# Participation in colorectal cancer screening among asymptomatic average-risk Chinese aged 50 to 75: A population-based survey

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
21/08/2019	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
23/08/2019	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
04/01/2023	Cancer	

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Colorectal cancer is the first and second most common cancer among male and female respectively in Hong Kong. In September 2016, the Department of Health launched a three-year voluntary colorectal cancer screening pilot programme in Hong Kong and subsidised eligible Hong Kong Chinese to undergo fecal immunochemical tests (FIT). Despite the success of the programme in the detection of adenoma and adenocarcinoma (cancer), the overall screening participation rate in the programme was only 8.3%. The decision on whether to go for a test or not could be related to a few reasons or factors that influence individuals' behaviours. In 2019, the implementation of Government-subsidised colorectal cancer screening programme to Hong Kong Chinese has been regularized and whether such subsidies will change people's intention and their final decision on whether to participate in the screening or not still remain unknown. In order to inform further health-promoting intervention and enhance the screening uptake, it is necessary to understand the participation of colorectal cancer screening among asymptomatic Chinese and the associated factors.

Aim of the study: To assess the colorectal cancer screening participation among the asymptomatic average-risk population of HK Chinese aged 50 to 75 and to identify the association between predisposing, enabling and need factors, personal health practice and colorectal cancer screening participation.

Who can participate?

Hong Kong Chinese aged 50 to 75 years with no history of colorectal cancer

What does the study involve?

Participants will take part in a telephone survey regarding their general health

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study finding may help to improve understanding of the influence of individual and community factors on Hong Kong Chinese in the use of colorectal cancer screening. The findings may also inform the revision of current promoting strategies and intervention to increase and enhance colorectal cancer screening uptake. There are no risks.

Where is the study run from? Faculty of Medicine, The Chinese University of Hong Kong

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2019 to June 2020

Who is funding the study? Faculty of Medicine, The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Who is the main contact? Dr Dorothy Chan dorothycns@cuhk.edu.hk

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

Dr Dorothy Chan

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## Additional identifiers

## **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

**IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

2019.396

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Participation in colorectal cancer screening among asymptomatic average-risk Chinese aged 50 to 75: A population-based survey

#### **Study objectives**

To explore the factors associated with colorectal cancer screening behavior

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/08/2019, Ethics committee of the Joint Chinese University of Hong Kong - New Territories East Cluster (8/F, Lui Che Woo Clinical Sciences Building, Prince of Wales Hospital, Shatin, Hong Kong SAR, NT, China; +852 2144 5926), ref: 2019.396

#### Study design

Cross-sectional study

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

#### Study setting(s)

Community

## Study type(s)

Screening

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Colorectal cancer

#### **Interventions**

Participants will be recruited via telephone using random sampling. A random digit dialling approach will be used to ensure that households in different districts and individuals have an equal opportunity to be contacted. Any respondent meeting the inclusion criteria will be invited to join the study. For any household with more than one respondent, the respondent with the birthday closest to the interview date will be invited to join. When a number cannot be reached at the first attempt, at least two more attempts will be made at different times on various days of the week.

The study will involve a structured survey guided by the Andersen Behavioral Model in data collection. The survey consists of five sections, namely:

- 1. Socio-demographic data (predisposing and enabling factors)
- 2. Perceived and evaluated health status
- 3. Personal health practice

- 4. Screening intention and participation
- 5. Health beliefs

(Chinese version of the survey will be used in the study)

Data will be summarized and presented using appropriate descriptive statistics. Normality of continuous variables will be assessed using skewness and kurtosis statistics and graphically by normal probability plot. Appropriate transformations will be made on skewed variables to correct their skewness before being entered statistical analyses. The primary outcome variables of the study are uptakes of a colorectal cancer screening, namely FOBT and colonoscopy. Logistic regression will be used to examine influencing factors associated with each of the outcomes. Univariate analysis of each of the potential influencing factors associated with each of the outcomes will be performed using binary logistic regression. Those factors with p < 0.25 will be selected as candidate independent variables for multivariable logistic regression to delineate factors independently associated with each outcome. Subgroup analysis will also be done to reveal any difference between male and female participants. The goodness-of-fit of the final multivariable logistic regression models for each outcome will be assessed by Hosmer-Lemeshow test, the results of the model will be presented by the odds ratios (OR) and their associated 95% confidence intervals (CI) of the factors retained in the model.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Fecal occult blood test uptake and colonoscopy uptake assessed by medical history interview at baseline.

## Secondary outcome measures

Intention to have fecal occult blood test assessed by interview at baseline

#### Overall study start date

22/02/2019

#### Completion date

30/12/2020

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Hong Kong Chinese aged 50 to 75 years
- 2. Absence of symptoms suggestive of colorectal cancer, such as a change in bowel habits in the past month, melena, weight loss of more than 5 kilograms in the past six months
- 3. No history of colorectal cancer
- 4. Able to understand or communicate in Cantonese

#### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

1316

#### Total final enrolment

1317

#### Key exclusion criteria

1. Hearing impairment

#### Date of first enrolment

26/08/2019

#### Date of final enrolment

30/04/2020

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

China

Hong Kong

# Study participating centre

The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Rm 812, 8/F
Esther Lee Building
The Chinese University of Hong Kong
Shatin, NT
Hong Kong
China
NT

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

The Nethersole School of Nursing

## Sponsor details

The Chinese University of Hong Kong Shatin Hong Kong China NT 39438174 nursing@cuhk.edu.hk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00t33hh48

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

Faculty of Medicine, The Chinese University of Hong Kong

## **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Produce 2 manuscripts in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal and present in 3 international conferences

## Intention to publish date

30/06/2021

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

## IPD sharing plan summary

Other

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		20/06/2022	04/01/2023	Yes	No