

How can rehospitalisations of patients with schizophrenia be avoided? A comparison between different compliance programs

Submission date 02/11/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 14/02/2007	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 01/02/2019	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)
NCT00514423

Protocol serial number
01GL0509

Study information

Scientific Title

How can rehospitalisations of patients with schizophrenia be avoided? A comparison between different compliance programs

Study objectives

Participation in one of the three interventions (psychoeducation by professionals, psychoeducation by peer-moderators or video-education) can reduce the rehospitalisation rate of schizophrenic patients compared to a control group.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approval received from the local ethics committee on the 10th February 2006 (ref: 1468/06).

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder

Interventions

1. Psychoeducation by professionals
2. Psychoeducation by peer-moderators
3. Video-education

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Rehospitalisation rate

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Rehospitalisation days
2. Resulting costs per patient
3. Cost-benefit-analysis of the different interventions
4. Compliance
5. Compliance self-assessment (Medication Adherence Rating Scale [MARS]/Drug Attitude Inventory [DAI])
6. Knowledge of illness
7. Attitude towards illness

- 8. Quality of life (World Health Organisation Quality Of Life [WHOQOL]-BREF)
- 9. Satisfaction questionnaire (ZUF-8)
- 10. Duration of consultation time
- 11. Dealing with mental illness (Mantonakis, Family Member Questionnaire [FMQ], Beck Depression Inventory [BDI])

Completion date

31/12/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder (International Classification of Diseases [ICD-10])
- 2. Age 18 to 67 years
- 3. Hospitalised or treated in a day care clinic

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

67 years

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. More than 12 months of hospitalisation within the last two years
- 2. Substance-dependency (principal diagnosis)
- 3. Mental retardation ICD-10 Chapter F70-79
- 4. Fluency of German language not given

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2006

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre
Technical University Munich
Muenchen
Germany
81675

Sponsor information

Organisation
Technical University Munich (Germany)

ROR
<https://ror.org/02kkvpp62>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung [BMBF]) (Germany) (grant ref: 01GL0509)

Alternative Name(s)
Federal Ministry of Research, Technology and Space, Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung, Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

Funding Body Type
Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype
National government

Location
Germany

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration