The impact of an AI tool on diagnostic accuracy, review time, and diagnostic confidence in detecting acute abnormalities in non-contrast CT head scans: a study among emergency medicine clinicians, general radiologists, and radiographers

Submission date 07/09/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registeredProtocol	
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
16/10/2023		☐ Results	
Last Edited	Condition category Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	Individual participant data	
16/10/2023		Record updated in last year	

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The study aims to evaluate the impact of an AI tool called qER 2.0 EU on the diagnostic accuracy, speed, and confidence of healthcare professionals who review non-contrast CT head scans. The study will involve 30 readers, including general radiologists, emergency medicine clinicians, and CT radiographers, who will interpret 150 non-contrast CT head scans, first without and then with the assistance of the AI tool. The scans will include 60 control cases and 90 abnormal cases with intracranial haemorrhage, brain infarct, midline shift, or skull fracture. The study will assess the stand-alone performance of the AI tool and its impact on the readers' performance.

Who can participate?

Emergency medicine consultants and registrars, general radiologist consultants and registrars, and CT radiographers who review CT head scans as part of their clinical practice.

What does the study involve?

30 readers will be recruited across four NHS trusts including ten general radiologists, fifteen EM clinicians, and five CT radiographers of varying seniority. Readers will interpret each scan first without, then with, the assistance of the qER 2.0 EU AI tool, with an intervening 4-week washout period. Using a panel of neuroradiologists as ground truth, the stand-alone performance of qER will be assessed, and its impact on the readers' performance will be analysed as change in accuracy, mean review time per scan, and self-reported diagnostic confidence.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? None Where is the study run from?
Oxford University Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2022 to October 2024

Who is funding the study?
This work was supported by the NHSX AI in Health and Care Award (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Alex Novak, alex.novak@ouh.nhs.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Prof Alex Novak

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

310995

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT06018545

Secondary identifying numbers

IRAS 310995

Study information

Scientific Title

AI Assisted Reader Evaluation in Acute Computed Tomography (CT) head interpretation (AI-REACT)

Acronym

AI-REACT

Study objectives

The purpose of the study is to assess the impact of an Artificial Intelligence (AI) tool called qER 2.0 EU on the performance of readers, including general radiologists, emergency medicine clinicians, and radiographers, in interpreting non-contrast CT head scans. The study aims to evaluate the changes in accuracy, review time, and diagnostic confidence when using the AI tool. It also seeks to provide evidence on the diagnostic performance of the AI tool and its potential to improve efficiency and patient care in the context of the National Health Service (NHS). The study will use a dataset of 150 CT head scans, including both control cases and abnormal cases with specific abnormalities. The results of this study will inform larger follow-up studies in real-life Emergency Department (ED) settings.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 13/12/2022, Research Ethics Committee of the Central University (CUREC) and the Interdivisional Research Ethics Committee of Medical Sciences (IDREC) (Churchill Drive, Headington, Oxford, OX3 7GB, United Kingdom; +44 1865 (6)16577; ethics@medsci.ox.ac.uk), ref: R80145/RE002

Study design

Observational cohort study that is retrospective multicenter and multireader

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital, Medical and other records

Study type(s)

Other, Efficacy

Participant information sheet

See additional files

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Extradural haemorrhage, Subdural haemorrhage, Subarachnoid haemorrhage, Intraparenchymal haemorrhage, Intraventricular haemorrhage, Brain infarct or stroke, Intracraneal Mass effect, Skull fractures

Interventions

A retrospective dataset of 150 non-contrast CT head scans will be compiled, to include 60 control cases and 90 abnormal cases with intracranial haemorrhage, brain infarct, midline shift or skull fracture. The intracranial haemorrhage cases will be sub-classified into extradural, subdural, subarachnoid, intraparenchymal, and intraventricular.

30 readers will be recruited across four NHS trusts including ten general radiologists, fifteen EM clinicians, and five CT radiographers of varying seniority. Readers will interpret each scan first without, then with, the assistance of the qER 2.0 EU AI tool, with an intervening 4-week washout period. Using a panel of neuroradiologists as ground truth, the stand-alone performance of qER will be assessed, and its impact on the readers' performance will be analysed as change in accuracy, mean review time per scan, and self-reported diagnostic confidence. Subgroup analyses will be performed by reader professional group, reader seniority, pathological finding, and neuroradiologist-rated difficulty.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Reader and qER performance will be evaluated as sensitivity, specificity, positive predictive value (PPV), negative predictive value (NPV), and Area Under Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve (AUC). Reader performance will be evaluated with and without AI assistance. Reader speed will be evaluated as the mean review time per scan, with and without AI assistance.

Secondary outcome measures

Reader confidence will be evaluated as self-reported diagnostic confidence on a 10 point visual analogue scale, with 0 being not completely confident, and 10 being totally confident, evaluated with and without AI assistance.

Overall study start date

01/10/2022

Completion date

02/10/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Emergency medicine consultants and registrars, general radiologist consultants and registrars, and CT radiographers who review CT head scans as part of their clinical practice

Participant type(s)

Health professional

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

30

Total final enrolment

30

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Neuroradiologists
- 2. (Non-radiologist groups) Clinicians with previous formal postgraduate CT reporting training
- 3. (Emergency Medicine group) Clinicians with previous career in radiology/neurosurgery to registrar level

Date of first enrolment

27/06/2023

Date of final enrolment

04/08/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

Scotland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

John Radcliffe Hospital Headley Way Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

Study participating centre

Guy's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust

St Thomas' Hospital Westminster Bridge Road London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

Study participating centre Northumbria Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (headquarters)

Rake Lane North Shields United Kingdom NE29 8NH

Study participating centre NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde

J B Russell House Gartnavel Royal Hospital 1055 Great Western Road Glasgow Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0XH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Trust

Sponsor details

John Radcliffe Hospital Headley Way Headington Oxford England United Kingdom OX3 9DU +44 300 304 7777 palsjr@ouh.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

https://www.ouh.nhs.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/03h2bh287

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS transformation directorate (NHSX)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/10/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	version 1.0	29/11/2022	12/09/2023	No	Yes
<u>Protocol file</u>			12/09/2023	No	No