Perioperative respiratory therapy hierarchical management in enhanced recovery after surgery

Submission date 12/05/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
16/05/2025	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited 27/05/2025	Condition category Surgery	[] Individual participant data
		[X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study focuses on improving recovery after surgery, especially for patients having chest or upper abdominal operations. After surgery, some patients develop breathing problems like lung infections or difficulty getting enough oxygen, which can slow recovery and increase hospital stays. The study tests a new approach called "graded respiratory care management," which includes breathing exercises before surgery, special lung-protecting techniques during surgery and guided breathing exercises after surgery. This study aims to see if this approach helps patients recover faster, reduces breathing problems, and shortens hospital stays.

Who can participate? Adults (18 years or older) scheduled for chest or upper abdominal surgery can join.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly divided into two groups:

1. Standard care group: Receives usual medical treatment.

2. Graded respiratory care group: Receives extra breathing exercises before surgery, lungprotecting techniques during surgery, and guided exercises after surgery.

Doctors will check lung function (using simple breathing tests), blood oxygen levels, and track recovery progress.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Possible benefits:

- Better lung recovery after surgery.

- Lower chance of breathing problems.
- Possibly shorter hospital stay.

Possible risks:

- Breathing exercises may feel tiring.
- Minor discomfort from tests (e.g., blood draws).
- No extra physical harm—all methods are safe and proven.

Where is the study run from?

The Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital, School of Medicine, Zhejiang University, China

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2022 to June 2025

Who is funding the study? This study receives no external funding.

Who is the main contact? Dr. Ge Huiqing, Gehq@zju.edu.cn

Contact information

Type(s) Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers 2022021530

Study information

Scientific Title

Respiratory stratification for periorperative optimization in enhanced recovery after surgery: a multicenter study

Acronym RESPRO-ERAS

Study objectives Graded perioperative respiratory management reduces length of stay

Ethics approval required Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 15/02/2022, Ethics Committee of Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital Zhejiang University School of Medicine (3 East Qinchun Rd, Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital, Hangzhou, 310016, China; +86 571 86006811; 594961420@qq.com), ref: 20250323

Study design Multicenter interventional randomized controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet Not available in web format, please use contact detail to request a participant information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Recovery after surgery

Interventions

Participants are randomized using a simple randomization method at the time of recruitment into an intervention group and a control group.

Four aspects of the patient's condition were assessed: aerosol therapy, bronchial hygiene, lung expansion, and aerobic exercise.

-Control Group Guided deep breathing exercises, to achieve the pre-operative assessment's FVC (forced vital capacity)

-Experimental Group 1. Aerosol Therapy AT Score 0-2: Continue previous treatment Score 3-4: Bronchodilator inhalation (Salbutamol 2.5 mg, three times daily) Score 5-6: Bronchodilator inhalation (Salbutamol 2.5 mg + Ipratropium Bromide 0.5 mg, three times daily) Score >7: Bronchodilator inhalation (Salbutamol 2.5 mg + Ipratropium Bromide 0.5 mg, three times daily) + combination therapy, three times daily

2. Bronchial Hygiene (BH) Score 0-2: Deep breathing, 3-5 times per hour Score 3-4: Coughing guidance 3-5 times per hour + Flutter 3-5 times per hour for 6-8 hours Score 5-6: Metaneb or High Frequency Chest Wall Oscillation twice daily Score >7: Same as 5-6, with possible bronchoscopy if necessary 3. Lung Expansion (LE) Score 3-4: Inhalation device (IS) 5-10 times per hour for 6-8 hours Score >5: If ineffective, PEP (Positive Expiratory Pressure) with a three-ball resistance device, set to maximum resistance FVC < 15 ml/kg: Non-invasive ventilation 12/6 cmH2O for 2 hours twice daily

4. Aerobic Exercise (AE) Daily walking distance and time: 6-minute walk distance / 6 * 20 minutes * 0.8 meter

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure Length of stay measured using data collected from the hospital record at one time point

Secondary outcome measures

Maximum Inspiratory Pressure and Forced Vital Capacity, measured using pulmonary function testing, post-operatively at day 2

Overall study start date 01/01/2022

Completion date 30/06/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria 1. Peri-operative patient 2. Age over 18 years old

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Mixed

Lower age limit 18 Years

Upper age limit 100 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants 1000

Key exclusion criteria

Age less than 18 years old
 Pregnant
 Neuromuscular disease
 Other systemic diseases induced ineligibility for surgery
 Impaired cognitive functions
 Refuse to enroll

Date of first enrolment

15/02/2022

Date of final enrolment 05/06/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital, Zhejiang University, School of Medicine 3 East Qinchun Rd, Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital Hangzhou China 310016

Study participating centre Yongkang First People's Hospital No. 599, Jinshan West Road Yongkang China 321399

Study participating centre Shaoxing People's Hospital No. 123, Baiyutan Road, Yuecheng District Shaoxing China 312035

Study participating centre Wuyi County First People's Hospital No. 1, Wanlongcheng South Gate Street, Shuxi Subdistrict Jinhua China 321299

Study participating centre

Zhejiang Putuo Hospital No. 19, Wenkang Street, Donggang Subdistrict, Putuo District Zhoushan China 316199

Study participating centre Lanxi People's Hospital No. 896, Huancheng West Road Lanxi China 321102

Study participating centre Jiaxing First Hospital No. 1882, Zhonghuan South Road Jiaxing China 314001

Study participating centre Ningbo Yinzhou No. 2 Hospital No. 998, Qianhe North Road Ningbo China 315192

Study participating centre The First Affiliated Hospital of Wenzhou Medical University No. 2, Fuxue Lane Wenzhou China 325000

Study participating centre

Ningbo No. 1 Hospital

No. 59, Liuting Street Ningbo China 315010

Study participating centre Taizhou Hospital 150, Ximen Street

Linhai China 318000

Sponsor information

Organisation Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital

Sponsor details 3 East Qinchun Rd Hangzhou China 310016 +86 0571-86090073 srrsh@zju.edu.cn

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.srrsh.com/

ROR https://ror.org/00ka6rp58

Funder(s)

Funder type Other

Funder Name Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Planned publication in peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date 30/09/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available