

Phase 2 study of tefinostat in chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (CMML)

Submission date 24/09/2015	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 25/09/2015	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 18/10/2022	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-of-tefinostat-for-chronic-myelomonocytic-leukaemia-monocle>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2015-002281-23

Protocol serial number

SPON 1345-14

Study information

Scientific Title

A phase 2 study of the monocyte-targeted histone deacetylase inhibitor tefinostat (CHR-2845) in chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (CMML)

Acronym

MONOCLE

Study objectives

The dual primary objectives of the study are:

1. To evaluate the safety and tolerability of tefinostat (CHR-2845) in chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia
2. To evaluate the overall clinical response rate to tefinostat in patients with chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (according to Wattel and modified IWG criteria)

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Wales REC 3, 15/01/2016, REC ref: 15/WA/0391

Study design

Single-arm phase 2 trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia is a myelodysplastic / myeloproliferative neoplasm with a high median age of presentation (>70yrs) and poor prognosis; the median survival from diagnosis remains only 11-17 months and very few clinical studies have addressed the disease in isolation.

Interventions

All patients will receive tefinostat (CHR-2845) which is a novel monocyte/macrophage-targeted HDAC inhibitor that is cleaved to an active acid (CHR-2847) by an intracellular esterase (hCE-1) that is found only in cells of monocytoid lineage. CHR-2847 selectively accumulates within hCE-1 expressing cells resulting in a 20 to 100-fold increase in potency of tefinostat for monocytic tumour cells, which make up the majority of the disease cells in CMML. In a previous first-in-man study of tefinostat in patients with refractory haematological malignancies treated with continuous doses of 20 to 640mg, tefinostat was well-tolerated with no 'maximum tolerated dose' being defined. Selective targeted increases in protein acetylation in monocytoid cells were demonstrated between 40 and 320mg. Of 2 CMML patients treated in that study, one achieved a bone marrow complete response at relatively small doses (20-80mg).

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Tefinostat

Primary outcome(s)

1. Safety and tolerability of tefinostat defined as the proportion of patients experiencing CTC grade 3-4 non-haematological toxicity or death thought to be at least possibly related to tefinostat
2. Overall clinical response rate (according to Wattel and modified IWG criteria)

Patients will receive tefinostat continuously for 6 continuous 4-week cycles (24 weeks). Primary outcome measures will be assessed continuously over this period, including fortnightly peripheral blood assessment (full blood count, blood film/differential) and bone marrow assessments performed after 12 and 24 weeks of therapy.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Incidence and duration of CR/PR/haematological improvement
2. Achievement of red blood cell and platelet transfusion independence
3. Overall survival
4. Progression-free survival
5. Incidence of transformation of CMML to acute myeloid leukaemia (AML), and the time to AML transformation
6. Duration of tefinostat therapy
7. Biological correlates including hCE-1 expression, changes in protein acetylation

Patients will receive tefinostat continuously for 6 continuous 4-week cycles (24 weeks). Secondary outcome measures will be assessed continuously over this period, including fortnightly peripheral blood assessment (full blood count, blood film/differential) and bone marrow assessments performed after 12 and 24 weeks of therapy.

Completion date

26/07/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. All CMML-2 patients are eligible
2. For patients classified as CMML-1, the following must be present:
 - 2.1. Symptomatic bone marrow failure / myeloproliferation defined as one or more of: red cell transfusion dependence with pre-transfusion Hb <90g/l symptomatic anaemia (Hb <115g/l) thrombocytopenia (platelets <50 x 10⁹/l) symptomatic bleeding due to platelet function defect or DIC/fibrinolysis white blood cell count >50 x 10⁹/l and/or
 - 2.2. CMML-specific Prognostic Score (CPSS) of intermediate-2 or high risk (16) (details of derivation of CPSS score given below) and/or
 - 2.3. Systemic symptoms including weight loss with no alternative explanation (10% of baseline

weight

within previous 6 months)

2.4. Symptomatic splenomegaly

2.5. Symptomatic extramedullary involvement, eg. skin infiltration, serous effusions

3. Subject is able and willing to sign the informed consent form

4. Age greater than or equal to 18 years at the time of signing the informed consent form

5. Willingness to undergo scheduled assessments as per the study protocol including bone marrow assessments

6. ECOG performance status of 0-2 at study entry

7. Women of childbearing potential must have a negative urine pregnancy test within 7 days prior to starting study drug

8. Women of childbearing potential must use at least two effective contraceptive methods throughout the study and for three months following the date of the last dose of study drug

9. Men whose partner is a woman of childbearing potential must use at least two effective contraceptive

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

21

Key exclusion criteria

1. CMML with eosinophilia and 5q33 abnormality

2. Previous chemotherapy for CMML except Hydroxycarbamide and 5-azacitidine

3. Creatinine concentration > 2x the institutional upper limit of normal range

4. Liver transaminases (AST / ALT) > 3x the institutional upper limit of normal range or serum bilirubin > 4x the institutional upper limit of normal range

5. Pregnant or lactating females

6. Use of experimental drug or therapy within 28 days of registration

7. Other malignancy within the last 3 years other than curatively-treated basal cell or squamous cell skin cancer, carcinoma in situ of the cervix, organ-confined or treated non-metastatic prostate cancer with negative prostate-specific antigen, in situ breast carcinoma after complete surgical resection, or superficial transitional cell bladder carcinoma

8. Known seropositivity for HIV infection or infectious hepatitis (type B or C)

9. Uncontrolled inter-current illness including, but not limited to, ongoing infection, psychiatric illness or social situation that the treating physician judges would limit compliance with study requirements

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2015

Date of final enrolment

21/09/2017

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre**Cardiff University**

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United Kingdom

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Study participating centre**University Hospital of Wales**

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Study participating centre**St James's University Hospital**

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LS9 7TF

Study participating centre**The Christie Hospital**

Wilmslow Road

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United Kingdom
M20 4BX

Study participating centre
Aberdeen Royal Infirmary
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Foresterhill Road
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Study participating centre
Churchill Hospital
Old Road
Oxford
United Kingdom
OX3 7LE

Study participating centre
Guy's Hospital
Great Maze Pond
London
United Kingdom
SE1 9RT

Study participating centre
Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre
1053 Great Western Road
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Study participating centre
Ysbyty Gwynedd
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LL57 2PW

Study participating centre
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Horfield Road
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BS2 8ED

Study participating centre
Nottingham City Hospital
Hucknall Road
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NG5 1PB

Study participating centre
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Study participating centre
Kent and Canterbury Hospital
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CT1 3NG

Study participating centre
Freeman Hospital
Freeman Road
High Heaton
Newcastle upon Tyne
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NE7 7DN

Sponsor information

Organisation

Cardiff University (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03kk7td41>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Leukaemia and Lymphoma Research

Alternative Name(s)**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Abstract results	results presented at ASH	29/11/2018	21/07/2020	No	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet		23/10/2018	23/10/2018	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Plain English results			23/06/2020	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 3.0	28/03/2017	18/10/2022	No	No