Induction of labour for predicted macrosomia: the Big Baby trial

Submission date Recruitment status [X] Prospectively registered

04/04/2018 No longer recruiting [X] Protocol

Registration date Overall study status [X] Statistical analysis plan

12/04/2018 Completed [X] Results

Last Edited Condition category [] Individual participant data

09/07/2025 Pregnancy and Childbirth

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Difficulty in delivering the shoulders of a baby after the head has been delivered can be a serious complication during birth. Most babies that get into such trouble are larger than average. It has been suggested that if we can predict by ultrasound scan in the last weeks of pregnancy which babies are large and at increased risk, then we could deliver them a week or so earlier and reduce the chance of such complications. However, the available evidence is not clear, and can be interpreted in different ways. The aim of this study is to find out whether delivering large babies earlier is the right thing to do for baby and mother.

Who can participate?

Pregnant women aged 18 years or over where an ultrasound scan suggests that the baby in the womb is larger than expected for the woman's size, therefore potentially at risk of problems with delivery of the shoulders during birth

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to either an early induction of labour, with the aim to start labour at 38 weeks, or a control group where care is as normal and labour is left to start naturally. The study looks at whether, as a result of earlier birth, there are fewer instances of complications such as difficulty with the delivery of the shoulders.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study will help decide what the safest method is to care for pregnancies where, because of the large size of the baby, complications may occur during labour.

Where is the study run from? Warwick Clinical Trials Unit (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2018 to May 2023

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research - HTA (UK)

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Ms Amy Arnold

Contact details

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Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Ms Amy Arnold

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

229163

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

CPMS 36723, IRAS 229163, NIHR Evaluation, Trials and Studies Co-ordinating Centre (NETSCC) Grant Codes: 16/77/02

Study information

Scientific Title

Induction of labour for predicted macrosomia: the Big Baby trial

Acronym

Big Baby

Study objectives

Difficulty in delivering the shoulders of a baby after the head has been delivered can be a serious complication during birth. Most babies that get into such trouble are larger than average. It has been suggested that if we can predict by ultrasound scan in the last weeks of pregnancy which babies are large and at increased risk, then we could deliver them a week or so earlier and reduce the chance of such complications.

However, the available evidence is not clear, and can be interpreted in different ways. To know if delivering large babies earlier is the right thing to do for baby and mother an objective clinical trial is needed to see whether it is really of benefit. The trialists propose to do this through a study of 4000 pregnancies where an ultrasound scan had suggested that the baby in the womb is larger than expected for the woman's size, therefore potentially at risk of problems with delivery of the shoulders during birth. The study will help decide what the safest method is to care for pregnancies where, because of the large size of the baby, complications may occur during labour.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South West-Exeter Research Ethics Committee, 19/03/2018, ref: 18/SW/0039

Study design

Randomized; Both; Design type: Treatment, Other

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Maternal care for suspected macrosomia

Interventions

Current interventions as of 29/06/2023:

Big Baby

With the mother's consent, she would be allocated at random (telephone or computer-based

randomisation) into either an early induction of labour group, with the aim to start labour at 38 weeks, or a control group where care is as normal and onset labour is awaited to start naturally. The trialists will then look at whether, as a result of earlier birth, there were fewer instances of complications such as difficulty with the delivery of the shoulders. Follow-up is 6 months.

Big Baby 2Up

As the Big Baby Trial was getting underway, evidence emerged linking reduced cognitive, reading and language skills and slightly increased learning problems in babies born one or two weeks from full term, but it is not known whether this effect is due to those born small for gestation or also applies to big babies in the same way. In this sub-study, we will assess the cognitive and language function of babies born to women participating in The Big Baby Trial when they reach 24 months of age. This will be assessed via the PARCA-R (Parent Report of Children's Abilities-Revised) questionnaire (https://www2.le.ac.uk/partnership/parca-r/parca-rresources).

Pregnant women, their partners, midwives and obstetricians must have evidence-based information to be able to discuss and make informed decisions about the timing of birth if their baby is predicted to be above the 90th centile on the fetal growth chart and balance the risk of stillbirth, shoulder dystocia, maternal and neonatal morbidity, and babies longer-term cognitive function.

Primary research question

In babies with suspected macrosomia antenatally, does near-term delivery affect non-verbal cognition and language development, as measured by the Parent Report of Children's Ability-Revised (PARCA-R), at 24 months?

Secondary research questions

- 1. In infants with suspected macrosomia does induction at 38+0 38+4 weeks, when compared to expectant management, affect cognitive function (non-verbal cognition; language development) at 24 months?
- 2. In babies with suspected macrosomia does gestational age at the time of birth, weight centile, mode of delivery (normal vaginal delivery, assisted delivery, caesarean section (elective / emergency)) and exclusive breastfeeding predict cognitive function at 24 months?
- 3. What are the costs and health consequences of near-term delivery in macrosomic babies?

Previous interventions:

With the mother's consent, she would be allocated at random (telephone or computer-based randomisation) into either an early induction of labour group, with the aim to start labour at 38 weeks, or a control group where care is as normal and onset labour is awaited to start naturally. The trialists will then look at whether, as a result of earlier birth, there were fewer instances of complications such as difficulty with the delivery of the shoulders. Follow-up is 6 months.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measure as of 29/06/2023:

Big Baby

Incidence of shoulder dystocia, definition by the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists as, 'a vaginalcephalic delivery that requires additional obstetric manoeuvres to deliver the fetus after the head has delivered and gentle traction has failed'. Shoulder dystocia will be confirmed by a notes review, undertaken by an independent expert panel; data on

management of shoulder dystocia and its potential complications are an important performance metric for maternity units and will be recorded reliably in the notes; Timepoint(s): End of the study

Big Baby 2Up

Non-verbal cognition and language development measured using the Parent Report of Children's Ability-Revised (PARCA-R) at 24 months

Previous primary outcome measure:

Incidence of shoulder dystocia, definition by the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists as, 'a vaginalcephalic delivery that requires additional obstetric manoeuvres to deliver the fetus after the head has delivered and gentle traction has failed'. Shoulder dystocia will be confirmed by a notes review, undertaken by an independent expert panel; data on management of shoulder dystocia and its potential complications are an important performance metric for maternity units and will be recorded reliably in the notes; Timepoint(s): End of the study

Key secondary outcome(s))

Current secondary outcome measure as of 29/06/2023:

Big Baby

Fetal outcomes:

Intrapartum:

- 1. Time recorded between delivery of the head and delivery of the body
- 2. Time in labour ward
- 3. Time from commencement of active second stage of labour until fetal expulsion
- 4. Stillbirths

Neonatal:

- 1. Neonatal death
- 2. Birth weight
- 3. Gestation at birth
- 4. Apgar score at five minutes
- 5. Fractures
- 6. Brachial plexus injuries
- 7. Admission to the neonatal unit/duration of stay
- 8. Hypoxic-ischaemic encephalopathy
- 9. Use of phototherapy
- 10. Respiratory morbidity
- 11. Hypoglycaemia

Infants:

- 1. Proportion under specialist medical care at 2 months for a problem related to intra-partum experience
- 2. Maternal report of infant health concerns at 6 months
- 3. In hospital health care costs

Maternal outcomes:

Intrapartum:

- 1. Duration of hospital stay prior to delivery
- 2. Mode of delivery
- 3. Perineal tear (episiotomy or spontaneous 1st to 4th degree perineal tear)
- 4. Vaginal/cervical laceration or tear

- 5. Primary postpartum haemorrhage (≥1000ml)
- 6. Retained placenta
- 7. Death

Post-partum:

- 1. Sepsis
- 2. Fever (>38.0°c)
- 3. Duration of hospital stay after delivery
- 4. Uptake of breastfeeding
- 5. Hospital readmission within 30 days of postnatal inpatient discharge

Longer term outcomes:

Women's physical and psychological health and satisfaction with delivery:

- 1. Experience; six simple questions (SSQ) at 2 months
- 2. Duration of exclusive breastfeeding at 2 and 6 months
- 3. Health-related quality of life (EQ-5D-5L) at baseline, 2 and 6 months (appropriate licences to allow reproduction of these questionnaires will be obtained)
- 4. Edinburgh post-natal depression scale at baseline, 2 and 6 months
- 5. Impact of Events Scale at 2 months
- 7. Post-partum bonding questionnaire at 2 months
- 8. Maternal report of infant health at 2 and 6 months
- 9. Urinary incontinence ICIQ-UI short form assessed at baseline, 2 and 6 months
- 10. Sexual function at baseline and 6 months
- 11. Maternal and infant death at 6 months from HES-ONS linked mortality data. Obtain if the 6 month follow-up is not completed
- 12. Participant health resource used for economic analysis for mother and baby at 2 and 6 months

Composite outcomes:

- 1. Intra-partum birth injury: one or both of fractures or brachial plexus injury
- 2. Prematurity associated problems: one or both of use of phototherapy or respiratory support
- 3. Maternal intra-partum complications: one or more of 3rd or 4th degree perineal tear, vaginal /cervical laceration or tear, or primary postpartum haemorrhage

Big Baby 2Up

- 1. Cognitive function (non-verbal cognition; language development) measured using the Parent Report of Children's Ability-Revised (PARCA-R) at 24 months
- 2. Gestational age at the time of birth, weight centile, mode of delivery (normal vaginal delivery, assisted delivery, caesarean section (elective / emergency)) and exclusive breastfeeding as documented in patient medical records at 24 months
- 3. Cost and health consequences of near-term delivery will be measured by adapting our standardised resource use questionnaires which we have used successfully in our other trials at 24 months.

Previous secondary outcome measure:

Fetal outcomes:

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- 1. Time recorded between delivery of the head and delivery of the body
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- 1. Experience; six simple questions (SSQ) at 2 months
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Completion date

26/05/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women aged 18 years or over
- 2. Women with a fetus above 90th estimated fetal weight centile on ultrasound scan at 35+0 to 38+0 weeks gestation
- 3. Women with a cephalic presentation

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

2895

Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 14/11/2018:

- 1. Multiple pregnancy
- 2. Breech pregnancy or transverse lie presentation
- 3. Induction of labour contra-indicated
- 4. Fetus with known serious abnormality
- 5. Home birth or elective caesarean section already planned
- 6. Caesarean section or induction indicated due to health conditions such as cardiac disease or hypertensive disorders
- 7. Women taking medications and insulin therapy for diabetes or gestational diabetes; women with these conditions who are not taking medication are eligible
- 8. Current diagnosis of major psychiatric disorder which requires antipsychotic medication
- 9. Women unable to give informed consent e.g. learning or communication difficulties that prevent understanding of the information provided
- 10. Prisoners

- 11. Previous stillbirth
- 12. Previous neonatal death ≤28 days
- 13. Current intrauterine fetal death

Previous exclusion criteria:

- 1. Multiple pregnancy
- 2. Breech pregnancy or transverse lie presentation
- 3. Induction of labour contra-indicated
- 4. Fetus with known serious abnormality
- 5. Home birth or elective caesarean section already planned
- 6. Caesarean section or induction indicated due to health conditions such as cardiac disease, epilepsy, or hypertensive disorders
- 7. Women taking medications and insulin therapy for diabetes or gestational diabetes; women with these conditions who are not taking medication are eligible
- 8. Current diagnosis of major psychiatric disorder which requires antipsychotic medication
- 9. Women unable to give informed consent e.g. learning or communication difficulties that prevent understanding of the information provided
- 10. Prisoners
- 11. Previous stillbirth
- 12. Previous neonatal death

Date of first enrolment 01/05/2018

Date of final enrolment 25/11/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre
University Hospital Coventry and Warwickshire
Clifford Bridge Road
Coventry
United Kingdom
CV2 2DX

Study participating centre

Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust

Mytton Oak Road Shrewsbury United Kingdom SY3 8XQ

Study participating centre South Warwickshire NHS Foundation Trust

Lakin Road Warwick United Kingdom CV34 5BW

Study participating centre Liverpool Women's Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Crown St Liverpool United Kingdom L8 7SS

Study participating centre Heartland of England NHS Foundation Trust

Bordesley Green East Birmingham United Kingdom B9 5SS

Study participating centre George Eliot Hospital NHS Trust

College Street Nuneaton United Kingdom CV10 7DJ

Study participating centre The Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust

Rochdale Road Oldham United Kingdom OL1 2JH

Study participating centre Royal Bolton Hospital

Bolton NHS Foundation Trust Minerva Road Farnworth Bolton United Kingdom BL4 0JR

Study participating centre Calderdale Royal Hospital

Woman's Service Huddersfield Road Halifax United Kingdom HX3 0PW

Study participating centre Huddersfield Royal Infirmary

Woman's Service Acre Street Huddersfield United Kingdom HD3 3EA

Study participating centre Darlington Memorial Hospital

Hollyhurst Road Darlington United Kingdom DL3 6HX

Study participating centre University Hospital of North Durham

North Road Durham United Kingdom DH1 5TW

Study participating centre Burnley General Hospital

Casterton Avenue Burnley United Kingdom BB10 2PQ

Study participating centre Royal Blackburn Hospital

Haslingden Road Blackburn United Kingdom BB2 3HH

Study participating centre Burnley General Hospital

Woman's Health - BGH Casterton Avenue Burnley United Kingdom BB10 2PQ

Study participating centre Frimley Park Hospital

Portsmouth Road Frimley United Kingdom GU16 7UJ

Study participating centre Wexham Park Hospital

Wexham Slough United Kingdom SL2 4HL

Study participating centre Queen Charlotte's Hospital

Du Cane Road

London United Kingdom W12 0HS

Study participating centre Leeds General Infirmary

Great George Street Leeds United Kingdom LS1 3EX

Study participating centre St James's Hospital

Beckett Street Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Study participating centre St Mary's Hospital

Oxford Road Manchester United Kingdom M13 9WL

Study participating centre Leighton Hospital

Leighton Crewe United Kingdom CW1 4QJ

Study participating centre Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital

Colney Lane Colney Norwich United Kingdom NR4 7UY

Study participating centre University Hospital of North Tees

UH North Tees Obstetrics and Gynaecology Hardwick Road Stockton-On-Tees Cleveland United Kingdom TS19 8PE

Study participating centre Hinchingbrooke Hospital

Hinchingbrooke Park Huntingdon United Kingdom PE29 6NT

Study participating centre Peterborough City Hospital

Edith Cavell Campus Bretton Gate Bretton Peterborough United Kingdom PE3 9GZ

Study participating centre Salisbury District Hospital

Odstock Road Salisbury United Kingdom SP2 8BJ

Study participating centre Kings Mill Hospital

Mansfield Road Sutton-In-Ashfield United Kingdom NG17 4JL

Study participating centre

Whiston Hospital

Warrington Road Prescot United Kingdom L35 5DR

Study participating centre Worcestershire Royal Hospital

Charles Hastings Way Worcester United Kingdom WR5 1DD

Study participating centre Ormskirk & District General Hospital

Wigan Road Ormskirk United Kingdom L39 2AZ

Study participating centre The Whittington Hospital

Highgate Hill London United Kingdom N19 5NF

Study participating centre Chelsea & Westminster Hospital

369 Fulham Road London United Kingdom SW10 9NH

Study participating centre West Middlesex University Hospital

Twickenham Road Isleworth United Kingdom TW7 6AF

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother Hospital

St Peter's Road Margate United Kingdom CT9 4AN

Study participating centre The Maidstone Hospital

Hermitage Lane Maidstone United Kingdom ME16 9QQ

Study participating centre Tunbridge Wells Hospital

The Tunbridge Wells Hospital Tonbridge Road Pembury Tunbridge Wells United Kingdom TN2 4QJ

Study participating centre Sunderland Royal Hospital

Kayll Road Sunderland United Kingdom SR4 7TP

Study participating centre South Tyneside District Hospital

Harton Lane South Shields United Kingdom NE34 0PL

Study participating centre

Singleton Hospital

Sketty Lane Sketty Swansea United Kingdom SA2 8QA

Study participating centre Neath Port Talbot Hospital

Baglan Way Port Talbot United Kingdom SA12 7BX

Study participating centre Royal Gwent Hospital

Cardiff Road Newport United Kingdom NP20 2UB

Study participating centre Nevill Hall Hospital

Abergavenny United Kingdom NP7 7EG

Study participating centre York Hospital

Wigginton Road York United Kingdom YO31 8HE

Study participating centre Scarborough General Hospital

Woodlands Drive Scarborough United Kingdom YO12 6QL

Study participating centre Lister Hospital

Coreys Mill Lane Stevenage United Kingdom SG1 4AB

Study participating centre Luton & Dunstable Hospital

Lewsey Road Luton United Kingdom LU4 0DZ

Study participating centre Victoria Hospital (blackpool)

Whinney Heys Road Blackpool United Kingdom FY3 8NR

Study participating centre Hull Royal Infirmary

Anlaby Road Hull United Kingdom HU3 2JZ

Study participating centre Poole General Hospital

St Mary's Carpark Longfleet Road Poole United Kingdom BH15 2JB

Study participating centre Musgrove Park Hospital (taunton)

Musgrove Park Hospital

Taunton United Kingdom TA1 5DA

Study participating centre St Richard's Hospital

Spitalfield Lane Chichester United Kingdom PO19 6SE

Study participating centre Worthing Hospital

Lyndhurst Road Worthing United Kingdom BN11 2DH

Study participating centre Burton General Hospital

Burton Hospitals Unit New Street Burton -on-trent United Kingdom DE14 3QH

Study participating centre Wrexham Maelor Hospital

Croesnewydd Road Wrexham Technology Park Wrexham United Kingdom LL13 7TD

Study participating centre Ysbyty Glan Clwyd

Glan Clwyd Hospital Rhuddlan Road Bodelwyddan Rhyl United Kingdom LL18 5UJ

Study participating centre Ysbyty Gwynedd Hospital (yg NHS Trust)

Ysbyty Gwynedd Penrhosgarnedd Bangor United Kingdom LL57 2PW

Study participating centre Pinderfields General Hospital

Aberford Road Wakefield United Kingdom WF1 4DG

Study participating centre Cumberland Infirmary

Newtown Road Carlisle United Kingdom CA2 7HY

Study participating centre West Cumberland Hospital

Homewood Hensingham Whitehaven United Kingdom CA28 8JG

Study participating centre Warrington Hospital (site)

Warrington Hospital Lovely Lane Warrington United Kingdom WA5 1QG

Study participating centre Basildon University Hospital

Nethermayne Basildon United Kingdom SS16 5NL

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Sheriff Hill Gateshead United Kingdom NE9 6SX

Study participating centre Furness General Hospital

Dalton Lane Barrow-in-furness United Kingdom LA14 4LF

Study participating centre Royal Albert Edward Infirmary

Wigan Lane Wigan United Kingdom WN1 2NN

Study participating centre University Hospital Crosshouse

Kilmarnock Road Kilmarnock United Kingdom KA2 0BE

Study participating centre Wishaw General Hospital 50 Netherton Street

Wishaw United Kingdom ML2 0DP

Study participating centre Chesterfield Royal Hospital

Chesterfield Road Calow Chesterfield United Kingdom S44 5BL

Study participating centre St Marys Hospital

Parkhurst Road Newport United Kingdom PO30 5TG

Study participating centre Birmingham Women's Hospital

Mindelsohn Way Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2TG

Study participating centre Barnet Hospital

Wellhouse Lane Barnet United Kingdom EN5 3DJ

Study participating centre The Royal Free Hospital

Pond Street London United Kingdom NW3 2QG

Study participating centre **East Surrey Hospital**

Canada Avenue Redhill United Kingdom RH1 5RH

Study participating centre Yeovil District Hospital

Higher Kingston Yeovil United Kingdom **BA21 4AT**

Study participating centre **Royal Preston Hospital**

Sharoe Green Lane North Fulwood Preston **United Kingdom** PR2 4BR

Study participating centre Birmingham City Hospital

Dudley Road Birmingham United Kingdom B18 7QH

Study participating centre **Arrowe Park Hospital**

Arrowe Park Road Wirral United Kingdom **CH49 5PE**

Study participating centre **Hereford County Hospital**

Union Walk

Hereford United Kingdom HR1 2ER

Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales

Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

Study participating centre James Cook University Hospital

Marton Road Middlesbrough United Kingdom TS4 3BW

Study participating centre Aberdeen Maternity Hospital

Foresterhill Aberdeen United Kingdom AB25 2ZL

Study participating centre Stepping Hill Hospital

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust Poplar Grove Hazel Grove Stockport United Kingdom SK2 7JE

Study participating centre Ipswich Hospital

Heath Road Ipswich United Kingdom IP4 5PD

Study participating centre Epsom Hospital

Epsom General Hospital Dorking Road Epsom United Kingdom KT18 7EG

Study participating centre St Helier Hospital

Wrythe Lane Carshalton United Kingdom SM5 1AA

Study participating centre Scunthorpe General Hospital

Cliff Gardens Scunthorpe United Kingdom DN15 7BH

Study participating centre Goole & District Hospital

Woodland Avenue Goole United Kingdom DN14 6RX

Study participating centre Countess of Chester Hospital

Countess of Chester Health Park Liverpool Road Chester United Kingdom CH2 1UL

Study participating centre

Milton Keynes General Hospital

Milton Keynes Hospital Standing Way Eaglestone Milton Keynes United Kingdom MK6 5LD

Study participating centre **Dorset County Hospital**

Williams Avenue Dorchester United Kingdom DT1 2JY

Study participating centre Kettering General Hospital

Rothwell Road Kettering United Kingdom **NN16 8UZ**

Study participating centre North Tyneside General Hospital

Rake Lane North Shields United Kingdom **NE29 8NH**

Study participating centre Northumbria Specialist Emergency Care Hospital

Northumbria Way Cramlington United Kingdom NE23 6NZ

Study participating centre Wansbeck Hospital

Woodhorn Lane

Ashington United Kingdom NE63 9JJ

Study participating centre James Paget University Hospital

Lowestoft Road Gorleston Great Yarmouth United Kingdom NR31 6LA

Study participating centre The Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Gayton Road King's Lynn United Kingdom PE30 4ET

Study participating centre Manor Hospital

Moat Road Walsall United Kingdom WS2 9PS

Study participating centre Prince Charles Hospital

Merthyr/cynon Unit Merthyr Tydfil United Kingdom CF47 9DT

Study participating centre Princess of Wales Hospital

Coity Road Bridgend Bridgend County Borough United Kingdom CF31 1RQ

Study participating centre Watford General Hospital

60 Vicarage Road Watford United Kingdom WD18 0HB

Study participating centre West Suffolk Hospital

Hardwick Lane Bury St. Edmunds United Kingdom IP33 2QZ

Study participating centre Royal Cornwall Hospital (treliske)

Treliske Truro United Kingdom TR1 3LJ

Study participating centre Whipps Cross University Hospital

Whipps Cross Road Leytonstone London United Kingdom E11 1NR

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire NHS Trust

ROR

https://ror.org/025n38288

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health and Care Research

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Cost-effectiveness	01/05/2025	02/05/2025 Yes	No
Results article	Primary results publication	01/05/2025	08/05/2025 Yes	No
Protocol article		11/11/2022	14/11/2022 Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023 No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes
Protocol file	version 15.1	05/11/2024	09/05/2025 No	No
Statistical Analysis Plan	version 4.0	10/02/2023	23/06/2023 No	No
Statistical Analysis Plan	Health Economics Analysis Plan version 1.0	05/12/2022	09/05/2025 No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes