

Comparing 3 versus 7 days systemic administration of Amoxicillin (AMX) and Metronidazole (MET) in severe chronic periodontitis patients

Submission date 09/06/2015	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 16/06/2015	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 10/07/2023	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic periodontitis is an inflammatory disease mainly initiated by bacteria residing in biofilms at and below the gingival margins. It affects the tissues surrounding the teeth involving progressive loss of the tooth supporting structures. Initial treatment includes the removal of bacterial deposits from the tooth structures through mechanical cleaning called scaling and root planning (SRP). Because bacteria are found in areas that hard to reach, SRP does not remove all bacteria and antibacterial agents (antibiotics and antiseptics) are also used. The aim of the present study is to evaluate the clinical outcomes following non-surgical periodontal therapy (performed within 24 hours) in conjunction with adjunctive Amoxicillin (AMX) and Metronidazole (MET) administered systemically for 3 and 7 days in patients with severe chronic periodontitis.

Who can participate?

Adults over 30 with severe chronic periodontitis

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of three treatment groups:

- control group: non-surgical periodontal treatment (SRP) within 24 hours and dummy pills (3 times daily) for 7 days
- antibiotic group 1: SRP within 24h, then the following 3 days Amoxicilline and Metronidazole (both 500 mg 3 times daily), and then for another 4 days dummy pills (3 times daily)
- antibiotic group 2: SRP within 24h, then the following 7 days Amoxicilline and Metronidazole (both 500 mg 3 times daily)

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

This is a low risk study. All participants receive periodontal treatment.

Where is the study run from?

University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Iuliu Hatieganu" Cluj Napoca (Romania)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
January 2012 to June 2015

Who is funding the study?
University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Iuliu Hatieganu" Cluj Napoca (Romania)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Raluca Cosgarea

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr Raluca Cosgarea

Contact details
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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
514/09.01.2012

Study information

Scientific Title
A randomized controlled clinical study on non-surgical periodontal treatment in conjunction with 3 versus 7 days systemic administration of Amoxicillin and Metronidazole in severe chronic periodontitis patients

Acronym
AMX-MET

Study objectives
The null hypothesis to be tested in this RCT is "no difference in the treatment effect regarding the difference in the number of deep pockets (PD \geq 6 mm) for the systemic use of Amoxicillin and Metronidazole administered for 3 days compared with the administration of the same antibiotics for 7 days adjunctive to SRP".

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee (Comisia de etica) of the University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Iuliu Hatieganu", Cluj-Napoca, Romania, 20/01/2012, ref 514/09.01.2012

Study design

Single centre placebo controlled double masked randomized clinical interventional trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Severe chronic periodontitis

Interventions

All patients received oral hygiene instructions and cleanings.

Three treatment procedures were performed according to a computer generated randomisation list:

- control group: non-surgical periodontal treatment (scaling and root planing SRP) within 24 hours and placebo pills (3 times daily) for 7 days
- antibiotic group 1: SRP within 24h, then the following 3 days Amoxicilline (AMX) and Metronidazole (MET)- both for 500 mg (3 times daily), and then for another 4 days placebo pills (3 times daily)
- antibiotic group 2: SRP within 24h, then the following 7 days Amoxicilline (AMX) and Metronidazole (MET)- both for 500 mg (3 times daily)

All patients rinsed their mouths for the following 2 weeks with chlorhexidine digluconate 0.2% solution and used tooth paste with 0.2% chlorhexidine digluconate.

Clinical periodontal parameters (probing pocket depth, clinical attachment level, bleeding on probing, furcation involvement, full-mouth plaque score -FMPS-, gingival bleeding index -GBI), sulcus fluid for microbiological and immunological determinations were determined at baseline, at 2 weeks, at 3, 6 and 12 months after treatment.

Patients were asked about their compliance for the pills intake and adverse effects.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Amoxicillin, metronidazole

Primary outcome measure

Difference of the number of sites per patient with pocket depth ≥ 6 mm between baseline and 6 months

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary variables were changes in: probing pocket depth, clinical attachment level, bleeding on probing, furcation involvement, full-mouth plaque score -FMPS-, gingival bleeding index -GBI, number of sites per patient with PD ≥ 6 mm, number of sites per patient ≥ 5 mm, bacterial load of *Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans*, *Porphyromonas gingivalis*, *Tannerella forsythia*, *Treponema denticola*, *Prevotella intermedia*, levels of IL-10, IL-1 β , TNF-alpha, MMP-8.

Overall study start date

01/01/2012

Completion date

01/06/2015

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. >30 years
2. Diagnosis of severe chronic periodontitis (Armitage 1999)
3. ≥ 12 natural teeth
4. ≥ 1 site/quadrant with pocket depth ≥ 6 mm
5. Full-mouth plaque scores $\leq 25\%$ (O'Leary 1972)
6. systemically healthy
7. No allergies for penicillin or 5-nitroimidazole derivatives

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

30 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

102 patients

Total final enrolment

Key exclusion criteria

1. Non-surgical periodontal therapy within 12 months
2. Systemic/local antibiotics within the previous 3 months
3. Medication that could interact with amoxicilline or metronidazole
4. Pregnancy/lactation

Date of first enrolment

30/01/2012

Date of final enrolment

30/01/2014

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Romania

Study participating centre

Clinic for Prosthodontics, University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Iuliu Hatieganu"

Str. Clinicilor nr 32

Cluj-Napoca

Romania

4000506

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Department of prosthodontics, University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Iuliu Hatieganu"

Sponsor details

Str. Clinicilor nr 32

Cluj Napoca

Romania

4000506

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/051h0cw83>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Philipps University of Marburg (Germany)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

We intend to publish our results in highly ranked international dental journals.

Preliminary data and final results of this trial have already been presented at several international congresses:

- annual meeting of the German Society of Periodontology where it was awarded with the best ORL presentation for clinical research 2014
- EuroPerio 2015 where it was selected between the first 3 studies for the Jaccard Prize Competition
- CED-Continental Division of the IADR-International Association for Dental Research Oct 2014 Antalya.

Intention to publish date

31/12/2015

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		23/06/2016	26/11/2021	Yes	No
Results article		29/06/2017	10/07/2023	Yes	No
Results article		01/10/2020	10/07/2023	Yes	No