# Is leg compression needed after heat treatment of varicose veins?

Submission date 10/01/2015	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
16/03/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 23/10/2020	<b>Condition category</b> Circulatory System	Individual participant data		

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Leg compression after heat treatment of swollen or enlarged veins is used to reduce the procedure-related side-effects. There is not enough evidence to lend support to the use of leg compression. The aim of this study is to investigate whether leg compression is needed after heat treatment of varicose veins.

Who can participate? Individuals with enlarged or swollen veins referred to clinics at Royal Bolton Hospital (UK)

What does the study involve?

Patients will be randomly allocated to heat treatment of their veins followed by leg compression or no leg compression.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Benefits are a reduction in the occurrence of blood clots in veins, pain and inflammation. Risks might be discomfort associated with limb compression and movement restriction.

Where is the study run from? Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From February 2015 to February 2016

Who is funding the study? Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact? Mr Madu Onwudike madu.onwudike@boltonft.nhs.uk

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Mr Madu Onwudike

**Contact details** 

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers MO2015a

# Study information

Scientific Title Limb compression after radiofrequency ablation of varicose veins: a randomised controlled study

### Study objectives

The outcome in patients who have not worn compression hosiery after radiofrequency ablation of varicose veins is not inferior to those who have worn the hosiery in the post-treatment period.

**Ethics approval required** Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)** NRES Committee North West – Liverpool Central, 18/03/2015, ref: 15/NW/0179

**Study design** Single-centre randomised controlled study

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact to request a patient information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Varicose veins

### Interventions

- 1. Compression after radiofrequency ablation of lower limb varicose veins
- 2. No compression after radiofrequency ablation of lower limb varicose veins

### Intervention Type

Device

### Primary outcome measure

Successful obliteration of target vein, assessed with duplex ultrasound scan at 12–14 weeks

### Secondary outcome measures

 Quality of life, assessed with the Aberdeen Varicose Vein Severity Score and the Venous Clinical Severity Score at baseline (on the day of surgery) and at 12 weeks
 Complications: recorded during patients' follow-up or emergency admissions, including any problems specifically related to stockings from the first post-operative day to 12 weeks
 Patient's satisfaction, assessed with a patient satisfaction questionnaire
 Pain, measured with the Visual Analogue Scale questionnaire; completed by the patient during the first post-operative week and collected at the 2 week review
 Return to normal activities: information obtained by direct questioning at the 2 week interview and reconfirmed at 12 weeks

### Overall study start date

01/02/2015

Completion date 01/02/2016

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Age 18–90 years old
 C2 to C6 disease and referred to clinics at Royal Bolton Hospital (UK)
 Veins anatomically suitable for endothermal ablation

**Participant type(s)** Patient

l'utient

Age group

### Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Years

Sex

Both

**Target number of participants** 240

**Total final enrolment** 100

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Unable to provide informed consent or comply with the study protocol
- 2. Varicose veins unsuitable for radiofrequency ablation (e.g., very tortuous veins)
- 3. Pregnancy
- 4. Lycra allergy
- 5. Patients who have opted for an alternative method of treatment

Date of first enrolment 05/02/2015

Date of final enrolment 28/01/2016

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust** Minerva Road Bolton United Kingdom BL4 0JR

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

### **Sponsor details**

Minerva Road Fanworth Bolton England United Kingdom BL4 0JR

**Sponsor type** Hospital/treatment centre

ROR https://ror.org/053fx7g25

### Funder(s)

Funder type Hospital/treatment centre

#### Funder Name

Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

### **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Oral presentation at the European Venous Forum and American Venous Forum; original article published in one of the major vascular journals

# Intention to publish date 30/09/2017

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2020	23/10/2020	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No