# Does ethnicity affect our bodys response to passive physical activity?

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
04/09/2014	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
20/10/2014	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
20/10/2014	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims:

The modern sedentary lifestyle has long been blamed as a major contributor to the present obesity epidemic. Recently, sitting down for long periods has been linked to cardiovascular disease, type 2 diabetes, and all-cause mortality, and new studies have suggested that reducing sitting time to less than 3 h per day may increase life expectancy by 2 years. So the search is on for effective methods to reduce the amount of time people sit down and increase the amount of energy we burn to try to prevent and treat these health issues. Intense exercise has been well studied, but it isnt always possible or practical in a real world situation. Passive exercise requires no voluntary effort that is, a device or an assistant (for example, a nurse) exerts force or causes the body to move; it is therefore of immense interest in individuals with reduced mobility. However, we still dont really understand how our bodies (especially our hearts and muscles) respond to this type of physical activity, and whether or not some people respond differently to others. So the aim of this study is to investigate if and how people differ in response to passive physical activity (whole body vibration and passive standing using a tilting table), and to determine the extent to which a persons ethnic background influences this response.

#### Who can participate?

Healthy men and women aged between 20-40 years.

#### What does the study involve?

We measure the energy expenditure (the amount of energy burned) by participants before, during and after two passive physical activities whole body vibration and passive standing using a clinical tilting table. This is done by measuring O2 and CO2 in the air that they breathe out. We also measure their heart rate and breathing with a wireless monitor strapped to their chest, and the activity of some of their muscles with small sensors stuck to their skin. All of these measurements are made once while they have fasted (having not eaten anything for 12 hours before the test), and repeated after they have eaten a small meal. Each participant is interviewed about their lifestyle in regards to diet and physical activity, and their body composition measured (height, weight, fat mass and muscle mass). To measure their normal, daily physical activity and body temperature, each participant is also given a wireless monitor which straps to their chest to wear continuously for one week.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There will be no direct benefit to participants from taking part in the study. However, the study will enable us to answer some questions about how the body responds to passive physical activity and what factors might determine how an individual will respond. In most healthy persons there should be no disadvantages or risks in taking part in this study. However, possible side effects do include feeling dizzy or lightheaded during the tilting table test, or neck/back pain during the whole body vibration.

Where is the study run?
Department of Medicine, University of Fribourg (Switzerland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2013 to January 2019

Who is funding the study?

Department of Medicine, University of Fribourg (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact? Professor Abdul Dulloo abdul.dulloo@unifr.ch

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Abdul Dulloo

#### Contact details

Department of Medicine (Physiology) University of Fribourg Chemin du Musée 5 Fribourg Switzerland 1700

### Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Variability in the metabolic and cardiovascular effect of passive physical activity; influence of ethnicity

#### Study objectives

The main aim of this study is to investigate the how and why individuals differ in their metabolic and cardiovascular response to passive physical activity (whole body vibration, and passive standing using a clinical tilting table).

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Cantonal Ethics Committee approval (025/13-CER-FR), 13/02/2014, ref. 025/13-CER-FR

#### Study design

Single centre randomized interventional study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Other

#### Study type(s)

Screening

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Passive physical activity

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Whole Body Vibration. The participant will stand on a vibrating platform. Vibrations will be intermittent, with 10 vibration periods of 30 seconds separated by equal non-vibration periods. The participant will be instructed to hold a hand-rail and semi-flex the knees to prevent transmission of vibrations to the upper body (above the waist).
- 2. Passive Standing. The participant will lie on a clinical tilting table, which will be slowly inclined in blocks of 20° (resting for 16 minutes at each level of incline) to a maximum of angle of 80 degrees to simulate the standing posture, but with little muscular effort being needed from the subject as their weight is supported by the tilting-table itself.

Each protocol will be conducted twice once when the participant is fasted and once after they have eaten a small standardized meal.

#### Intervention Type

#### Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

Energy expenditure will be measured by indirect calorimetry before, during, and after each intervention

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Cardiovascular response (heart rate and blood pressure) and EMG activity will be measured by continuous physiological monitoring before, during and after whole body vibration
- 2. Body composition will be measured at the start the study
- 3. Dietary and lifestyle information will be collected by questionnaire
- 4. Body temperature and habitual physical activity will be measured by wireless physiological monitoring over a period of one week
- 5. The interaction between each intervention and food will be measured (the protocol will be conducted once in the fasted state, and once after participants have ingested a small, standardized meal)

#### Overall study start date

01/08/2013

#### Completion date

01/01/2019

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. 20 40 years old
- 2. Healthy as determined by medical history
- 3. European, Asian, African, or Indian ethnicity.
- 4. Signed consent given

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

90

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnancy
- 2. History of eating disorders
- 3. History of metabolic diseases (e.g. diabetes)

- 4. History of cardiovascular disease
- 5. History of neurological or psychiatric disorders
- 6. History of gastro-intestinal disorders
- 7. Any other condition that might impair the subjects ability to participate in the study

#### Date of first enrolment

01/08/2013

#### Date of final enrolment

01/01/2019

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Switzerland

# Study participating centre Department of Medicine (Physiology)

Fribourg Switzerland 1700

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Department of Medicine (Physiology), University of Fribourg (Switzerland)

#### Sponsor details

c/o Professor Jean-Pierre Montani Chemin du Musée 5 Fribourg Switzerland 1700

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/022fs9h90

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

#### University/education

#### Funder Name

Department of Medicine, University of Fribourg (Switzerland)

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration