# A randomised controlled trial for the effect of preoperative physiotherapy in patients with an increased risk for the development of postoperative pulmonary complications after open-heart surgery

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
20/12/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
20/12/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
28/10/2022	Surgery			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

# Secondary identifying numbers

ZonMw reference 1310.0004

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial for the effect of preoperative physiotherapy in patients with an increased risk for the development of postoperative pulmonary complications after open-heart surgery

#### Acronym

**PORT** 

### Study objectives

Preoperative physiotherapy decreased the incidence of postoperative pulmonary complications (PPCs) after open heart surgery on patients with an increased risk of developing PPCs.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

# Study design

Multicentre, randomised, single blind, active controlled, factorial group trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Postoperative pulmonary complications

#### Interventions

The preoperative physiotherapy consists of a combination of respiratory exercises involving the costo-diaphragm breathing technique, training of the inspiratory muscles for strength and endurance, and teaching a good technique for coughing and 'forced expiration techniques'. The method, involving a progressive training course, is initiated four weeks before the operation.

The training period and progress of the training are sufficient to improve the strength and endurance of the respiratory musculature (also: accessory respiratory muscles). Neuromuscular changes are especially important to increase the efficiency of breathing by the OHS patient. Exercise periods lasting 20 minutes are conducted once per day seven days each week. The therapy is continued by the patient at home, once per week under the supervision of a physiotherapist and six times per week alone. During the supervised training at the beginning and at the end of the period of application, the heart rate and the blood pressure are measured to determine the cardiovascular stress.

In addition the patient keeps a diary, in which he notes the number of exercise sessions completed per week, the duration of each session, and the subjectively experienced stress. In the diary, space is provided for notes regarding physical complaints and problems that occurred before, during or after the exercises.

### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Primary outcome measure

Postoperative pulmonary complications (PPCs) are defined as 'any pulmonary abnormality occurring in the postoperative period that produces identifiable diseases or dysfunctions that are clinically significant and adversely affect clinical developments' (Brooks-Brunn, 1995). In this study, PPCs are explicitly classified and treated according to the criteria of Kroenke et. al.

# Secondary outcome measures

Length of hospital stay.

Overall study start date

24/06/2002

Completion date

01/10/2006

# **Eligibility**

#### Kev inclusion criteria

- 1. Undergo voluntary coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery
- 2. Have an increased risk of developing a PPC. High risk for the development of PPCs is determined by using the risk model during the preoperative consultation with the anaesthesiologist (6 8 weeks before the operation)
- 3. Understand Dutch language
- 4. Able to read
- 5. Capable of passing a spirometer test and a determination of the mouth pressure
- 6. Prepared to sign a contract of informed consent

# Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

# Target number of participants

600

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Cerebrovascular illnesses
- 2. Immunosuppressive treatment less than 30 days before the operation (chemotherapy or radiotherapy)
- 3. Neuromuscular illnesses (among others Guillein Barre, muscular dystrophy, myasthenia gravis)
- 4. A previous lung operation
- 5. Cardiovascular instability
- 6. The presence of aneurisms
- 7. Lung physiotherapy less than eight weeks before the operation
- 8. Postoperative cardiac and/or complications involving the central nervous system

#### Date of first enrolment

24/06/2002

#### Date of final enrolment

01/10/2006

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

# Study participating centre University Medical Center Utrecht

Amsterdam Netherlands 3508 GA

# **Sponsor information**

#### Organisation

The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (Netherlands)

### Sponsor details

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# Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### Website

http://www.zonmw.nl

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01yaj9a77

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

University Medical Center Utrecht (UMCU) (The Netherlands)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		18/10/2006		Yes	No
Results article		10/11/2007		Yes	No
Results article	Secondary analysis	16/04/2016	28/10/2022	Yes	No