# Baby Steps - Walking Away from Gestational Diabetes

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered [X] Protocol		
20/03/2017	No longer recruiting			
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**Registration date** Overall study status [X] Statistical analysis plan 05/04/2017 Completed [X] Results

Pregnancy and Childbirth

Last Edited Condition category Individual participant data

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

29/08/2023

Up to 15% of pregnant women develop a temporary type of diabetes during pregnancy called gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM). In GDM, women develop high blood sugar levels as the body is unable to produce enough insulin (a hormone that helps convert sugar into stored energy). GDM is associated with increased risks for mother and baby including increased risk of later life diabetes for the mother. Research shows that structured education programmes can help people to lower their risk of developing cardiovascular disease (disease of the heart and blood vessels) and so can be beneficial for a patient's future health and for health care professionals. The aim of the study is to develop and implement face-to-face and online lifestyle education programme to meet the needs of women with a history of gestational diabetes.

#### Who can participate?

Women who are up to 36 weeks into their pregnancy who have been diagnosed with gestational diabetes.

#### What does the study involve?

All participants attend an initial study visit where blood pressure, body measurements and blood samples are taken to measure cholesterol and to find out whether they have diabetes or are likely to develop type 2 diabetes, as well as completing questionnaires about diet and exercise. Participants are then randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group are given an information leaflet after the birth of the baby. Those in the second group attend two three-hour education sessions spaced approximately two weeks apart. These participants are also given access to an interactive website, which encourages healthy lifestyle choices, such as through diet and exercise advice. All women are asked to wear an activity monitor for eight days before, during (six months) and after the study (12 months) to record their activity levels. At the start of the study and then again after six and 12 months participants complete a number of questionnaires to measure their wellbeing and provide blood samples to assess blood sugar and cholesterol.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All women taking part will benefit from a free health assessment and physical activity advice as well as information on general fitness levels. There is a small risk of pain or bruising when blood samples are taken.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. Leicester General Hospital (UK)
- 2. Leicester Royal Infirmary (UK)
- 3. George Eliot Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2015 to December 2018

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact? Helen Dallosso helen.dalloss@uhl-tr.nhs.uk

# Contact information

## Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Ms Helen Dallosso

#### Contact details

Leicester Diabetes Centre Leicester General Hospital Leicester United Kingdom LE5 4PR +44 (0)116 2584738 helen.dalloss@uhl-tr.nhs.uk

# Additional identifiers

# EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

210608

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

32982, IRAS 210608

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial to investigate the effect of a structured education programme on women who have had gestational diabetes and are at risk of developing type 2 diabetes

#### **Acronym**

**BABY STEPS** 

## **Study objectives**

The aim of the study is to implement and evaluate a structured education programme with additional support (wrist-worn activity monitor linked to an interactive website).

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

East Midlands- Derby Research Ethics Committee, 01/03/2017, ref: 16/EM/0488

#### Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Prevention, Complex Intervention

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Reproductive health and childbirth, Primary sub-specialty: Maternal/Fetal medicine; UKCRC code/Disease: Reproductive Health and Childbirth/Other maternal disorders predominantly related to pregnancy

#### Interventions

An invitation pack (letter, short information leaflet and prepaid envelope) will be sent to patients identified as eligible on a register maintained by the maternity department. Expressions of interest will be sent to the research team who will contact the responder, check their eligibility and if the responder is interested in taking part they will book them to attend a recruitment clinic. The potential participant will be sent a full Patient Information Leaflet to read before they attend. At the recruitment clinic written informed consent will be obtained by a

trained member of the research team after which the various outcome measures will be made and the participant will be asked to complete a questionnaire. The participant will be given an accelerometer and asked to wear it continuously for 8 days and then return it by post to the research team.

After the baseline clinic participants will be randomised using a block design by an independent researcher. Randomisation will be stratified by age (<30; ≥30) and ethnicity (White European; other) and will dictate the pathway each participant will take in the study (control group or intervention group). The stratified randomisation lists will be prepared by an independent statistician, for allocation and concealment. A researcher independent of the study team will follow a standard operating procedure to reveal the randomisation as requested.

Intervention participants will attend the Baby Steps Programme and control participants will be sent an information leaflet about the prevention of diabetes.

The Baby Steps Programme comprises two group education sessions (3 hours each and one week apart) which are delivered by two trained Facilitators. Participants attending will be given a Fit-Bit to help them monitor their physical activity level during the study period and will be given access to a website containing information on how to attain a healthy lifestyle and be more active.

Follow-up data will be collected at 6 months and 12 months. At 6 months the participants will be sent an accelerometer to wear for 8 days and a questionnaire to complete. Both will returned to the research team in a prepaid envelope. At 12 months the participants will be contacted and booked to attend a follow-up clinic. The baseline measures will be repeated and participants will be given an accelerometer to wear for 8 days.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Physical activity is measured using an accelerometer, worn for 8 days at baseline, 6 months and 12 months.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Lipid profile (high density lipoproteins, low density lipoproteins, triglycerides, total cholesterol) is measured using a venous blood sample at baseline and 12 months
- 2. Glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c) is measured is measured using a venous blood sample at baseline and 12 months
- 3. Resting heart rate and blood pressure are measured using an automated BP device at baseline and 12 months
- 4. Body mass, BMI, waist circumference and hip circumference are measured using a height scale, weight scales, and tape measure at baseline and 12 months
- 5. Self-reported physical activity is measured using the validated Recent Physical Activity Questionnaire (RPAQ) at baseline, 6 and 12 months
- 6. Health related quality of Life is measured using the EQ-5D-5L questionnaire at baseline, 6 and 12 months
- 7. Anxiety and Depression is measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at baseline, 6 and 12 months
- 8. Exercise self efficacy is measured using the Jenkins Self-Efficacy for Exercise Expectations Scale at baseline, 6 and 12 months

9. Fruit and vegetable intake is measured using the 5-A-Day Consumption and Evaluation Tool (FACET) at baseline, 6 and 12 months

## Overall study start date

13/03/2015

#### Completion date

31/12/2018

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. A diagnosis of gestational diabetes in most recent pregnancy
- 2. Up to 36 months postnatal
- 3. Willing and able to attend the education sessions and clinic
- 4. Willing and able to give informed consent
- 5. Able to speak and read English to a sufficient level to understand the study and education programme
- 6. Telephone access
- 7. Aged 18 years and older

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

# Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

**Female** 

# Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 290; UK Sample Size: 290

#### Total final enrolment

293

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Currently has gestational diabetes
- 2. Currently pregnant at present
- 3. Type 1 or type 2 diabetes
- 4. Cancer (not in remission)
- 5. Severe diagnosed mental illness (e.g. Schizophrenia, bipolar)
- 6. Previous surgical or medical intervention to treat obesity
- 7. No access to internet
- 8. Does not have capacity to give informed consent
- 9. Participants who are currently participating or who have participated in another clinical intervention study in the previous 12 weeks

10. Unable to speak and read English to a sufficient level to understand the study and education programme

**Date of first enrolment** 01/05/2017

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2018

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Leicester General Hospital Gwendolen Road Leicester United Kingdom LE5 4PW

Study participating centre Leicester Royal Infirmary Infirmary Square Leicester United Kingdom LE1 5WW

Study participating centre
George Eliot Hospital NHS Trust
College Street
Nuneaton
United Kingdom
CV10 7DJ

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

University of Leicester

#### Sponsor details

Academic Unit
Leicester General Hospital
Gwendolen Road
Leicester
England
United Kingdom
LE5 4PW
+44 116 2584393
dd78@le.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04h699437

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

The findings of the research will be presented at local and national conferences and will be submitted for publication in relevant peer-reviewed journal.

# Intention to publish date

## 01/09/2020

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

There will not be open access to the data online. However please contact the PI (Prof Kamlesh Khunti, kk22@leicester.ac.uk) if you are interested in accessing the data for further analysis. Please provide a summary of the analysis plans you have and a list of the data you would require. All applications will be considered.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Participant information sheet	version V3	03/01/2017	05/04 /2017	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	version V3	03/01/2017	05/04 /2017	No	Yes
Protocol article	protocol	12/12/2018		Yes	No
Statistical Analysis Plan		30/09/2019	24/04 /2020	No	No
Other publications	Participants' experiences of using the app	05/08/2021	31/10 /2022	Yes	No
Results article	results	16/04/2023	31/05 /2023	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06 /2023	No	No