The effect of treatment for gum disease (periodontitis) plus ozone gas therapy on patients with type 2 diabetes

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
18/07/2022		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/07/2022	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
05/08/2025	Oral Health			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The theory of there being a relationship between inflammatory gum disease (periodontitis) and diabetes explains the variations in glycaemic control in patients with diabetes after periodontal treatment. Likewise, the presence of oxidative stress, a common trigger in the onset of both diseases, had led to the understanding of periodontitis as a risk factor in the progression of diabetes. Ozone therapy, in addition to periodontal treatment, has been demonstrated to be effective in reducing systemic oxidative stress.

Who can participate?

Patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) and generalized periodontitis

What does the study involve?

Subjects will receive either periodontal treatment followed by up to 6 sessions of gaseous ozone therapy or periodontal therapy alone

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit of treatment is an improvement of oxidative status. There are no risks associated with participation in the study.

Where is the study run from? Albanian University (Albania)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? May 2018 to May 2019

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact? Dr Biagio Rapone (Albania) biagiorapone79@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Biagio Rapone

Contact details

Interdisciplinary Department of Medicine Piazza Giulio Cesare 11 University of Bari Aldo Moro Bari Italy 70124 +39 3477619817 biagiorapone79@gmail.com

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

The effect of gaseous ozone therapy in addition to periodontal treatment on oxidative stress in individuals with type 2 diabetes: A double-blinded, randomized clinical trial

Study objectives

Periodontal treatment plus gaseous ozone therapy reduces oxidative stress in type 2 diabetes patients more than periodontal treatment alone

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 16/07/2018, Albanian University Committee (Rruga e Durresit, Tirane I 001 Albania; +355 686086880; e.gorri@albanianuniversity.edu.al), ref: 224

Study design

Double-blinded randomized controlled clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Reduction of oxidative stress in patients with type 2 diabetes via periodontal treatment and ozone therapy

Interventions

Subjects receive either periodontal treatment followed by up to 6 sessions of gaseous ozone therapy or periodontal therapy alone

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Gaseous ozone

Primary outcome measure

Oxidative stress quantified as the total oxidant status (TOS), total antioxidant status (TAS), nitric oxide (NO) levels, malondialdehyde (MDA) levels, glutathione (L-γ-glutamyl-L-cysteinyl-glycine, GSH) levels measured using a commercially available kit to derive in saliva and a spectrophotometric procedure in blood at baseline, 3, and 6 months

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Periodontal depth (PD) measured using a periodontal probe at baseline, 3, and 6 months
- 2. Clinical attachment level (CAL) measured using a periodontal treatment at baseline, 3, and 6 months
- 3. Bleeding on Probing (BOP) measured using a periodontal probe at baseline, 3 and 6 months

Overall study start date

10/05/2018

Completion date

17/05/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Meet the type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) diagnostic criteria recommended by the American Diabetes Association (ADA) in 2020:
- 1.1. FPG ≥126 mg/dl (7.0 mmol/l), or 2-h PG ≥200 mg/dl (11.1 mmol/l) during OGTT, or HbA1C ≥6. 5 % (48 mmol/mol), or a random plasma glucose ≥200 mg/dl (11.1 mmol/l)
- 2. Diagnosis of generalized periodontitis

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

100 patients per group

Total final enrolment

200

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Declined cognitive function and unable to make informed consent
- 2. Underwent periodontal treatment within the last 12 months
- 3. Systemic antibiotic therapy within the last 6 months
- 4. Pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 5. Uncontrolled hypertension
- 6. History of heart disease or stroke which might interfere with the systemic antioxidative status
- 7. Active smokers (>10 cigarettes/daily)

Date of first enrolment

20/07/2018

Date of final enrolment

13/09/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Albania

Study participating centre Faculty of Medicai Sciences, Albanian University

Rruga e Durresit Tirane Albania 001

Sponsor information

Organisation

Albanian University

Sponsor details

Rruga e Durresit Tirana Albania 001 +355 686086880 informacioni@albanianuniversity.edu.al

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

https://albanianuniversity.edu.al

ROR

https://ror.org/02f8a6404

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

18/08/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		16/01/2022	13/01/2023	Yes	No
Results article		11/05/2023	15/05/2023	Yes	No
Results article		05/09/2024	05/08/2025	Yes	No