How many patients have symptoms of early or late dumping after weight loss surgery and does these symptoms influence quality of life?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
07/10/2017		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/10/2017	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
10/08/2018	Surgery			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Bariatric surgery is a weight loss surgery that reduces the size of their stomach. After weight loss surgery some patients develop complaints of dumping. Two forms of dumping exists: Early dumping, which starts early after a meal and resemble the complaints of a after dinner dip but then more heavily: symptoms of nausea, sleepiness, sweating, stomach ache etc. Late dumping mostly starts 1,5 hours after a meal and give complaints of hypoglycaemia (sweating, trembling, drowsiness or even coma). The aim of this study is to examine the prevalence of early and late dumping after bariatric surgery and examine the influence of this on patient's quality of life. The aim of this study is to examine the prevalence of early and late dumping after bariatric surgery and the impact of this on quality of life.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 and 70 years old who have underwent bariatric surgery.

What does the study involve?

Participants are asked to fill in one questionnaire some time after their bariatric surgery which takes 15 minutes. The questionnaire asks about late and early dumping and the impact on their quality of life.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? There are no direct benefits or risks with participation.

Where is the study run from? Medical Center Leeuwarden (Netherlands)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2012 to May 2013

Who is funding the study?
Center for Obesity Netherlands, Medical Center Leeuwarden (Netherlands)

Who is the main contact? Mrs Marloes Emous marloes.emous@znb.nl

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

RTPO359a

Study information

Scientific Title

Prevalence of dumping after bariatric surgery and impact on quality of life

Study objectives

Research question:

What is the prevalence of early and late dumping after bariatric surgery and what is the influence on quality of life?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Regional Examination Committee for Patient-Based Research, 05/23/2012, ref: number RTPO 859a

Study design

Single-centre cross-sectional study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Post-bariatric population and dumping syndrome

Interventions

Participants are asked to fill in one questionnaire some time after their bariatric surgery which takes 15 minutes. The questionnaire asks about late and early dumping and the impact on their quality of life. No further actions are required.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Prevalence of late dumping is measured using the dumping severity score and questionnaire at one time point few years after bariatric surgery.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Prevalence of early dumping is measured using the dumping severity score and questionnaire at one time point few years after bariatric surgery
- 2. Impact on quality of life is measured using the dumping severity score and questionnaire at one time point few years after bariatric surgery

Overall study start date

01/01/2012

Completion date

01/05/2013

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. All patients who underwent bariatric surgery in a single hospital between 2008 and 2011
- 2. Aged between 18 and 70 years
- 3. All genders

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

1250

Key exclusion criteria

There is no exclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2012

Date of final enrolment

01/03/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Medical Center Leeuwarden

Henri Dunantweg 2 Leeuwarden Netherlands 8934 AD

Sponsor information

Organisation

RTPO

Sponsor details

Henri Dunantweg 2 Leeuwarden Netherlands 8934 AD

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Center for Obesity Netherlands, Medical Center Leeuwarden

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. One paper about the prevalence of early and late dumping after primary gastric bypass and their influence on quality of life
- 2. 1 paper about the prevalence of early and late dumping in patients after sleeve gastrectomy and revisional gastric bypass

Intention to publish date

01/11/2017

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Marloes Emous, surgeon and principal investigator at marloes.emous@znb.nl.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2017		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/08/2018		Yes	No