The effect of whole body vibration therapy on older people

Submission date 12/05/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date 12/05/2010	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan
		[X] Results
Last Edited 17/09/2012	Condition category Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

5370

Study information

Scientific Title

The effect of whole body vibration therapy on older people: a single centre randomised intervention trial

Study objectives

Exercise based programmes reduce the risk of falling and can improve quality of life for older people, but they are unlikely to increase bone strength. Although muscles become weaker with ageing, strengthening exercises are effective in all age groups but require a sustained effort over long periods of time. Many people, irrespective of age, do not enjoy exercise and also the type of exercise necessary to increase muscle and bone strength is difficult for the more frail to perform.

Whole body vibration (WBV) has been reported to increase muscle strength and power, bone mineral density, balance and speed of movement all factors affecting the risk of both falling and sustaining a subsequent injury. The literature suggests that it is more effective for older and frail people than young highly trained ones. As relatively little effort is required for short periods the technique has real potential for improving the physical status of older people.

We have therefore incorporated WBV exercise into a strength and balance exercise class run for older individuals who have had multiple falls. This randomised controlled trial is conducted over 8 weeks with measures of strength, balance, bone strength and health related quality of life being made at the start of the class, 4 weeks and at the end of the class. In addition a number of subjects will have a 6-month follow up.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

St Thomas' Hospital Research Ethics Committee approved on the 9th June 2008 (ref: 08/H0802/65)

Study design

Single centre randomised interventional trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Generic Health Relevance and Cross Cutting Themes; Subtopic: Generic Health Relevance (all Subtopics); Disease: Age and ageing

Interventions

Intervention group: performing WBV for 5 mins at the end of the exercise class at a frequency of 15 - 30 Hz and amplitude of 1 - 4 mm Control group: exercise class only

The exercise class runs 3 x per week for 8 weeks. The WBV group perform an additional 5 minutes of WBV at the end of each class. A follow up is performed 6 months after completion of the class.

Study entry: single randomisation only.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Physiological Profile Assessment, measured before and immediately upon completion of the exercise class

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Six-metre walk test, measured at baseline, 4 and 8 weeks
- 2. Berg Balance Scale, measured at baseline, 4 and 8 weeks
- 3. Blood Analysis for markers of bone turnover, measured at baseline and 8 weeks
- 4. Falls Efficacy Scale International (FES-I), measured at baseline and 8 weeks
- 5. 12-item short form health survey (SF12) version 2, measured at baseline and 8 weeks
- 6. Timed Up and Go Test, measured at baseline, 4weeks and 8 weeks

Completion date

30/05/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Men and women of all ages
- 2. Having had one or more falls
- 3. Attending the strength and balance group run in the Older Person Assessment Unit at Guy's Hospital

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Artificial joints
- 2. Mini-mental state examination (MSSE) less than 20

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2007

Date of final enrolment

30/05/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre King's College London London United Kingdom WC2R 2LS

Sponsor information

Organisation

Kings College London (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/0220mzb33

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Research into Ageing (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type

Details results

Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Results article 01/10/2012 Yes No

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No Yes