Terabotics - terahertz robotics for surgery and medicine

Submission date	Recruitment status Recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
29/07/2024		□ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Ongoing Condition category Cancer	Statistical analysis plan		
05/08/2024		Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
08/08/2025		[X] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Medical imaging is an important tool in the diagnosis and treatment of skin cancer; however, it carries a small risk of tissue damage due to the use of radiation. Recently, imaging methods have been developed that use electromagnetic radiation at terahertz (THz) frequencies, which are located in a region of the spectrum that make it safe for the in vivo imaging of humans.

Additionally, there is a pressing need in the surgical field to improve the precision, control and selectivity of skin cancer procedures. For example, in the UK, the incidence of basal cell carcinoma (BCC) has increased by approximately 250% since the 1990s, with 137,000 new cases each year. Delayed diagnosis and incomplete tumour excision are key drivers of patient morbidity, and squander limited surgical resources. If the extent of the tumour could be accurately determined, using THz imaging prior to surgery, the procedure would be faster, and grafts better planned.

In vivo images from a case study of BCC patients in 2004 suggested that THz imaging could detect skin cancer hidden beneath the skin. Spectroscopic studies by Emma MacPherson (Coinvestigator) and colleagues showed that the fundamental THz properties of excised tumours are statistically significantly different from healthy tissue, primarily due to changes in water content.

The current study will evaluate the effectiveness of the THz technology during real-world routine surgical procedures for the excision of suspected skin cancers. Whereas the main objective is to explore feasibility, test trial procedures and refine intervention delivery, our secondary objective is to assess whether Skinometry can quantify skin hydration and indicate the extent of BCC skin cancer, melanoma in situ or lentigo maligna pre-cancerous lesions before excision. We will be recruiting patients scheduled for Plastic Surgery at University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire, selected based on clinical diagnosis.

Who can participate?

Patients who have been diagnosed with suspected skin cancer (Basal Cell Carcinoma, Melanoma in Situ or Lentigo Maligna) and have been scheduled for a surgical excision of said skin cancer at UHCW.

What does the study involve?

Patients taking part in TERABOTICS will first have their eligibility checked by a member of the clinical research team. Upon confirmation of eligibility and on the day of their surgery, they will have their suspected skin cancer photographed and measured using the Terahertz Scanner. In order to accurately calibrate and compare the Terahertz scans, participants will also have a control and reference area of their body scanned. This is estimated to take no longer than 10 minutes.

Participants' suspected skin cancer will also be measured 'off table' by a member of the research team while their surgery occurs, to be compared to their standard histology results which will be collected once available.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Patients who choose to take part in Terabotics will not benefit directly, however their contribution will help us improve both the design of a future study, as well as the Terahertz scanner, which may lead to new ways to diagnose and treat various skin conditions. This may mean procedures such as a biopsy may not always be required for future patients. The risks of taking part are minimal. The Terahertz scan itself is painless, similar to shining a light on the skin. The THz scanner uses very low energy so causes no tissue irritation.

Where is the study run from?
University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2024 to October 2026

Who is funding the study? Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (UK)

Who is the main contact? tmu@uhcw.nhs.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Miss Cristiana Huhulea

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0009-0000-6444-4987

Contact details

Research and Development University Hospital Coventry United Kingdom CV2 2DX +44 24 7696 7476 cristiana.huhulea@uhcw.nhs.uk

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Emma MacPherson

Contact details

Physics Department
Warwick University
Coventry
United Kingdom
CV4 7AL
+44 7749424202
e.macpherson@warwick.ac.uk

Type(s)

Principal investigator

Contact name

Prof Joseph Hardwicke

Contact details

University Hospital Clifford Bridge Road Coventry United Kingdom CV2 2DX +44 2476965223 hardwickej@doctors.org.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

335656

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

JH552021, IRAS 335656, CPMS 63816

Study information

Scientific Title

TERAhertz roBOTICS for surgery and medicine

Acronym

TERABOTICS

Study objectives

Primary: to explore the feasibility, test recruitment, trial procedures and refine intervention delivery.

Secondary: to explore if Terahertz skinometry can quantify skin hydration and may indicate the extent of basal cell carcinoma skin cancer, or melanoma in situ or lentigo maligna pre-cancerous lesions, before primary excision.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 06/08/2024, London - South East Research Ethics Committee (Health Research Authority, 2 Redman Place, Stratford, London, E20 1JQ, United Kingdom; +44 (0) 207104 8202; londonsoutheast.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 24/PR/0849

Study design

Pragmatic non-randomized single-centre feasibility study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Diagnostic, Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Identifying and assessing the extent suspected skin cancer defined as Basal Cell Carcinoma, Lentigo Maligna or Melanoma in Situ in patients scheduled to have a surgical excision.

Interventions

Participants scheduled to have a surgical excision will undergo the study procedures on the day of their operation, prior to the surgical procedure.

Firstly, participants will have their area of interest photographed on arrival and booking into theatre. They will then be scanned with the THz Skinometer a minimum of three times: once to acquire data from a standard reference area of skin for calibration; once to acquire images of a control area similar to the area of interest, but clinically free from obvious pathology; and lastly they will undergo a scan of the area of interest (suspected skin cancer). A good quality scan will be needed from each area, and may need repeating if the signal acquisition is inadequate. The area of interest will then be marked with a predefined excision margin with a surgical marker pen, as per normal standard of practice. A standard photograph will again be taken with the markings in place. Further THz measurements will be taken from the area of interest, these will examine the area of interest and the surrounding skin within and around the surgical marking area. This will take up to 10 minutes.

Following scan acquisition, the surgical procedure will continue as per normal practice, with no further scans on the participant. When the suspected skin cancer has been removed and marked with a surgical marker stitch, it will be passed out to a member of the research team to undertake further THz scans "off table", prior to being transferred to a prepared specimen pot for transfer to the laboratory for normal histopathological analysis.

The surgical procedure will then continue as normal with suitable reconstruction and clinical follow up planned as necessary.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Terahertz Scanner

Primary outcome(s)

Measured at baseline using the screening/recruitment log which clinical research staff will manage, collated safety monitoring reports (AEs/SAEs) and study database output:

- 1. Number of patients screened, eligible, recruited and withdrawn
- 2. Patient willingness to participate in the trial
- 3. Participant tolerance of the device
- 4. Number of participants with complete datasets

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Terahertz scan data and the formal reported histological analysis as part of the standard skin cancer management pathway
- 2. Histology results collected post-surgery

Completion date

31/10/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. NHS patients attending University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire
- 2. Area of interest accessible for THz scan
- 3. Aged 18 years and over
- 4. Suspected skin cancer defined as:
- 4.1. lesions clinically suspicious for Basal Cell Carcinoma (BCC)
- 4.2. biopsy proven BBC
- 4.3. biopsy proven Lentigo Maligna (LM)
- 4.4. Melanoma in Situ (MiS)
- 5. Capacity to give informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Confirmed biopsy proven other skin cancer at the same area of interest
- 2. Absence of suspected or confirmed skin cancer as described in the inclusion criteria
- 3. Unable to consent to the study

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2024

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2026

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

University Hospitals Coverty and Warwickshire NHS Trust

Clifford Bridge Road Coventry United Kingdom CV2 2DX

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire NHS Trust

ROR

https://ror.org/025n38288

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

Alternative Name(s)

EPSRC Engineering & Physical Sciences Research Council, UKRI Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council, Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council - UKRI, Engineering & Physical Sciences Research Council, The Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC), EPSRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes