# Long-term outcomes of severe childhood malnutrition study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
07/06/2021		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
08/06/2021	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
19/02/2024	Other			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Childhood malnutrition is widespread in low-resource settings such as Malawi and results in significant morbidity and mortality. Furthermore, the 'double burden of malnutrition' (undernutrition of nutritionally rich foods and overnutrition with food of low nutritional value) is being increasingly recognised as a major health problem in these settings.

The ChroSAM cohort was an exploratory study in 2007 which recruited children admitted to Queen Elizabeth Central Hospital (QECH) in Blantyre, Malawi with severe childhood malnutrition. This study followed up 320 children in 2013 who had survived seven years post-discharge (median age: 9). The children from this initial cohort are now in adolescence (median age: 17).

We aim to measure several medium- and long-term outcomes in survivors from the ChroSAM cohort in comparison to (previously recruited) sibling and community controls.

# Who can participate?

We will contact all previous participants (cases, sibling controls and community controls) to participate in the study. We will recruit additional community controls if there is high loss to follow-up.

#### What does the study involve?

We will ask participants to come for a half-day of assessments. Follow-up of participants in the cohort will generate long-term survival data and add to previously collected longitudinal growth data.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no direct benefits to participating in the study. If any health problems are detected at follow-up we will refer participants to the appropriate health services. There are minor risks involved in the study as this is an observational study. There are some risks due to general community COVID-19 transmission, which we will minimise through use of personal protective

equipment, masks, distancing and ventilation during assessments. We will compensate participants for the small discomfort of taking blood samples and fasting for oral glucose tolerance tests.

Where is the study run from? Queen Elizabeth Central Hospital (QECH) in Blantyre (Malawi)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2021 to December 2022

Who is funding the study? Wellcome Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Amir Kirolos, a.kirolos@liverpool.ac.uk

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Amir Kirolos

#### **ORCID ID**

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-2995-330X

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Medium- and long-term health outcomes of adolescents and young adults following severe malnutrition in childhood: A longitudinal cohort study

## Acronym

**LOSCM Study** 

# **Study objectives**

Our overarching research question is 'How does severe malnutrition in childhood affect physical and mental development and how persistent is this effect into later life?'

Our proposed follow-up of a previously established cohort of survivors of severe childhood malnutrition aims to describe medium- and long-term health outcomes.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Approval pending.

Currently under ethics review with College Of Medicine Research Ethics Committee (COMREC) Malawi.

The proposal will also be reviewed by University of Liverpool and London School of Tropical Medicine & Hygiene ethics committees.

# Study design

Longitudinal cohort study

# Primary study design

Observational

# Secondary study design

Cohort study

# Study setting(s)

Community

# Study type(s)

Other

# Participant information sheet

See study outputs table

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Health outcomes of severe childhood malnutrition

#### **Interventions**

We will contact all previous participants (cases, sibling controls and community controls with additional controls if required) to ask them to come for a half-day assessment in Blantyre, Malawi. Recruitment is anticipated to last one year and we aim to recruit as many of the previous 320 children since the last study, anticipating that there will be some level of loss to follow-up

since the last study. Follow-up of children in the cohort will generate long-term survival data and add to previously collected longitudinal growth data.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Survival is measured using a follow-up questionnaire of participants 8 years following the previous ChroSAM study

# Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Body composition is measured using body impedance analysis and skinfold thickness at 8 year follow-up
- 2. Growth is measured using anthropometry (mean upper arm circumference, weight, height, hip circumference, sitting height) at 8 year follow-up
- 3. Cardiovascular disease risk is measured using resting blood pressure at 8 year follow-up
- 4. Cardiovascular disease risk is measured using lipidomic analysis at 8 year follow-up
- 5. Metabolic disease risk is measured using oral glucose tolerance test at 8 year follow-up
- 6. Metabolic disease risk is measured using metabolomics at 8 year follow-up
- 7. Chronic stress is measured using hair cortisol at 8 year follow-up
- 8. Motor function is measured by hand grip strength, exercise tolerance and rapid consequential movements at 8 year follow-up
- 9. Cognition is measured by a tablet-based cognition assessment (CANTAB) and school performance at 8 year follow-up.
- 10. Cognition and inattention is measured with EEG and eye tracking at 8 year follow-up
- 11. Mental health & behaviour is measured using strengths & difficulties, GAD-7, PHQ-9 and child behaviour checklist questionnaires at 8 year follow-up

#### Overall study start date

07/06/2021

#### Completion date

30/12/2022

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

1. Previous recruitment to the ChroSAM study

# Participant type(s)

Mixed

# Age group

Mixed

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

350

#### Total final enrolment

380

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Controls that have significant health issues
- 2. Previous participants that are unavailable (for example, have moved far from previous recruitment area in Blantyre) since last follow-up

#### Date of first enrolment

01/08/2021

#### Date of final enrolment

30/08/2022

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Malawi

# Study participating centre

Malawi-Liverpool-Wellcome Trust Clinical Research Programme

Chichiri Blantyre Malawi

PO Box 30096

# **Sponsor information**

## Organisation

University of Liverpool

# Sponsor details

Brownlow Hill Liverpool England United Kingdom L69 3BX +44 (0)151 794 2000 sponsor@liverpool.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.liv.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04xs57h96

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Wellcome Trust

# Alternative Name(s)

Wellcome, WT

### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Results will be included as part of the PhD thesis of the prinicpal investigator. Results will be subsequently prepared and submitted for publication in open-access peer-reviewed journals.

Results of this study will be presented in national forums such as the College of Medicine Research Dissemination day. We will also present results at international meetings.

We will provide findings in writing to the local paediatric department, QECH and COMREC committees to disseminate findings locally.

# Intention to publish date

01/12/2023

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publically available repository.

University of Liverpool Data Repository. Anonymised data with removal of potentially identifiable information, with inclusion of health outcomes data, data will be held for at least 10

years after completion of the study, data will be available after a year following study completion. Access can be shared with other researchers and access will be controlled by the study investigators, request through the University of Liverpool.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet			08/07/2021	No	Yes
Protocol file	version v1.1	14/05/2021	08/07/2021	No	No
Results article	15/02/2024	19/02/2024	Yes	No	