Effects of bimatoprost and latanoprost on ocular hemodynamics in normal tension glaucoma: a randomised trial

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 09/03/2005 No longer recruiting [] Protocol Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 21/03/2005 Completed [X] Results Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 18/02/2008 **Eve Diseases**

Plain English summary of protocolNot provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 1723427327/3

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

It is hypothesised that locally applied prostaglandins improve ocular haemodynamics in normal tension glaucoma patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The study was performed in accordance to institutional, national, and international guidelines and was approved by the local ethics committee.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Normal tension glaucoma

Interventions

Administration of latanoprost or bimatoprost eye drops.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Bimatoprost, latanoprost

Primary outcome(s)

Ocular perfusion is assessed by Doppler imaging. Primary endpoints are the peak systolic velocity (PSV) and end-diastolic velocity (EDV) in the short posterior ciliary artery.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Secondary endpoints are:

- 1. The PSV and EDV in:
- 1.1. The long posterior ciliary artery,
- 1.2. The central retinal artery, and
- 1.3. The ophthalmic artery
- 2. Resistivity index, pulsatility index and time average velocity (maximum and mean) in all four vessels
- 3. Intraocular pressure

Completion date

31/12/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Progressive normal tension glaucoma patients. Progression was defined as progressive excavation of the optic disc (funduscopic and controlled by the Heidelberg retina tomography [HRT]) and/or progressive visual field loss in the Humphrey perimeter over the last 6 - 12 months.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Αll

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Treated open angle glaucoma
- 2. Intraocular pressure greater than 21
- 3. Non-compliance

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2003

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre

Martinistr. 52 Hamburg Germany 20246

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Medical Center Hamburg-Eppendorf (Germany)

ROR

https://ror.org/01zgy1s35

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University Medical Center Hamburg-Eppendorf (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	05/04/2005		Yes	No