Effect of extraction timing on alkaline phosphatase enzyme levels in the fluid around the gums during orthodontic treatment

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
25/10/2025	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
30/10/2025	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
30/10/2025	Oral Health	[X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to investigate the biological response of the periodontal (gum) tissues during orthodontic treatment with different extraction timing protocols. Specifically, it evaluates the activity of alkaline phosphatase (ALP) enzyme in the gingival crevicular fluid (GCF, the fluid that flows into the crevice around the teeth), which reflects bone and periodontal remodeling, during the alignment phase of treatment. Understanding how extraction timing affects ALP activity may help optimize the treatment of orthodontic patients.

Who can participate?

Healthy male and female patients aged 18–28 years with moderate crowding in the upper dental arch (Little's Irregularity Index between 4–6 mm) who require extraction of the upper first premolars as part of their orthodontic treatment plan.

What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly allocated into three groups:

Group A: orthodontic leveling and alignment only (delayed extraction)

Group B: extraction only (no active tooth movement during the observation period)

Group C: simultaneous extraction with leveling and alignment

Gingival crevicular fluid samples were collected from the mesial and distal sites of the upper canines at seven timepoints (baseline and weekly up to 6 weeks) to measure ALP activity. All procedures were carried out under routine orthodontic care and with informed consent.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study aimed to improve understanding of biological markers related to orthodontic tooth movement and to help design more efficient treatment protocols.

There were minimal risks beyond standard orthodontic procedures, such as mild and temporary gum irritation during sample collection.

Where is the study run from? The study was conducted at the Department of Orthodontics, Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University, Damascus (Syria)

When did the study start and how long did it run for? January 2021 to December 2024

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact? Dr Yahya Ahmad Dakdouk, yahya1.dakdouk@damascusuniversity.edu.sy

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

Contact name

Dr Yahya Dakdouk

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0009-0005-8076-1487

Contact details

Damascus Damascus Syria 10090 +963 (0)91833272 yahya1.dakdouk@damascusuniversity.edu.sy

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

DN-160925-H35

Study information

Scientific Title

Alkaline phosphatase activity in gingival crevicular fluid during orthodontic alignment and extraction protocols: a randomized controlled clinical trial

Acronym

ALP-Ortho

Study objectives

Primary objective:

To evaluate the effect of extraction timing on alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity in gingival crevicular fluid (GCF) around maxillary canines during the leveling and alignment phase of orthodontic treatment.

Secondary objectives:

- 1. To compare ALP activity among three treatment protocols: leveling and alignment alone, extraction alone, and simultaneous extraction with leveling and alignment.
- 2. To explore whether extraction timing can serve as a biological factor influencing orthodontic tooth movement efficiency.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 15/09/2022, Research Ethics Committee – Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University (Mazzeh Street, Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University, Damascus, 10090, Syria; +963 (0) 991833272; ethics.dentistry@damascusuniversity.edu.sy), ref: DN-160925-H35

Study design

Randomized controlled three-arm clinical trial with a parallel-group design

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

begin immediately thereafter.

Evaluation of gingival crevicular fluid alkaline phosphatase activity in patients with moderate maxillary dental crowding undergoing orthodontic treatment with different extraction timing protocols.

Interventions

Randomization was performed using sealed opaque envelopes to ensure allocation concealment. Blinding was applied to the laboratory examiner analyzing ALP activity, while operator and patients were not blinded due to the clinical nature of the interventions. Participants will be randomly allocated into three parallel groups (n = 20 each) using sealed opaque envelopes:

Group A (levelling and alignment only – delayed extraction): fixed orthodontic appliances will be placed, and tooth alignment will be performed without extractions during the first 6 weeks. Group B (extraction only): bilateral extraction of the upper first premolars will be performed without initiation of orthodontic treatment during the observation period. Group C (simultaneous extraction with leveling and alignment): extractions of the upper first premolars will be carried out on the same day as the fixed appliance bonding, and alignment will

Gingival crevicular fluid samples will be collected from the mesial and distal sites of the maxillary canines at seven time points (baseline and weekly up to 6 weeks) to assess alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity.

The study will be conducted at the Department of Orthodontics, Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University, over a 6-week experimental period.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity in gingival crevicular fluid (GCF) measured using a spectrophotometric enzymatic assay (Jenway 6330, 405 nm) at seven timepoints: baseline (T0) and weekly intervals up to 6 weeks (T1–T6) during orthodontic leveling and alignment.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Changes in gingival crevicular fluid alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity over time, measured using a spectrophotometric enzymatic assay (Jenway 6330, 405 nm) at seven time points: baseline (T0) and weekly up to 6 weeks (T1–T6).

Completion date

30/12/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Healthy male and female participants aged 18–28 years
- 2. Presence of moderate maxillary dental crowding as defined by Little's Irregularity Index between 4–6 mm
- 3. Indication for orthodontic treatment with extraction of upper first premolars for space management
- 4. Good oral hygiene and healthy periodontium (probing depth \leq 3 mm, no bleeding on probing)
- 5. No systemic diseases or medications affecting bone metabolism
- 6. No previous orthodontic treatment
- 7. Willingness to participate and sign informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

28 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

60

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Presence of severe or mild dental crowding (Little's Irregularity Index <4 or >6 mm)
- 2. Systemic diseases or conditions affecting bone metabolism (e.g., diabetes, osteoporosis, hyperparathyroidism)
- 3. Current or previous use of medications that influence bone turnover (e.g., corticosteroids, bisphosphonates, anticonvulsants)
- 4. Poor oral hygiene or active periodontal disease
- 5. Pregnant or lactating females
- 6. History of orthodontic treatment or trauma to the anterior maxillary teeth
- 7. Smoking or use of tobacco products
- 8. Refusal or inability to sign informed consent

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2022

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Syria

Study participating centre Damascus University

Faculty of Dentistry

Department of Orthodontics

Mazzeh Street

Damascus

Syria

10090

Sponsor information

Organisation

Damascus University

ROR

https://ror.org/03m098d13

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon reasonable request from the corresponding author (Dr. Yahya Ahmad Dakdouk, yahya1. dakdouk@damascusuniversity.edu.sy).

The shared data will include anonymised individual participant values of alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity in gingival crevicular fluid (GCF) and related timepoint information (T0–T6). Data will be made available after publication of the main results and for up to five years thereafter, for research purposes only.

Participant consent included agreement for anonymised data sharing, and all ethical and legal requirements under Damascus University regulations have been observed.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No Yes