responsible adult), seeking care (i.e. presenting symptoms or requesting a product) for the following minor ailments: skin problems (cold sore, foot fungi), digestive disturbance (diarrhoea, flatulence, heartburn or vomiting), pain (dysmenorrhea, headache, sore throat) and upper respiratory tract (cough, cold or nasal congestion).

What does the study involve?

MAS is provided through a face-to-face encounter between the pharmacist and the patient, so individual interviews are carried out in the community pharmacy. When patients attend the pharmacy either requesting a direct product request (non-prescription medicine) or presenting symptoms covered in the study they are informed about the study. 10 days after this consultation a researcher phones them at the number provided during the consultation in the pharmacy for an interview about the minor ailment outcomes.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits are managing the minor ailment consulted with the best recommendation possible for the patient's specific situation. The risks are limited because in case the health problem presented in the pharmacy was out of scope for the pharmacists, patients are referred to the appropriate health professional.

Where is the study run from? Universidad de Granada (Spain) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2017 to June 2018

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Spanish Society of Community Pharmacy (Spain)
- 2. Pharmaceutical Association of Valencia (Spain)

Who is the main contact? Noelia Amador Fernández namador@sefac.org

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

IndicaPRO-2016-v1

Study information

Scientific Title

INDICA+PRO study: evaluation of a minor ailment service in community pharmacy

Acronym

INDICA+PRO

Study objectives

A co-designed minor ailment service can lead to better clinical, humanistic and economic outcomes for patients than usual practice.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. Approved 20/07/2017, University of Granada Ethics Committee (Gran Vía de Colon 48 2 planta, 18071, Granada, Spain; +34 (0)958 243008; investigacion@ugr.es), ref: 331/CEIH/2017 2. Approved 29/07/2017, Xátiva-Ontinyent Ethics Committee "Lluís Alcanyís" (Hospital Lluís Alcanyís, ctra Xátiva-Alzira km 2, 46800 Xátiva, Spain; +34 (0)962 28 93 00; comitebioetica dsxo@qva.es), ref: not applicable

Study design

Cluster randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Minor ailments: dermatological problems (cold sore, foot fungi), gastrointestinal disturbance (diarrhoea, flatulence, heartburn or vomiting), pain (dysmenorrhea, headache, sore throat), upper respiratory tract (cough, cold or nasal congestion)

Interventions

Patients requesting a non-prescription medication (direct product request) or presenting minor ailments receive the Minor Ailment Service (MAS) or usual care (UC) and are followed up by telephone 10 days after the consultation.

The pharmacist-patient intervention consists of a standardised consultation on a web-based program using co-developed protocols pharmacists' training, practice change facilitators and patients' educational material.

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome(s)

Measured at the pharmacist–patient consultation, completed by the pharmacist:

- 1. Appropriate medical referral: patient referral by the pharmacist made in accordance with the designed protocols, calculated as the proportion of patients appropriately referred divided by the total number of patients.
- 2. Modification of direct product request: treatment requested by the patient modified by the pharmacist due to not approved indication of use for the minor ailment, wrong dose, dosage or formulation. The summary of product characteristics determined by the Spanish Agency was used as the standard.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Symptom resolution: relief of symptoms measured using a Likert scale from 1 "not at all" to 5 "completely" at 10-day telephone follow-up with interview conducted by the research group
- 2. Reconsultation rate for the same minor ailment, whenever the patient had to consult again for the same ailment
- 3. Health-related quality of life (HRQoL) measured using EuroQol 5D-5L (EQ-VAS) and Utility at pharmacist—patient consultation and at 10-day telephone follow-up
- 4. Cost-effectiveness: incremental cost-effectiveness ratio (ICER) of the service measured at pharmacist—patient consultation and at 10-day telephone follow-up

Completion date

10/06/2018

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients aged ≥16 years or over 2 years of age if they are accompanied by a responsible adult 2. Seeking care i.e. presenting symptoms or requesting a product (direct product request) for minor ailments. The minor ailments considered in the study are: dermatological problems (cold sore, foot fungi), gastrointestinal disturbance (diarrhoea, flatulence, heartburn or vomiting), pain (dysmenorrhea, headache, sore throat) and upper respiratory tract (cough, cold or nasal congestion)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Sex

Total final enrolment

808

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients younger than 16 years old not accompanied by a responsible adult
- 2. Third person different than the patient consulting in community pharmacy

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2017

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Benaguasil (Valencia, Spain)

Benaguasil Spain 46180

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Bétera (Valencia, Spain)

Bétera Spain 46117

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in L'Eliana (Valencia, Spain)

L'Eliana Spain 46183

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Vilamarxant (Valencia, Spain)

Vilamarxant Spain 46191

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Aldaia (Valencia, Spain)

Aldaia

Spain 46960

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Buñol (Valencia, Spain)

Buñol Spain

46360

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Chiva (Valencia, Spain)

Chiva

Spain

46370

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Godelleta (Valencia, Spain)

Godelleta

Spain

46388

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Manises (Valencia, Spain)

Manises

Spain

46940

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Quart de Poblet (Valencia, Spain)

Quart de Poblet

Spain

46930

Study participating centre Community pharmacies in Riba-roja de Túria (Valencia, Spain)

Riba-roja de Túria Spain 46190

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Puçol (Valencia, Spain)

Puçol Spain 46530

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Sagunt (Valencia, Spain)

Sagunt Spain 46500

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Agullent (Valencia, Spain)

Agullent Spain 46890

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Albaida (Valencia, Spain)

Albaida Spain 46860

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Aielo de Malferit (Valencia, Spain)

Aielo de Malferit Spain 46812

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in L'Alcudia de Crespins (Valencia, Spain)

L'Alcudia de Crespins

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Benigánim (Valencia, Spain)

Benigánim Spain 46830

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Bocairent (Valencia, Spain)

Bocairent Spain 46880

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Canals (Valencia, Spain)

Canals Spain 46650

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in L'Ollería (Valencia, Spain)

L'Ollería Spain 46850

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in El Palomar (Valencia, Spain)

El Palomar Spain 46891

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Ontinyent (Valencia, Spain)

Ontinyent Spain 46870

Study participating centre Community pharmacies in Terrateig (Valencia, Spain)

Terrateig Spain 46842

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Villanueva de Castellón (Valencia, Spain)

Villanueva de Castellón Spain 46270

Study participating centre

Community pharmacies in Xátiva (Valencia, Spain)

Xátiva Spain 46800

Sponsor information

Organisation

Spanish Society of Community Pharmacy

Organisation

Pharmaceutical Association of Valencia

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Spanish Society of Community Pharmacy

Funder Name

Pharmaceutical Association of Valencia

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the main investigator Fernando Martínez Martínez (femartin@ugr.es) or Noelia Amador Fernández (namador@sefac.org). Data shared would be the information recorded at the patient's consultation (Excel file), this data is anonymised. This information is already available and it will be until 5 years after the study ended (31/05/2023). Consent was obtained from patients or responsible adults (when patients were between 2 and 16 years of age). Data was extracted already anonymised from the website used by participant pharmacists to record consultations.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type Results article	Details		Date added 04/05/2021	Peer reviewed? Yes	Patient-facing? No
Results article	outcome measure data	25/10/2022	26/10/2022	Yes	No
Results article	Cost utility analysis	20/11/2024	24/06/2024	Yes	No
<u>Dataset</u>			24/06/2024	No	No
$\underline{\textbf{Participant information sheet}}$			01/06/2021	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version v1.0	01/01/2017	01/06/2021	No	No