A phase II study of Gemcitabine and Bexarotene (GemBex) in the treatment of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
31/03/2010	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
31/03/2010	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
26/10/2018	Cancer	

Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-looking-at-gemcitabine-and-bexarotene-for-people-with-t-cell-lymphoma-of-the-skin

Study website

http://www.ctc.ucl.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Ms Bilyana Popova

Contact details

Cancer Research UK & UCL Trials Centre 90 Tottenham Court Road London United Kingdom W1T 4TJ

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

2006-000591-33

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

1756

Study information

Scientific Title

A phase II, multicentre, non-randomised, open-label, single arm trial of the efficacy of Gemcitabine and Bexarotene in patients who have developed progressive cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL)

Acronym

GemBex

Study objectives

This is a phase II, multicentre, non-randomised, open-label, single arm trial of Gemcitabine and Bexarotene for the treatment of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) in patients who have developed progressive disease after receiving, or have been refractory to, standard skin-directed therapy and at least one prior systemic therapy. The study aims to to evaluate the efficacy of Gemcitabine and Bexarotene as a combination therapy in patients with CTCL in terms of the rate of objective disease response and its duration, and to determine whether the combination has sufficient biological activity in CTCL to warrant more extensive investigation. This is a "two stage" study where 35 patients will be treated initially and if the response criteria are met, further 49 to a total of 84 patients will be treated on the study.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Leeds (East) Research Ethics Committee, 10/05/2006, ref: 06/Q1206/65

Study design

Non-randomised multicentre interventional and observational treatment validation of investigation/therapeutic process

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Lymphoma; Disease: Lymphoma (non-Hodgkin's)

Interventions

Prophylactic fenofibrate; patients start prophylactic Fenofibrate 160 - 200 mg daily 7 days before chemotherapy. Initial chemotherapy: 4 x 21 day cycles:

Gemcitabine 1000 mg/m^2 intravenous (iv) days 1 and 8

Bexarotene 300 mg/m² orally (po) daily*

* Bexarotene given at a reduced dose of 150 mg/m² for weeks 1 and 2 of cycle 1 and, if tolerated, increased to 300 mg/m² as per British Dermatology Society guidelines

In patients responding after 4 cycles of Gemcitabine + Bexarotene: Bexarotene maintenance 300 mg/m² daily until disease progression or patient

Study Entry: Registration only

Details: As this is a single arm study, all patients registered will recieve the same treatment.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Gemcitabine and Bexarotene (GemBex), Fenofibrate

Primary outcome measure

To confirm the feasibility and efficacy of the combination of Gemcitabine and Bexarotene in patients, assessed during time from treatment start to progression

Secondary outcome measures

Assessed during time from treatment start to progression:

- 1. To evaluate the rate of objective disease control
- 2. To evaluate the duration and durability

Overall study start date

29/07/2008

Completion date

31/07/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Males or non-pregnant females aged greater than 18 years
- 2. Histologically confirmed diagnosis of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), including mycosis

fungoides and Sézary syndrome

- 3. Stage Ib, IIa, IIb, III, IVa and IVb disease
- 4. Patients who have failed standard skin-directed therapy and have had at least 1 course of prior systemic therapy, such as interferon, chemotherapy, Denileukin diftitox (Ontak®) which they have either failed to respond to or have subsequently progressed
- 5. Anticipated life expectancy greater than six months
- 6. Written informed consent to participate in the study. vii.Bexarotene naive or previous response to single-agent bexarotene, but more than 3 months since last treatment with bexarotene

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 84; UK Sample Size: 84

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) Performance Status greater than 1
- 2. Patients who have not received at least 1 course of prior systemic therapy for CTCL
- 3. CD30 + (Ki1+ve) anaplastic large cell lymphoma
- 4. Patients who have failed previous treatment with Bexarotene (Targretin®)
- 5. Patients who have previously experienced a severe adverse reaction to Bexarotene
- 6. Concomitant use of any anti-cancer therapy
- 7. Concomitant use of any investigational agent
- 8. Use of any investigational agent within 4 weeks of study entry
- 9. Clinically significant active infection
- 10. Known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B, or hepatitis C
- 11. Excessive alcohol consumption
- 12. Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus
- 13. Biliary tract disease
- 14. History of pancreatitis
- 15. Concomitant drug therapy with other medications that can elevate triglycerides or cause pancreatic toxicity e.g. Gemfibrozil
- 16. Inadequate bone marrow or other organ function, as evidenced by: Unsupported haemoglobin less than 9.0 g/dL (transfusions and/or erythropoietin are permitted); Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) = 1.5×10^9 /L; Platelet count less than 100×10^9 /L
- 17. Total bilirubin greater than 1.25 x upper limit of normal (ULN) for institution, aspartate transaminase/glutamic oxaloacetic transaminase (AST/SGOT) and alanine transaminase/glutamic pyruvic transaminase (ALT/SGPT) greater than 2.0 x ULN, serum creatinine greater than 2 x ULN for age and sex
- 18. Coexistent second malignancy or history of prior malignancy within previous 5 years (excluding basal or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin or cervical epithelial neoplasm [CIN1,

carcinoma in situ] that has been treated curatively)

- 19. Any significant medical or psychiatric condition that might prevent the patient from complying with all study procedures
- 20. Patients who are pregnant or breast-feeding (all women of child bearing potential must use the contraceptive pill or intrauterine contraceptive device (IUCD) during the treatment period and for at least 1 month thereafter). Male patients must use a barrier method of contraception during the treatment period and for at least 1 month thereafter.
- 21. Any treatment for lymphoma, including photopheresis, within the 4 weeks prior to entering the study. For patients receiving long-term corticosteroid therapy, the dose should ideally be stopped and if this is not feasible reduced to as low as possible. If steroids cannot be stopped, patients who have been on stable doses less than or equal to 20 mg for at least 3 months can be entered into the study. Local radiotherapy to isolated symptomatic tumour nodules requiring immediate treatment may be given until 2 weeks prior to entering the study.

 22. Warfarin

Date of first enrolment 29/07/2008

Date of final enrolment 31/07/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Cancer Research UK & UCL Trials Centre
London
United Kingdom
W1T 4TJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University College London (UCL) (UK)

Sponsor details

Gower Street London England United Kingdom WC1F 6BT

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK) (ref: C431/A6857)

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?
Plain English results No Yes

Results article results 12/11/2

12/11/2013

Yes

No