

The PACE Study

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|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Submission date | Recruitment status | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered |
| 25/02/2015 | No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol |
| Registration date | Overall study status | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan |
| 25/02/2015 | Completed | <input type="checkbox"/> Results |
| Last Edited | Condition category | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data |
| 27/11/2025 | Cancer | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year |

Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-comparing-surgery-conventional-radiotherapy-and-stereotactic-radiotherapy-for-localised-prostate-cancer-pace>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01584258

Protocol serial number

12628

Study information

Scientific Title

International randomised study of laparoscopic prostatectomy vs stereotactic body radiotherapy (SBRT) and conventionally fractionated radiotherapy vs SBRT for early stage organ-confined prostate cancer

Acronym

PACE

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to assess whether hypofractionated stereotactic body radiotherapy (SBRT) offers therapeutic benefit over prostatectomy or conventionally fractionated radiotherapy for people with early stage organ-confined prostate cancer. Profound hypofractionation with SBRT has the potential to achieve equivalent tumour control rates compared to surgery and conventional radiotherapy while reducing radiation to normal tissues (bladder, rectal and penile bulb) and minimising radiation-induced side effects.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Chelsea NRES, 25/01/12, ref: 11/LO/1915

Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prostate cancer

Interventions

Current intervention as of 17/02/2020:

1. Radiotherapy: Conventionally fractionated radiotherapy: delivered to a dose of 60 Gy in 20 fractions (PACE-C) or 62 Gy in 20 fractions (PACE-B)
2. SBRT - hypofractionated stereotactic body radiotherapy: delivered to a dose of 36.25 Gy in 5 fractions
3. Surgery: prostatectomy surgery

In PACE-A low- and intermediate-risk patients will be randomised between surgery (control) and SBRT.

In PACE-B low- and intermediate-risk patients will be randomised between radiotherapy (control) and SBRT.

In PACE-C intermediate- and high-risk patients will be randomised between radiotherapy (control) and SBRT.

Previous intervention:

1. Radiotherapy: Conventionally fractionated radiotherapy: delivered to a dose of 78 Gy in 2 Gy fractions

2. SBRT - hypofractionated stereotactic body radiotherapy: delivered to a dose of 36.25 Gy in 5 fractions

3. Surgery: laparoscopic prostatectomy

Added 27/11/2025:

Additional Data Linkage Information:

Participants from this trial will also be included in the INTERACT project which will link to their data held by NHS England. For more information, please see the INTERACT website:

<https://www.icr.ac.uk/interact>.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measures as of 17/02/2020:

For PACE-A (surgery vs SBRT cohort):

1. Urinary incontinence (number of absorbent pads required per day to control leakage) measured by the Expanded Prostate Cancer Index (EPIC) questionnaire at 2 years post-treatment
2. Bowel bother summary score from the EPIC questionnaire at 2 years post-treatment

For PACE-B and PACE-C (conventionally fractionated radiotherapy vs SBRT cohorts):

Freedom from biochemical (Phoenix definition) or clinical (commencement [PACEB] or re commencement [PACEC] of androgen deprivation therapy, local recurrence, nodal recurrence and distant metastases) failure at 5 years post-randomisation

Previous primary outcome measures:

Biochemical progression-free survival: Phoenix definition for conventional radiotherapy and SBRT arms, >0.2 ng/ml for surgical arm. The main time point of interest is 5 years post treatment.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Current secondary outcome measures as of 17/02/2020:

For PACE-A:

Freedom from biochemical (Phoenix definition for SBRT arm, >0.2 ng/ml for surgical arm) or clinical (commencement of androgen deprivation therapy, local recurrence, nodal recurrence and distant metastases) failure at 5 years post-treatment

For all cohorts:

1. Toxicity assessment for surgical and SBRT arm: CTCAE and RTOG for acute and late toxicity. Clavien scale used to assess acute post-surgical complications for surgical patients only.
2. Toxicity assessment for conventionally fractionated and SBRT arm: CTCAE and RTOG acute and late toxicity scoring
3. Patient reported outcomes and quality of life assessment for all treatment arms: erectile function (IIEF-5), IPSS, Vaizey score, EPIC-26 and PR-25
4. Disease-specific and overall survival
5. Progression-free survival: radiographic, clinical or biochemical evidence of local or distant failure
6. Commencement (PACE-A and PACE-B)/recommencement (PACE-C) of androgen deprivation therapy (LHRH analogues, anti-androgens, orchidectomy)

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Toxicity assessment for surgical and SBRT arm: CTCAE and RTOG for acute and late toxicity.

Clavien scale used to assess acute post-surgical complications for surgical patients only.

2. Toxicity assessment for conventionally fractionated and SBRT arm: CTCAE and RTOG acute and late toxicity scoring
3. Patient reported outcomes and quality of life assessment for all treatment arms: Erectile function (IIEF-5), IPSS, Vaizey score, EPIC-26 and PR-25.
4. Disease-specific and overall survival
5. Progression-free survival: radiographic, clinical or biochemical evidence of local or distant failure.
6. Commencement of androgen deprivation therapy (LHRH analogues, anti-androgens, orchidectomy).

Completion date

31/12/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Histological confirmation of prostate adenocarcinoma with a minimum of 10 biopsy cores taken within last 18 months.
2. Gleason score = 3+4
3. Men aged at least 18
4. Clinical and MRI stage T1c –T2c, N0-X, M0-X
5. PSA = 20 ng/ml
6. Pre-enrollment PSA must be completed within 60 days of registration
7. Patients belonging in one of the following risk groups according to the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (www.nccn.org):
 - 7.1. Low risk: Clinical stage T1-T2a and Gleason = 6 and PSA < 10 ng/ml, or
 - 7.2. Intermediate risk includes any one of the following:
 - 7.2.1. Clinical stage T2b or T2c
 - 7.2.2. PSA 10-20 ng/ml
 - 7.2.3. Gleason 7
8. WHO performance status 0 - 2
9. Prostate volume = 90 cc measured within 6 months of randomisation
10. Ability of the research subject to understand and the willingness to sign a written informed consent document

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

100 years

Sex

Male

Total final enrolment

0

Key exclusion criteria

1. Clinical stage T3 or greater
2. Gleason score = 4 + 3
3. High risk disease defined by National Comprehensive Cancer Network (www.nccn.org)
4. < 10 prostate biopsies taken
5. Previous malignancy within last 5 years except basal cell carcinoma or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin
6. Prior pelvic radiotherapy
7. Prior androgen deprivation therapy (including androgen agonists and antagonists)
8. Any prior active treatment for prostate cancer. Patients previously on active surveillance are eligible if they continue to meet all other eligibility criteria.
9. Prior transurethral resection of the prostate (TURP) for benign prostatic hypertrophy
10. Life expectancy <5 years
11. Bilateral hip prostheses or any other implants/hardware that would introduce substantial CT artifacts
12. Medical conditions likely to make radiotherapy inadvisable eg inflammatory bowel disease, significant urinary symptoms
13. Anticoagulation with warfarin/bleeding tendency making fiducial placement or surgery unsafe in the opinion of the clinician.
14. Medical condition/ implant that prohibits MRI
15. Participation in another concurrent treatment protocol

Date of first enrolment

01/08/2012

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

Wales

Canada

Ireland

Study participating centre

The Royal Marsden NHS Foundation Trust
Fulham Road
London
England
SW3 6JJ

Study participating centre

East and North Hertfordshire NHS Trust
Mount Vernon Cancer Centre,
The Clock Tower,
Rickmansworth Road,
Northwood
Middlesex
England
HA6 2RN

Study participating centre

Royal Marsden Hospital, Sutton
Downs Rd
Sutton
England
SM2 5PT

Study participating centre

Kingston Hospital
Galsworthy Rd
Kingston upon Thames
England
KT2 7QB

Study participating centre

Churchill Hospital
Old Road
Headington
Oxford
England
OX3 7LE

Study participating centre

James Cook University Hospital

Marton Rd
Middlesbrough
England
TS4 3BW

Study participating centre

Freeman Hospital

Freeman Rd
High Heaton
Newcastle upon Tyne
England
NE7 7DN

Study participating centre

Belfast City Hospital

51 Lisburn Rd
Belfast
Northern Ireland
BT9 7AB

Study participating centre

Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Mindelsohn Way
Edgbaston
Birmingham
England
B15 2GW

Study participating centre

University Hospital Coventry and Warwickshire

Clifford Bridge Rd
Coventry
England
CV2 2DX

Study participating centre

Addenbrooke's Hospital

Hills Rd

Cambridge
England
CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre

Hinchingbrooke Hospital
Parkway
Hinchingbrooke
England
PE29 6NT

Study participating centre

Sunderland Royal Hospital
Kayll Rd
Sunderland
England
SR4 7TP

Study participating centre

Clatterbridge Cancer Centre
Clatterbridge Rd
Birkenhead
England
CH63 4JY

Study participating centre

West Suffolk Hospital
Hardwick Ln
Bury St Edmunds
England
IP33 2QZ

Study participating centre

Nottingham City Hospital
Hucknall Rd
Nottingham
England
NG5 1PB

Study participating centre
St Bartholomew's Hospital
W Smithfield
London
England
EC1A 7BE

Study participating centre
Leicester Royal Infirmary
Infirmary Square
Leicester
England
LE1 5WW

Study participating centre
Charing Cross Hospital
Fulham Palace Rd
Hammersmith
London
England
W6 8RF

Study participating centre
Royal Free Hospital
Pond St
Hampstead
London
England
NW3 2QG

Study participating centre
University College Hospital
235 Euston Rd
Bloomsbury
London
England
NW1 2BU

Study participating centre
Lincoln County Hospital
Greetwell Rd

Lincoln
England
LN2 5QY

Study participating centre

Pilgrim Hospital
Sibsey Rd
Boston
England
PE21 9QS

Study participating centre

Norfolk & Norwich University Hospital
Colney Ln
Norwich
England
NR4 7UY

Study participating centre

Velindre Cancer Centre
Velindre Rd
Cardiff
Wales
CF14 2TL

Study participating centre

Glan Clwyd Hospital
Rhuddlan Rd
Bodelwyddan
Rhyl
Wales
LL18 5UJ

Study participating centre

Weston Park Hospital
Whitham Rd
Broomhall
Sheffield
England
S10 2SJ

Study participating centre
Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre
1053 Great Western Rd
Glasgow
Scotland
G12 0YN

Study participating centre
Southend University Hospital
Prittlewell Chase
Westcliff-on-Sea
Southend-on-Sea
England
SS0 0RY

Study participating centre
Colchester Hospital
Turner Rd
Mile End
Colchester
England
CO4 5JL

Study participating centre
Royal Cornwall Hospital
Treliske
Truro
England
TR1 3LQ

Study participating centre
Derriford Hospital
Derriford Rd
Plymouth
England
PL6 8DH

Study participating centre

Torbay Hospital

Newton Rd

Torquay

England

TQ2 7AA

Study participating centre

Bristol Haematology and Oncology Centre

22 Horfield Rd

Bristol

England

BS2 8ED

Study participating centre

Christie Hospital

Wilmslow Rd

Manchester

England

M20 4BX

Study participating centre

The Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Gayton Rd

King's Lynn

England

PE30 4ET

Study participating centre

Western General Hospital

Crewe Rd S

Edinburgh

Scotland

EH4 2XU

Study participating centre

Maidstone Hospital

Hermitage Ln

Maidstone

England

ME16 9QQ

Study participating centre

Musgrove Park Hospital

Parkfield Dr

Taunton

England

TA1 5DA

Study participating centre

North Middlesex University Hospital

Sterling Way

London

England

N18 1QX

Study participating centre

Royal Surrey County Hospital

Egerton Rd

Guildford

England

GU2 7XX

Study participating centre

Beacon Hospital

Beacon Court

Bracken Road

Sandyford Industrial Estate

Dublin

Ireland

D18 AK68

Study participating centre

St James's Hospital

James's Street

The Liberties

Dublin

Ireland

D08 NHY1

Study participating centre

Beaumont Hospital

Beaumont Rd

Dublin

Ireland

D09 V2N0

Study participating centre

St Luke's Hospital

Oakland Drive

Highfield Road

Dublin

Ireland

D06 HH36

Study participating centre

Odette Cancer Centre

Bayview Avenue

Toronto

Canada

M4N 3M5

Study participating centre

Juravinski Cancer Centre

699 Concession Street

Hamilton

Canada

L8V 5C2

Study participating centre

Lakeridge Health

1 Hospital Court

Oshawa

Canada

L1G 2B9

Study participating centre

Northeast Cancer Centre

41 Ramsey Lake Rd

Sudbury

Canada

P3E 5J1

Study participating centre
Walker Family Cancer Centre
1200 Fourth Ave
St. Catharines
Canada
L2S 0A9

Study participating centre
Hôpital Charles-LeMoyne
3120 Taschereau Blvd
Greenfield Park
Longueuil
Canada
J4V 2H1

Study participating centre
London Health Sciences Centre
800 Commissioners Rd E
London
Canada
N6A 5W9

Study participating centre
Ottawa Hospital
501 Smyth Rd
Ottawa
Canada
K1H 8L6

Study participating centre
Hôpital Maisonneuve-Rosemont
5415 Assumption Blvd
Montreal
Canada
H1T 2M4

Sponsor information

Organisation

Royal Marsden NHS Foundation Trust

ROR

<https://ror.org/0008wzh48>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Accuray Incorporated (USA)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Interim results article | acute toxicity findings | 01/11/2019 | 20/06/2022 | Yes | No |
| Participant information sheet | Participant information sheet | 11/11/2025 | 11/11/2025 | No | Yes |
| Plain English results | | 28/02/2023 | No | | Yes |